

## EAST Search History

Ref #	Hits	Search Query	DBs	Default Operator	Plurals	Time Stamp
S1	836	"562/450".CCLS.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	ON	2007/05/02 12:36
S2	295	S1 and @ad<="20020311"	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2007/05/02 17:08
S3	44	((PAUL) near2 (SUTTON)).INV.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	ON	2007/05/02 12:37
S4	10	((RICHARD) near2 (VIVILECCHIA)).INV.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	ON	2007/05/02 12:38
S5	366	((DAVID) near2 (PARKER)).INV.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	ON	2007/05/02 12:38
S6	1	((MARILYN) near2 ("DE LA CRUZ")).INV.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	ON	2007/05/02 12:38
S7	1	("5463116").PN.	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	OFF	2007/05/02 12:48
S8	0	EP-0526171-\$.did.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2007/05/02 12:48
S9	2	EP-526171-\$.did.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2007/05/02 12:51
S10	0	WO-0126639-\$.did.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2007/05/02 12:49
S11	1	WO-200126639-\$.did.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2007/05/02 13:14
S12	1	("4816484").PN.	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	OFF	2007/05/02 12:51
S13	0	EP-0196222-\$.did.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2007/05/02 12:51

## EAST Search History

S14	1	EP-196222-\$.did.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2007/05/02 12:51
S16	987	(562/444,445).CCLS.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2007/05/02 13:15
S17	585	S16 and @ad<="20020311"	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2007/05/02 13:22
S18	29	nateglinide.clm. and @ad<="20020311"	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2007/05/02 13:32
S19	3	("6559188").URPN.	USPAT	OR	ON	2007/05/02 13:25
S20	0	("6878749").URPN.	USPAT	OR	ON	2007/05/02 13:28
S21	0	("6949555").URPN.	USPAT	OR	ON	2007/05/02 13:29
S22	262	nateglinide.clm. or repaglinide. clm. and @ad<="20020311"	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2007/05/02 13:30
S23	0	"nateglinide.clm. or repaglinide. clm." and @ad<="20020311"	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2007/05/02 13:31
S24	0	"salts of nateglinide.clm." and @ad<="20020311"	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2007/05/02 13:31
S25	0	"salts of nateglinide"	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2007/05/02 13:31
S26	0	"salt of nateglinide"	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2007/05/02 14:32
S27	46	salt adj5 nateglinide	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2007/05/02 13:32
S28	5	S27 and @ad<="20020311"	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2007/05/02 14:33
S29	3	("2001/0016586").URPN.	USPAT	OR	ON	2007/05/02 13:33

## EAST Search History

S30	0	("2006/0004102").URPN.	USPAT	OR	ON	2007/05/02 14:12
S31	0	("2007/0043117").URPN.	USPAT	OR	ON	2007/05/02 14:31
S32	358	nateglinide adj5 repaglinide	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2007/05/02 14:33
S33	45	S32 and @ad<="20020311"	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2007/05/02 14:51
S34	0	WO-03076393-\$.did.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2007/05/02 14:51
S35	1	WO-2003076393-\$.did.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2007/05/02 14:51
S36	1462	"514/563".CCLS.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	ON	2007/05/02 17:05
S37	836	"562/450".CCLS.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	ON	2007/05/02 17:06
S38	617	"514/62".CCLS.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	ON	2007/05/02 17:07
S39	512	"536/55.3".CCLS.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	ON	2007/05/02 17:08
S40	792	S36 and @ad<="20020311"	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2007/05/02 17:08
S41	295	S37 and @ad<="20020311"	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2007/05/02 17:09
S42	359	S38 and @ad<="20020311"	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2007/05/02 17:09
S43	320	S39 and @ad<="20020311"	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	ON	2007/05/02 17:09

10/507255 SALTS OF NATEGLINIDE -str\_regno\_text -Search

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 17:49:04 ON 02 MAY 2007)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 17:49:18 ON 02 MAY 2007

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

L2 5 S L1 SSS SAM

L3 82 S L1 SSS FULL

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 17:50:19 ON 02 MAY 2007

L4 44 S L3/P

L5 14 S SALT? AND L4

E US20050234129/PRN,PN,AN

E US200500234129/PRN,PN,AN

E NATEGLINIDE+ALL/CT

L6 0 S SALT? (W) NATEGLINIDE

L7 1 S "NATEGLINIDE SALT?"

E US2005234129/PRN,PN,AN

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 18:00:24 ON 02 MAY 2007

L8 0 S 105816-04-4/RN OR 592523-31-4/RN OR 592523-32-5/RN OR 592524

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 18:04:27 ON 02 MAY 2007

L9 9 S 105816-04-4/RN OR 592523-31-4/RN OR 592523-32-5/RN OR 592524

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 18:06:38 ON 02 MAY 2007

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 18:07:36 ON 02 MAY 2007

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 18:08:42 ON 02 MAY 2007

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 18:14:39 ON 02 MAY 2007

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 18:14:56 ON 02 MAY 2007

L10 0 S 105816-04-4/PRO

FILE 'CASREACT' ENTERED AT 18:15:57 ON 02 MAY 2007

L11 13 S 105816-04-4/PRO



10/507255 SALTS OF NATEGLINIDE -str\_regno\_text -Search

=> file casreact  
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS  
FULL ESTIMATED COST  
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)  
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE

SINCE FILE	TOTAL
ENTRY 0.90	SESSION 416.59
SINCE FILE	TOTAL
ENTRY 0.00	SESSION -46.02

FILE 'CASREACT' ENTERED AT 18:15:57 ON 02 MAY 2007  
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FILE CONTENT:1840 - 29 Apr 2007 VOL 146 ISS 19

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\* CASREACT now has more than 12 million reactions \*  
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Some CASREACT records are derived from the ZIC/VINITI database (1974-1999) provided by Infochem, INPI data prior to 1986, and Biotransformations database compiled under the direction of Professor Dr. Klaus Kieslich.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s 105816-04-4/pro  
L11 13 105816-04-4/PRO

=> d l11 ibib abs

L11 ANSWER 1 OF 13 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 146:163387 CASREACT  
TITLE: Preparation of H type nateglinide crystal  
INVENTOR(S): Chen, Songnian; Feng, Qianjian; Yu, Yingmin  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hangzhou Pollen Co., Ltd., Peop. Rep. China  
SOURCE: Faming Zhuanli shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 5pp.  
CODEN: CNXXEV

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: Chinese  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
CN 1887858	A	20070103	CN 2006-10052617	20060721
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			CN 2006-10052617	20060721
AB	The title method comprises the steps of: (1) condensing			

Page 1 searched 5/2/07

10/507255 SALTS OF NATEGLINIDE -str\_regno\_text -Search

trans-4-isopropylcyclohexanecarbonylchloride with D-phenylalanine to obtain crude crystal of B type nateglinide, (2) dissolving the crude crystal in the solution of methanol, aminomethane and water (volume ratio of 60:20:20), heating to 40-60°C, adding 2% active carbon, decoloring for 7-15 min, filtering, cooling to 10°C to precipitate, filtering, washing with 40% ethanol till neutral, and drying to obtain H type nateglinide crystal, and (3) recrystg. the mother solution to obtain H type nateglinide crystal. The product of H type nateglinide crystal has good physiol. activity.

=> d l11 ibib abs 1-13

L11 ANSWER 1 OF 13 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 146:163387 CASREACT  
TITLE: Preparation of H type nateglinide crystal  
INVENTOR(S): Chen, Songnian; Feng, Qianjian; Yu, Yingmin  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hangzhou Pollen Co., Ltd., Peop. Rep. China  
SOURCE: Faming Zhuanli shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 5pp.  
CODEN: CNXXEV

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: Chinese  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
CN 1887858	A	20070103	CN 2006-10052617	20060721
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			CN 2006-10052617	20060721
AB	The title method comprises the steps of: (1) condensing			

trans-4-isopropylcyclohexanecarbonylchloride with D-phenylalanine to obtain crude crystal of B type nateglinide, (2) dissolving the crude crystal in the solution of methanol, aminomethane and water (volume ratio of 60:20:20), heating to 40-60°C, adding 2% active carbon, decoloring for 7-15 min, filtering, cooling to 10°C to precipitate, filtering, washing with 40% ethanol till neutral, and drying to obtain H type nateglinide crystal, and (3) recrystg. the mother solution to obtain H type nateglinide crystal. The product of H type nateglinide crystal has good physiol. activity.

L11 ANSWER 2 OF 13 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 145:103952 CASREACT  
TITLE: Process for the preparation of nateglinide, preferably in B-form  
INVENTOR(S): Viganò, Enrico; Pizzatti, Enrica; Lanfranconi, Simona; Molteni, Renato; Landonio, Ernesto  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Italy  
SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 22 pp.  
CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE

Page 2 searched 5/2/07

US 2006148902 A1 20060706 US 2005-28283 20050103  
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2005-28283 20050103  
 AB The invention relates to a process for the preparation of nateglinide, preferably in B-form, substantially free from the H-form, comprising three steps starting from (i) reaction in an organic solvent between D-phenylalanine Me ester or a salt and trans-4-isopropylcyclohexanecarboxylic acid in the presence of an acyl chloride or carbonyldiimidazole, optionally isolating the nateglinide Me ester obtained and re-dissolving it in a second organic solvent, (ii) addition of water and alkali hydroxide to the reaction mixture and separation of the aqueous phase containing the alkali salt of nateglinide, and (iii) addition of hydrochloric acid to the aqueous phase from step (ii) to obtain nateglinide. In an example, the reaction was carried out in acetone in the presence of triethylamine and Et chloroformate and hydrolysis of nateglinide Me ester was carried out using toluene, tricaprylmethylammoniumchloride, and aqueous potassium hydroxide to afford nateglinide in B-form (130.44°C).

L11 ANSWER 3 OF 13 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 144:51894 CASREACT  
 TITLE: One-pot process for the preparation of nateglinide  
 INVENTOR(S): Kankar, Rajendra Narayanrao; Rao, Dharmaraj  
 Ramachandra; Singh, Manjinder; Birari, Dilip Ramdas  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Cipla Limited, India; Wain, Christopher Paul  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 32 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2005121071	A1	20051222	WO 2005-GB2267	20050608
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, GU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW:	BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
AU 2005252002	A1	20051222	AU 2005-252002	20050608
CA 2570041	A1	20051222	CA 2005-2570041	20050608
EP 1765769	A1	20070328	EP 2005-750279	20050608
R:	AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR			

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:  
 WO 2004-13084 20040611  
 WO 2005-GB2267 20050608

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 144:51894  
 AB A one-pot process for the preparation of nateglinide is presented which comprises amidation of a C1-4 alkyl ester of D-phenylalanine, either as the free base or in salt form (typically the hydrochloride), with

trans-4-isopropylcyclohexanecarboxylic acid or its acid halides to obtain a C1-4 alkyl ester of nateglinide, preferably the Me ester of nateglinide, followed by alkali (e.g., NaOH) saponification and acidification (e.g., HCl) to yield nateglinide (m.p. 128-131°C).  
 REFERENCE COUNT: 6  
 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 4 OF 13 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 143:97635 CASREACT  
 TITLE: Improved process for the preparation of hypoglycemic agent nateglinide  
 INVENTOR(S): Zhong, Bohua; Wu, Bo; Yan, Yuan  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Toxic Drug Inst., Academy of Military Medical Science, PLA, Peop. Rep. China  
 SOURCE: Faming Zhuanli Shengqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, No pp.  
 CODEN: CNXKEY

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Chinese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
CN 1517335	A	20040804	CN 2003-100559	20030117
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			CN 2003-100559	20030117
AB	A scalable process for the preparation of nateglinide, a hypoglycemic agent, is reported. The key improvement is that the acylation of D-phenylalanine with 4-isopropylcyclohexanecarbonylchloride was performed under a homogeneous condition using a mixture of dioxane or THF and H <sub>2</sub> O as solvent, largely increasing the yield. Other features include the use of cheap Pd/C instead of previously expensive PtO <sub>2</sub> as hydrogenation catalyst in the reduction of 4-isopropylbenzoic acid into 4-isopropylcyclohexanecarboxylic acid. Purification of nateglinide by recrystallization in petroleum ether, hexane and cyclohexane or their mixts. is claimed.			

L11 ANSWER 5 OF 13 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 143:26875 CASREACT  
 TITLE: Improved process for the preparation of hypoglycemic agent nateglinide  
 INVENTOR(S): Zhu, Qin; Pan, Junfang; Shi, Mingfeng  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Shanghai Huashuo Medicine Science & Technology Development Co., Ltd., Peop. Rep. China  
 SOURCE: Faming Zhuanli Shengqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, No pp.  
 CODEN: CNXKEY

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Chinese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
CN 1517334	A	20040804	CN 2003-114970	20030117
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			CN 2003-114970	20030117
AB	A scalable process for the preparation of nateglinide, a hypoglycemic agent,			

was reported. The key improvement is that the acylation of D-phenylalanine with 4-isopropylcyclohexanecarbonylchloride was performed under a homogeneous condition using a mixture of DMF and H<sub>2</sub>O as solvent, largely increasing the yield. Other features include the use of cheap Pd/C instead of previously expensive PtO<sub>2</sub> as hydrogenation catalyst in the reduction of 4-isopropylbenzoic acid into 4-isopropylcyclohexanecarboxylic acid.

L11 ANSWER 6 OF 13 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 143:7982 CASREACT  
TITLE: Process for the preparation of the crystalline B-form nateglinide from D-phenylalanine methyl ester and trans-4-isopropylcyclohexanecarboxylic acid

INVENTOR(S): Viganò, Enrico; Pizzati, Enrica; Lanfranconi, Simona;

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Molteni, Renato; Landonio, Ernesto

A.M.S.A. Anonima Materie Sintetiche e Affini S.p.A., Italy

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 32 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 1535900	A1	20050601	EP 2003-27114	20031126
EP 1535900	B1	20061227		

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,

IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK

AT 349418 T 20070115

EP 2003-27114 20031126

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: EP 2003-27114 20031126

AB A process for the preparation of nateglinide comprises: (i) the amidation reaction in a first organic solvent between D-phenylalanine Me ester, or a salt, and trans-4-isopropylcyclohexanecarboxylic acid and an acyl chloride, or carbonyldiimidazole, to obtain the nateglinide Me ester; (ia) optionally isolating the nateglinide Me ester and redissolving it in a second organic solvent to give a solution; (ii) addition of water and alkali hydroxide to the reaction mixture coming from step (i) without isolating the nateglinide Me ester, or, if applicable, to the solution of step (ia), and separation of the aqueous phase containing the alkali salt of nateglinide; (iii) addition of hydrochloric acid to the aqueous phase coming from step (ii) to obtain nateglinide, wherein the organic solvent employed in step (ii) is a water non-miscible solvent.

REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 7 OF 13 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 142:317044 CASREACT

TITLE: An efficient large scale synthesis of nateglinide

AUTHOR(S): Chandrasekhar, Batchu; Sawanth, Mangesh S.; Naik,

Sameer J.; Gaikwad, Nandakumar B.; Kulkarni, Pramila

V.; Bhirud, Shekar B.

PROCESS RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT, Glenmark Research

Centre, MIDC Mahape, Navi Mumbai, 400709, India

SOURCE: Organic Preparations and Procedures International

(2004) 36(5), 459-467

CODEN: OPPIAK; ISSN: 0030-4948

PUBLISHER: Organic Preparations and Procedures, Inc.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Nateglinide was prepared as the desired H polymorph by reaction of trans-4-isopropylcyclohexanecarboxylic acid with ClCO<sub>2</sub>Et and treating the carbonate with D-phenylalanine.

REFERENCE COUNT: 55 THERE ARE 55 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 8 OF 13 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 142:156316 CASREACT

TITLE: A saponification and neutralization process for the

preparation of chirally pure nateglinide from its

lower alkyl esters and nateglinide polymorphic

crystalline modifications

Gazdag, Maria; Gizur, Tibor; Hegedus, Bela; Szenzo,

Attila; Tarkanyi, Gabor; Toerley, Jozsef; Babjak,

Monika

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Richter Gedeon Vegyeszeti Gyar Rt., Hung.

PCT Int. Appl., 26 pp.

SOURCE: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2005005373	A1	20050120	WO 2004-HU73	20040708

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,

CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,

GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KZ, LC,

LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NA, NI,

NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SE, SG, SK, SL, ST,

TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZW,

RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AM,

AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK,

EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE,

SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE,

SN, TD, TG

HU 200302174 A2 20050728 HU 2003-2174 20030710

EP 1651591 A1 20060503 EP 2004-743732 20040708

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,

IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK, HR

US 2007043117 A1 20070222 US 2006-564017 20060515

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: HU 2003-2174 20030710

WO 2004-HU73 20040708

AB The preparation of chirally pure nateglinide by treating a nateglinide lower alkyl ester (e.g., Me ester) with an alkali base (e.g., sodium hydroxide) to yield an alkali salt and neutralizing liberating the salt by addition of an acid (e.g., aqueous HCl) is described as is the preparation of polymorphic crystalline modifications of nateglinide.

REFERENCE COUNT: 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 9 OF 13 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 140:199745 CASREACT  
 TITLE: Synthesis and purification of nateglinide  
 INVENTOR(S): Naik, Samir Jaivant; Kulkarni, Pramila Vijay; Gaikwad, Nandkumar Baburao; Savant, Mangesh Shivram; Bhirud, Shekhar; Batchesu, Chandrasekhar  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Glenmark Pharmaceuticals Limited, India  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 28 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE  
 WO 2004018408 A1 20040304 WO 2003-IB3270 20030812  
 WO 2004018408 A8 20050310  
 W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, ME, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SV, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW  
 RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CI, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG  
 IN 2002MU00773 A 20040605 IN 2002-MU773 20020826  
 AU 2003263386 A1 20040311 AU 2003-263386 20030812  
 IN 2002-MU773 20020826  
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: AU 2003-263386 20030812  
 WO 2003-IB3270 20030812  
 OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 140:199745  
 AB N-[(trans-4-isopropylcyclohexyl)carbonyl]-D-phenylalanine(nateglinide) was prepared by reaction of trans-4-isopropylcyclohexylcarboxylic acid with an alkyl chloroformate in a ketonic solvent in the presence of a base at -20 to 30°C and reaction of the mixed anhydride product with an aqueous alkali salt solution of D-phenylalanine. An example shows the synthesis of nateglinide by using triethylamine and Et chloroformate in acetone (97% pure following HPLC).  
 REFERENCE COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 10 OF 13 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 140:94292 CASREACT  
 TITLE: Process for preparing nateglinide and its intermediates  
 INVENTOR(S): Yahalomi, Ronit; Shapiro, Evgeny; Dolitzky, Ben-zion; Gozlan, Yigael  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Teva Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd., Israel; Teva Pharmaceuticals Usa, Inc.  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 31 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 4  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE  
 WO 2004005240 A1 20040115 WO 2003-US21238 20030703  
 W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, ME, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW  
 RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CI, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG  
 AU 2003256454 A1 20040123 AU 2003-256454 20030703  
 EP 1487782 A1 20041222 EP 2003-763310 20030703  
 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK  
 CN 1671649 A 20050921 CN 2003-817439 20030703  
 US 2004116526 A1 20040617 US 2003-623237 20030718  
 US 7148376 B2 20061212  
 US 2005014949 A1 20050120 US 2003-622999 20030718  
 US 2005075400 A1 20050407 CN 2003-821921 20030718  
 CN 1723190 A 20060118 US 2006-516363 20060905  
 US 2007004804 A1 20070104 US 2002-393495P 20020703  
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2002-396904P 20020718  
 US 2002-413622P 20020925  
 US 2002-414199P 20020926  
 US 2002-423750P 20021105  
 US 2002-432093P 20021210  
 US 2002-432962P 20021212  
 US 2003-442109P 20030123  
 US 2003-449791P 20030224  
 US 2003-479016P 20030616  
 WO 2003-US21238 20030703  
 US 2003-622999 20030718  
 AB A process for the preparation of nateglinide involves converting trans-4-isopropylcyclohexanecarboxylic acid into the acid chloride by acylation with thionyl chloride in the presence of an organic amide and a single or two phase system or in water free of a co-solvent.  
 REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 11 OF 13 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 138:254901 CASREACT  
 TITLE: A new synthesis method of nateglinide as antidiabetic drug  
 AUTHOR(S): Wang, Dun; Liang, Yiheng; Gong, Ping; Zhao, Yanfang  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: School of Pharmaceutical Engineering, Shenyang Pharmaceutical University, Shenyang, 110016, Peop. Rep. China  
 SOURCE: Zhongguo Yaowu Huaxue Zazhi (2002), 12(2), 94-96  
 CODEN: ZYHZEJ; ISSN: 1005-0108

PUBLISHER: Zhongguo Yaowu Huaxue Zazhi Bianjibu  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: Chinese  
AB A new antidiabetic drug-nateglinide was synthesized from isopropylbenzene by Friedel-Crafts reaction, chloroform reaction, catalytic hydrogenation to obtain trans-4-isopropylhexanecarboxylic acid, acylation of D-phenylalanine Et ester, hydrolysis to obtain nateglinide B-type crystal, and crystal-conversion. The total yield was 9.8%.

L11 ANSWER 12 OF 13 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 136:340997 CASREACT  
TITLE: Process for preparation of acylphenylalanines  
INVENTOR(S): Sumikawa, Michito; Ohgane, Takao  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ajinomoto Co., Inc., Japan  
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 14 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: Japanese  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002032853	A1	20020425	WO 2001-JP9068	20011016
W:	AB, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NZ, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
AU 200194264	A	20020429	AU 2001-94264	20011016
CA 2425533	A1	20030410	CA 2001-2425533	20011016
EP 1334962	A1	20030813	EP 2001-974874	20011016
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR			
BR 2001014728	A	20031014	BR 2001-14728	20011016
RU 2287520	C2	20061120	RU 2003-111012	20011016
TW 575541	B	20040211	TW 2001-90125695	20011017
IN 2003CN00536	A	20050415	IN 2003-CN536	20030411
US 2004024219	A1	20040205	US 2003-418102	20030418
US 7030268	B2	20060418		
US 2006155143	A1	20060713		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				
AB	This document discloses a process for preparing easily and simply high-purity acylphenylalanines extremely useful as raw materials of drugs or the like, characterized by reacting an acid chloride with phenylalanine in a mixed solvent consisting of an organic solvent and water under conditions made alkaline with potassium hydroxide.			
REFERENCE COUNT:	7			
THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT				

L11 ANSWER 13 OF 13 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 136:325825 CASREACT  
TITLE: Process for producing nateglinide crystals  
INVENTOR(S): Takahashi, Daiuke; Nishi, Seiichi; Takahashi, Satoji  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ajinomoto Co., Inc., Japan  
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 14 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: Japanese  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002032854	A1	20020425	WO 2001-JP9069	20011016
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NZ, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
AU 200194265	A	20020429	AU 2001-94265	20011016
CA 2425538	A1	20030410	CA 2001-2425538	20011016
EP 1334963	A1	20030813	EP 2001-974875	20011016
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR			
BR 2001014729	A	20031014	BR 2001-14729	20011016
RU 2273629	C2	20060410	RU 2003-111021	20011016
CN 1769263	A	20060510	CN 2005-10118852	20011016
TW 251588	B	20060321	TW 2001-90125697	20011017
IN 2003CN00537	A	20050415	IN 2003-CN537	20030411
US 2004030182	A1	20040212	US 2003-418105	20030418
US 7208622	B2	20070424		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				
AB	A process for producing nateglinide crystals comprises reacting trans-4-isopropylcyclohexylcarbonylchloride with D-phenylalanine in a mixed solvent consisting of a ketone solvent and water in the presence of an alkali to obtain a reaction mixture containing nateglinide, adding an acid to the reaction mixture to make it acidic, and regulating (a) the temperature to 58° to 72° and (b) and the ketone solvent concentration to > 8 weight% and < 22 weight%, to conduct crystallization. Nateglinide is a known antidiabetic.			
REFERENCE COUNT:	4			
THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT				

=&gt; d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 17:49:04 ON 02 MAY 2007)

10/507255 SALTS OF NATEGLINIDE -str\_regno\_text -Search

L1 FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 17:49:18 ON 02 MAY 2007  
L2 STRUCTURE UPLOADED  
L3 5 S L1 SSS SAM  
82 S L1 SSS FULL

L4 FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 17:50:19 ON 02 MAY 2007  
L5 44 S L3/P  
14 S SALT? AND L4  
E US20050234129/PRN,PN,AN  
E US200500234129/PRN,PN,AN  
E NATEGLINIDE+ALL/CT  
L6 0 S SALT? (W) NATEGLINIDE  
L7 1 S "NATEGLINIDE SALT?"  
E US2005234129/PRN,PN,AN

L8 FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 18:00:24 ON 02 MAY 2007  
0 S 105816-04-4/RNOR 592523-31-4/RNOR 592523-32-5/RNOR 592524

L9 FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 18:04:27 ON 02 MAY 2007  
9 S 105816-04-4/RNOR 592523-31-4/RNOR 592523-32-5/RNOR 592524

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 18:06:38 ON 02 MAY 2007

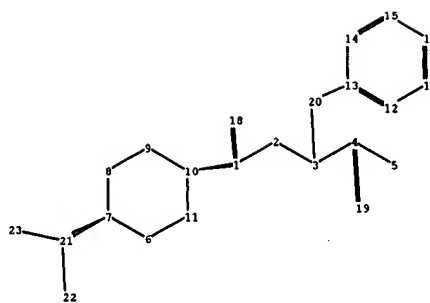
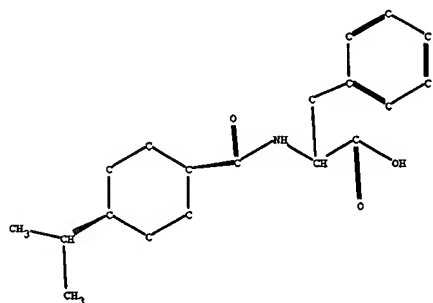
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FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 18:08:42 ON 02 MAY 2007

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 18:14:39 ON 02 MAY 2007

L10 FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 18:14:56 ON 02 MAY 2007  
0 S 105816-04-4/PRO

L11 FILE 'CASREACT' ENTERED AT 18:15:57 ON 02 MAY 2007  
13 S 105816-04-4/PRO



chain nodes :

1 2 3 4 5 18 19 20 21 22 23

ring nodes :

6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17

chain bonds :

1-2 1-10 1-18 2-3 3-4 3-20 4-5 4-19 7-21 13-20 21-22 21-23

ring bonds :

6-7 6-11 7-8 8-9 9-10 10-11 12-13 12-17 13-14 14-15 15-16 16-17

exact/norm bonds :

1-2 1-18 2-3 6-7 6-11 7-8 8-9 9-10 10-11

exact bonds :

1-10 3-4 3-20 7-21 13-20 21-22 21-23

normalized bonds :

4-5 4-19 12-13 12-17 13-14 14-15 15-16 16-17

Match level :

1:CLASS2:CLASS3:CLASS4:CLASS5:CLASS6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:Atom 11:Atom 12:Atom  
13:Atom 14:Atom 15:Atom 16:Atom 17:Atom 18:CLASS19:CLASS20:CLASS21:CLASS22:CLASS  
23:CLASS

Stereo Bonds:

10-1 (Single Wedge).

21-7 (Single Hash).

Stereo Chiral Centers:

7 (Parity=Even)

10 (Parity=Odd)

Stereo RSS Sets:

Type=Relative (Default). 2 Nodes= 7 10



10/507255 SALTS OF NATEGLINIDE -str\_regno\_text -Search

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 17:49:04 ON 02 MAY 2007)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 17:49:18 ON 02 MAY 2007

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

L2 5 S L1 SSS SAM

L3 82 S L1 SSS FULL

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 17:50:19 ON 02 MAY 2007

L4 44 S L3/P

L5 14 S SALT? AND L4

E US20050234129/PRN,PN,AN

E US200500234129/PRN,PN,AN

E NATEGLINIDE+ALL/CT

L6 0 S SALT? (W) NATEGLINIDE

L7 1 S "NATEGLINIDE SALT?"

E US2005234129/PRN,PN,AN

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 18:00:24 ON 02 MAY 2007

L8 0 S 105816-04-4/RN OR 592523-31-4/RN OR 592523-32-5/RN OR 592524

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 18:04:27 ON 02 MAY 2007

L9 9 S 105816-04-4/RN OR 592523-31-4/RN OR 592523-32-5/RN OR 592524

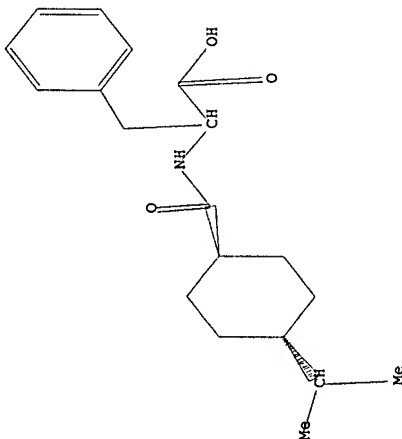
10/507255 SALTS OF NATEGLINIDE -str\_regno\_text -Search

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L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d l1

L1 HAS NO ANSWERS  
L1 STR



Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s l1 sss sam  
SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 17:50:02 FILE 'REGISTRY'  
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 441 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 441 ITERATIONS  
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE \*\*COMPLETE\*\*  
PROJECTED ITERATIONS: BATCH 7561 TO 10079  
PROJECTED ANSWERS: 5 TO 234

L2 5 SEA SSS SAM L1

=> s l1 sss full  
FULL SEARCH INITIATED 17:50:10 FILE 'REGISTRY'  
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 9018 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 9018 ITERATIONS  
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L3 82 SEA SSS FUL L1

Page 1 searched 5/2/07

10/507255 SALTS OF NATEGLINIDE -str\_regno\_text -Search

=> fil hcaplus  
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS  
FULL ESTIMATED COST  
SINCE FILE ENTRY  
TOTAL  
SESSION  
172.55  
172.76

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 2 May 2007 VOL 146 ISS 19  
FILE LAST UPDATED: 1 May 2007 (20070501/ED)

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This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s l3/p 44 L3/P  
L4  
=> s salt? and l4  
1211784 SALT?  
L5 14 SALT? AND L4

=> d scan

L5 14 ANSWERS HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
IC ICM C07C231-24  
ICS C07C233-63; A61K031-16; A61P003-00  
CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)  
TI Section cross-reference(s): 34, 75  
ST Process for the preparation of polymorphic crystalline forms of nateglinide ammonium salt  
IT nateglinide ammonium salt polymorphic cryst form  
Carbonates, reactions  
RL: RGT (Reagent); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(Group IA and IIA metal, bases; process for the preparation of polymorphic crystalline forms of nateglinide ammonium salt)  
IT Alkali metal hydroxides  
RL: RGT (Reagent); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(base; process for the preparation of polymorphic crystalline forms of nateglinide ammonium salt)  
IT Alkali metal hydrides  
Alkaline earth hydroxides  
RL: RGT (Reagent); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

Page 2 searched 5/2/07

(bases; process for the preparation of polymorphic crystalline forms of nateglinide ammonium salt)

IT Crystallization  
Neutralization  
(in a process for the preparation of polymorphic crystalline forms of nateglinide ammonium salt)

IT Bases, reactions  
RL: RGT (Reagent); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(in a process for the preparation of polymorphic crystalline forms of nateglinide ammonium salt)

IT Diabetes mellitus  
(non-insulin-dependent; process for the preparation of polymorphic crystalline forms of nateglinide ammonium salt for the treatment of)

IT Polymorphism (crystal)  
(process for the preparation of polymorphic crystalline forms of nateglinide ammonium salt)

IT Hyperglycemia  
(process for the preparation of polymorphic crystalline forms of nateglinide ammonium salt for the treatment of)

IT Antidiabetic agents  
(process for the preparation of polymorphic crystalline forms of nateglinide ammonium salt for use as)

IT Drug delivery systems  
(process for the preparation of polymorphic crystalline forms of nateglinide ammonium salt for use in)

IT 1344-28-1D, Alumina, basic  
RL: RGT (Reagent); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(base; process for the preparation of polymorphic crystalline forms of nateglinide ammonium salt)

IT 67-56-1, Methanol, uses 7732-18-5, Water, uses  
RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)  
(process for the preparation of polymorphic crystalline forms of nateglinide ammonium salt)

IT 594837-89-5P  
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(process for the preparation of polymorphic crystalline forms of nateglinide ammonium salt)

IT 1336-21-6, Ammonium hydroxide 7664-41-7, Ammonia, reactions  
RL: RGT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(process for the preparation of polymorphic crystalline forms of nateglinide ammonium salt)

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):3

L5 14 ANSWERS HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
IC ICM C07C231-14  
ICS C07C233-63  
CC 34-2 (Amino Acids, Peptides, and Proteins)  
TI Synthesis and purification of nateglinide  
ST Nateglinide prepn purifn; phenylalanine isopropylcyclohexanecarbonyl prepn purifn  
IT 105816-04-4P, Nateglinide  
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PUR (Purification or recovery); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(synthesis and purification of nateglinide)

IT 79-22-1, Methyl chloroformate 108-23-6, Isopropyl chloroformate 109-61-5, Propyl chloroformate 541-41-3, Ethyl chloroformate 673-06-3, D Phenylalanine 7077-05-6, trans 4 Isopropylcyclohexanecarboxylic acid  
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(synthesis and purification of nateglinide)

L5 14 ANSWERS HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
IC ICM C07C103-84  
CC C07D213-82; C07D307-84; C07C103-737; A61K031-195; A61K031-215  
CC 34-2 (Amino Acids, Peptides, and Proteins)  
Section cross-reference(s): 1  
TI Preparation of D-phenylalanine derivatives and their use as hypoglycemic agents  
ST Hypoglycemic D phenylalanine prepn  
IT Antidiabetics and Hypoglycemics  
(N-acyl-D-phenylalanines)  
IT 6066-82-6, N-Hydroxysuccinimide  
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(esterification of, with cyclopentanecarboxylic acid and cumic acid)

IT 536-66-3 3400-45-1  
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(esterification of, with hydroxysuccinimide)

IT 23635-14-5, (S)-(-)-Perillic acid  
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(hydrogenation of)

IT 10512-92-2 37002-52-1 74204-45-8 85856-40-2 86808-12-0  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
(hypoglycemic activity of)

IT 7077-05-6P, trans-4-Isopropylcyclohexanecarboxylic acid 7084-93-7P, cis-4-Isopropylcyclohexanecarboxylic acid  
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(preparation and esterification of)

IT 51871-58-0P 105746-51-8P  
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(preparation and reaction of, with D-phenylalanine Me ester)

IT 13828-35-8P, Methyl cis-4-isopropylcyclohexanecarboxylate 13828-36-9P, Methyl trans-4-isopropylcyclohexanecarboxylate 105746-50-7P  
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

IT 62067-45-2P, 4-Isopropylcyclohexanecarboxylic acid  
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(preparation and saponification of)

IT 75691-91-7P 105746-24-5P 105746-25-6P 105746-26-7P 105746-27-8P 105746-28-9P 105746-29-0P 105746-30-3P 105746-31-4P 105746-32-5P 105746-33-6P 105746-34-7P 105746-35-8P 105746-36-9P 105746-37-0P 105746-38-1P 105746-39-2P 105746-40-3P 105746-41-6P 105746-42-7P 105746-43-8P 105746-44-9P 105746-45-0P 105746-46-1P 105746-47-2P 105746-48-3P 105746-49-4P 105816-04-4P 105816-05-5P 105816-06-6P  
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(preparation of, as hypoglycemic)

IT 13033-84-6

IT RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(reaction of, with carboxylic acid succinimidyl esters)  
65-95-0, reactions 98-73-7, 4-tert-Butylbenzoic acid 98-89-5  
496-41-3, 824-62-4 943-29-3 471-80-6, 3-Cyclohexanecarboxylic acid  
6833-47-2, trans-4-Ethylcyclohexanecarboxylic acid 13064-83-0,  
trans-4-Methylcyclohexanecarboxylic acid 16331-45-6, 4-Ethylbenzoyl  
chloride 38289-27-9 38289-28-0 65898-38-6, 5-Indanecarboxylic acid  
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(N-acylation by, of D-phenylalanine)  
673-06-3  
IT RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(N-acylation of)  
L5 14 ANSWERS HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
IC ICM C07C231-22  
CC 34-2 (Amino Acids, Peptides, and Proteins)  
Section cross-reference(s): 45, 63, 75  
TI Process for the preparation of the crystalline B-form nateglinide from  
D-phenylalanine methyl ester and trans-4-isopropylcyclohexanecarboxylic  
acid  
ST nateglinide prepn polymorphic crystal B form  
IT Acid halides  
RL: RGT (Reagent); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(acid chlorides; in a process for the preparation of the crystalline B-form  
nateglinide from D-phenylalanine Me ester)  
IT Amidation  
Neutralization  
Saponification  
(in a process for the preparation of the crystalline B-form nateglinide from  
D-phenylalanine Me ester)  
IT Alkali metal hydroxides  
RL: RGT (Reagent); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(in a process for the preparation of the crystalline B-form nateglinide from  
D-phenylalanine Me ester)  
IT Polymorphism (Crystall)  
(process for the preparation of the crystalline B-form nateglinide from  
D-phenylalanine Me ester)  
IT Saponification catalysts  
(quaternary ammonium compds.; in a process for the preparation of the  
crystalline  
B-form nateglinide from D-phenylalanine Me ester)  
IT Quaternary ammonium compounds, uses  
RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)  
(saponification catalysts; in a process for the preparation of the  
crystalline B-form  
nateglinide from D-phenylalanine Me ester)  
IT 5137-55-3, Tricaprylmethylammonium chloride  
RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)  
(in a process for the preparation of the crystalline B-form nateglinide from  
D-phenylalanine Me ester)  
IT 673-06-3, D-Phenylalanine 7077-05-6, trans-4-  
Isopropylcyclohexanecarboxylic acid 21685-51-8  
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(in a process for the preparation of the crystalline B-form nateglinide from  
D-phenylalanine Me ester)  
IT 13033-84-6P 105746-47-2P  
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT  
(Reactant or reagent)

(in a process for the preparation of the crystalline B-form nateglinide from  
D-phenylalanine Me ester)  
IT 530-62-1 541-41-3, Ethyl chloroformate 1310-58-3, Potassium hydroxide,  
reactions 1310-65-2, Lithium hydroxide 1310-73-2, Sodium hydroxide,  
reactions 3282-30-2, Fivaloyl chloride 7647-01-0, Hydrogen chloride,  
reactions  
RL: RGT (Reagent); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(in a process for the preparation of the crystalline B-form nateglinide from  
D-phenylalanine Me ester)  
IT 10516-04-4P, Nateglinide  
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(process for the preparation of the crystalline B-form nateglinide from  
D-phenylalanine Me ester)  
IT 67-64-1, Acetone, uses 68-12-2, DMF, uses 71-43-2, Benzene, uses  
75-09-2, Dichloromethane, uses 108-88-3, Toluene, uses 108-90-7,  
Chlorobenzene, uses 109-99-9, Thf, uses 110-54-3, Hexane, uses  
110-71-4, Glyme 110-82-7, Cyclohexane, uses 111-96-6, Diglyme  
123-91-1, Dioxane, uses 127-19-5, Dimethylacetamide 142-82-5, Heptane,  
uses 872-50-4, NMP, uses 1330-20-7, Xylene, uses 7732-18-5, Water,  
uses  
RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)  
(solvent; in a process for the preparation of the crystalline B-form  
nateglinide  
from D-phenylalanine Me ester)  
HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):0  
=> d his  
(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 17:49:04 ON 02 MAY 2007)  
FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 17:49:18 ON 02 MAY 2007  
L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED  
L2 5 S L1 SSS SAM  
L3 82 S L1 SSS FULL  
FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 17:50:19 ON 02 MAY 2007  
L4 44 S L3/P  
L5 14 S SALT? AND L4  
=> d 15 1-14 ibib abs  
L5 ANSWER 1 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:657506 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:103952  
TITLE: Process for the preparation of nateglinide, preferably  
in B-form  
INVENTOR(S): Vigano, Enrico; Pizzatti, Erica; Lanfranconi, Simona;  
Molteni, Renato; Landonio, Ernesto  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Italy  
SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 22 pp.  
CODEN: USXXCO  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:  
PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE  
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Form B.

L5 ANSWER 4 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005-1240947 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:11582

TITLE: Process for the preparation of polymorphic crystalline

forms of nateglinide ammonium salt

Wizel, Shlomit; Frenkel, Gustavo; Gome, Boaz

Teva Pharmaceuticals Usa, Inc.

PCT Int. Appl., 25 pp.

CODEN: PIXD2

Patent

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2005110972	A1	200511124	WO 2005-US16343	20050509
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, GU, HK, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RM: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BI, BG, BR, BU, BY, CA, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, GU, HE, ID, IL, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, SN, TH, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
CA 2563793	A1	200511124	CA 2005-2563793	20050509
US 2006004102	A1	20060105	US 2005-126050	20050509
EP 1656339	A1	20060517	EP 2005-748381	20050509
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK, BA, HR, IS, YU				
CN 1950331	A	20070418	CN 2005-80014509	20050509
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2004-569047P P 20040507 WO 2005-US16343 W 20050509				

AB Anti-hyperglycemic polymorphic crystalline forms of nateglinide ammonium salt are prepared

REFERENCE COUNT: 12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 5 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005-467801 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:7982

TITLE: Process for the preparation of the crystalline B-form

nateglinide from D-phenylalanine methyl ester and

trans-4-isopropylcyclohexanecarboxylic acid

Vigano', Enrico; Pizzati, Enrica; Lanfranconi, Simona;

Molteni, Renato; Landonio, Ernesto

A.M.S.A. Anonima Materie Sintetiche e Affini S.p.A.,

Italy

Eur. Pat. Appl., 32 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

Patent

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Form B.

L5 ANSWER 6 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005-414565 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:482315

TITLE: Preparation of alanine derivative as antidiabetics

Yang, Yushe; Tang, Lei; Ji, Ruyun; Chen, Kaixian

Shanghai Institute of Pharmacy, Chinese Academy of

Sciences, Peop. Rep. China

Faming Zhuanyi Shengqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 26 pp.

CODEN: CNXXEV

Patent

Chinese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 1535900	A1	20050601	EP 2003-27114	20031126
EP 1535900	B1	20061227		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				
AT 349418	T	20070115	AT 2003-27114	20031126
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: CASREACT 143:7982 EP 2003-27114 A 20031126				

AB A process for the preparation of nateglinide comprises: (I) the amidation reaction in a first organic solvent between D-phenylalanine Me ester, or a salt, and trans-4-isopropylcyclohexanecarboxylic acid and an acyl chloride, or carbonyldiimidazole, to obtain the nateglinide Me ester; (Ia) optionally isolating the nateglinide Me ester and redissolving it in a second organic solvent to give a solution; (II) addition of water and alkali hydroxide to the reaction mixture coming from step (I) without isolating the nateglinide Me ester, or, if applicable, to the solution of step (Ia), and separation of the aqueous phase containing the alkali salt of nateglinide; (III) addition of hydrochloric acid to the aqueous phase coming from step (II) to obtain nateglinide, wherein the organic solvent employed in step (II) is a water non-miscible solvent.

REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 6 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005-414565 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:482315

TITLE: Preparation of alanine derivative as antidiabetics

Yang, Yushe; Tang, Lei; Ji, Ruyun; Chen, Kaixian

Shanghai Institute of Pharmacy, Chinese Academy of

Sciences, Peop. Rep. China

Faming Zhuanyi Shengqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 26 pp.

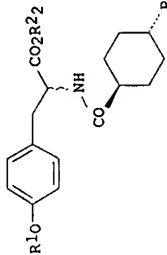
CODEN: CNXXEV

Patent

Chinese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:



AB Alanine derivs. I (R1 = 2-(1-indolyl)ethyl, 2-(N-(2-benzoxazolyl)-N-methyl)aminoethyl, 2-(N-methyl-N-(2-pyridinyl)aminoethyl, 2-(4-methyl-2-phenyl-4-oxazolyl)ethyl, 4-trifluoromethylbenzyl, benzyl; R2 = H, alkyl) is prepared by condensation reaction of trans-4-isopropylcyclohexanecarboxylic acid N-succinimidyl ester with L- or D-tyrosine Me ester in inert solvent to obtain 3-(4-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-2-(trans-isopropylcyclohexylcarboxamido)propanoic acid Me ester (II), Mitsunobu reaction with aromatic alc., and then hydrolysis with inorg. base solution. The method may be prepared by (1) etherification of II with alkyl halide in alkaline medium; (2) hydrolysis of II; or (3) condensation reaction of II with amino-protected 2-methylaminoethanol, condensation reaction with 2-fluoropyridine, and hydrolysis with base. The alanine derivative and its salt may be used to prepare the medical preps. for treating type II diabetes mellitus.

L5 ANSWER 7 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:59980 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:141289  
TITLE: Crystalline form of nateglinide  
INVENTOR(S): Frenkel, Gustavo; Gome, Boaz; Wize, Shlomit  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Israel  
SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 91 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 622,905.  
CODEN: USXXCO  
LANGUAGE: Patent  
English  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 4  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2005014836	A1	20050120	US 2003-746697	20031224
US 2004181089	A1	20040916	US 2003-622905	20030718
CA 2513753	A1	20040812	CA 2004-2513753	20040113
WO 2004067496	A1	20040812	WO 2004-US839	20040113
WO 2004067496	A9	20041209	BA, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, GU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PA, PE, PG, PH, PK, PL, PT, RA, RE, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, SM, SN, SR, ST, SV, SW, SY, SZ, TD, TH, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VC, VE, VU, WO, XG, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW	20040113
EP 1511717	A1	20050309	EP 2004-701826	20040113
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				
CN 1835912	A	20060920	CN 2004-80005672	20040113
US 2007004804	A1	20070104	US 2006-516363	20060905
PRIORITY APPL. INFO.:			US 2003-442109P	P 20030123

US 2003-449791P P 20030224  
US 2003-479016P P 20030616  
A2 20030718  
US 2003-622905 P 20020718  
US 2002-396904P P 20020925  
US 2002-413622P P 20020926  
US 2002-414199P P 20021105  
US 2002-423750P P 20021210  
US 2002-432093P P 20021212  
US 2002-432962P P 20030718  
US 2003-622999 A1 20030718  
WO 2003-US22375 A 20031023  
US 2003-693166 A 20031224  
US 2003-746697 W 20040113  
WO 2004-US839

AB Crystalline forms of nateglinide and processes for their preparation, as well as pharmaceutical formulations containing them and methods of administration are provided. A process for preparing crystalline form of nateglinide comprises the steps of (a) preparing a solution of nateglinide in Et acetate, (b) seeding the solution with nateglinide crystals, and (c) recovering the crystalline form as a precipitate. The nateglinide obtained is more than about 99% pure. For example,

nateglinide (5 g) was dissolved in acetonitrile, acetone, or Et acetate at about 55° in over about 15 min until a clear solution was obtained. The solvent was removed to dryness by evaporation at about 55°/20 to 30 mmHg to give dry nateglinide crystalline form B. Also, nateglinide Form 2 was prepared by treating 7.73 g of D-phenylalanine (PheOH) with 185 mL (3.5 equiv) of 3.5% NaOH at room temperature to afford a clear solution of the corresponding Na-salt. A solution of neat trans-4-isopropylcyclohexanecarboxyl chloride (IPCHAC, 9.02 g, 1.01 equiv) was added to the solution of Phe-OH obtained above, over 3 min, while stirring at room temperature. The rest of the IPCHAC in the funnel was washed with toluene (1 mL) and added. The resulting mixture was stirred for 1 h, and was treated with 10% HCl (32 mL) to adjust the pH to 3, while stirring. The mixture was stirred for 1 h, and filtered. The solid was washed with water (200 mL) and sucked well to afford 33.3 g of the moist product, which lost weight after drying at 78°/2.2 mbar (Assay 98.4%, purity >99%, yield 86%).

L5 ANSWER 8 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:55192 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:156316  
TITLE: A saponification and neutralization process for the preparation of chirally pure nateglinide from its lower alkyl esters and nateglinide polymorphic crystalline modifications  
INVENTOR(S): Gazdag, Maria; Gizur, Tibor; Hegedus, Bela; Szemzo, Attila; Tarkanyi, Gabor; Toerley, Jozsef; Babjak, Monika  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Richter Gedeon Vegyeszeti Gyar Rt., Hung.  
SOURCE: PCR Int. Appl., 26 pp.  
CODEN: FIXXD2  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. 10/507255  
 WO 2005005373  
 W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GR, GU, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OH, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, VZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

RW: BW, GM, GN, KE, LS, MW, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BU, CF, CG, CI, CM, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

SN, TD, TG

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 142:156316

AB The preparation of chirally pure nateglinide by treating a nateglinide lower alkyl ester (e.g., Me ester) with an alkali base (e.g., sodium hydroxide) to yield an alkali salt and neutralizing liberating the salt by addition of an acid (e.g., aqueous HCl) is described as is the preparation of polymorphic crystalline modifications of nateglinide.

REFERENCE COUNT: 8

THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS .

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 9 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:182826 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:199745

TITLE: Synthesis and purification of nateglinide

INVENTOR(S): Naik, Samir Jaivant; Kulkarni, Pramila Vijay; Gaikwad, Nandkumar Baburao; Sawant, Mangesh Shivram; Bhirud, Shekhar; Barchu, Chandrasekhar

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Glenmark Pharmaceuticals Limited, India

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 28 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004018408	A1	20040304	WO 2003-IB3270	20030812
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, VZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: GM, GN, KE, LS, MW, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				

PATENT NO. 10/507255  
 AU 2003263386  
 A1 20040311

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 140:199745; MARPAT 140:199745

AB N-((trans-4-isopropylcyclohexyl)carbonyl)-D-phenylalanine (nateglinide) was prepared by reaction of trans-4-isopropylcyclohexylcarboxylic acid with an alkyl chloroformate in a ketonic solvent in the presence of a base at -20 to 30°C and reaction of the mixed anhydride product with an aqueous alkali salt solution of D-phenylalanine. An example shows the synthesis of nateglinide by using triethylamine and Et chloroformate in acetone (97% pure following HPLC).

REFERENCE COUNT: 1

THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS .

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 10 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:41431 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:94292

TITLE: Process for preparing nateglinide and its intermediates

INVENTOR(S): Yabloni Ronit; Shapiro, Evgeny; Dolitzky, Ben-zion; Gozlan, Yigael

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Teva Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd., Israel; Teva Pharmaceuticals Usa, Inc.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 31 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 4

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004005240	A1	20040115	WO 2003-US21238	20030703
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, VZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: GM, GN, KE, LS, MW, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
AU 2003256454	A1	20040123	AU 2003-256454	20030703
EP 1487782	A1	20041222	EP 2003-763310	20030703
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, SK, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, CN 1671649				
US 2004116526	B2	20061212	US 2003-623237	20030703
US 7148376	A1	20050120	US 2003-623237	20030718
US 2005014949	A1	20050407	US 2003-622999	20030718
US 2005075400	A1	20060118	US 2003-821921	20030718
US 1723190	A	20070104	US 2006-516363	20060905
US 2007004804	A1	20070104	US 2002-393495P	20020703
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2002-396904P	P 20020718
			US 2002-413622P	P 20020925
			US 2002-414199P	P 20020926



OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 140:94292  
 AB A process for the preparation of nateglinide involves converting trans-4-isopropylcyclohexanecarboxylic acid into the acid chloride by reaction with thionyl chloride in the presence of an organic amide and acylation of a suitable salt of D-phenylalanine with the acid chloride in a single or two phase system or in water free of a co-solvent.  
 REFERENCE COUNT: 6  
 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 11 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:737716 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:230996  
 TITLE: Preparation and properties of nateglinide salts  
 INVENTOR(S): Sutton, Paul Allen; Vivilechia, Richard Victor;  
 PARKER, David John; De La Cruz, Marilyn  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Novartis Ag, Switz.; Novartis Pharma GmbH  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 46 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
CA 2478599	A1	20030918	CA 2003-2478599	20030310
AU 2003214112	A1	20030922	AU 2003-214112	20030310
EP 1483232	A1	20041208	EP 2003-709769	20030310
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BR 2003008316	A	20041228	BR 2003-8316	20030310
JP 200519949	T	20050707	JP 2003-574615	20030310
CN 1642904	A	20050720	CN 2003-805803	20030310
US 2005234129	A1	20051020	US 2004-507253	20040928
			US 2002-363178P	P 20020311
			WO 2003-EE2447	W 20030310

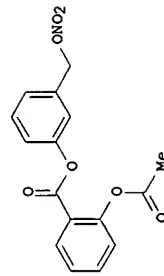
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:  
 AB The invention relates to salts of nateglinide having specified properties (m.ps., solubilities, X-ray diffraction patterns) for use in pharmaceutical compns. for preventing or treating diabetes, cardiovascular diseases, etc. Nateglinide Na, K, Ca, Mg, N-methyl-D-glucamine, TRIS, lysine, and ammonium salts were prepared and their properties

tabulated.  
 REFERENCE COUNT: 3  
 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 12 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:293592 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:325420  
 TITLE: Drugs for diabetes, especially type 2, comprising an antiinflammatory or analgesic drug, selected bivalent linkers, and a nitrate ester  
 INVENTOR(S): Del Soldato, Piero  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nicox S.A., Fr.  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 66 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002030867	A2	20020418	WO 2001-EP11665	20011009
WO 2002030867	A3	20020725		
	W:	AE, AG, AL, AU, BA, BB, BG, BR, CA, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DM, DZ, EE, GD, GE, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KR, KK, LC, LR, LT, LV, MA, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, SG, SI, SK, TR, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TD, TM, RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GO, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG		
IT 2000MI2201	A1	20020412	IT 2000-MI2201	20001012
IT 1319201	B1	20030926		
CA 2425655	A1	20020418	CA 2001-2425655	20011009
AU 200214006	A	20020422	AU 2002-14006	20011009
EP 1324974	A2	20030709	EP 2001-982414	20011009
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JP 2004511456	T	20040415	JP 2002-534256	20011009
US 2004023890	A1	20040205	US 2003-398511	20030411
			IT 2000-MI2201	A 20001012
			WO 2001-EP11665	W 20011009

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:  
 OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 136:325420  
 GI



II

AB Useful for the treatment of diabetes, particularly type 2, are compds. or salts thereof, having the following general formula

A-(B)n-(C)m-NO2 [I; wherein A = radical of a drug having an antinflammatory or analgesic activity; B = bivalent linking group wherein the precursor must meet certain tests described in the application; C = another defined bivalent linking group; n and m = 0 or 1, provided that (n + m) = 1 or 2]. I can be used in conjunction with other antidiabetic drugs, particularly insulin. I increase the direct antidiabetic effect of insulin, and reduce complications of diabetes, particularly vascular diseases, retinopathies, neuropathies, etc.. The values of n and m, i.e., the presence or absence of bivalent linkers B and C, alone or in combination, are based on performance of the precursors of the linkers in certain tests (no data). These tests are designated as follows: (test 4A): inhibition by > 15% of hemolysis of rat erythrocytes induced by cumene hydroperoxide; (test 5): inhibition of radical production by  $\geq$  50% in the oxidative degradation of D-desoxyribose in aqueous Fe2+(NH4)2(SO4)2/thiobarbituric acid solution; and (test 4): inhibition by  $\geq$  50% of DPPH-induced radical production in MeOH solution. For instance, acetylsalicylic acid chloride was esterified with 3-(hydroxymethyl)phenol (80%), followed by nitration of the resultant Ph ester with HNO3/H2SO4 (82%), to give invention compound II, which is thus the 3-(nitroxymethyl)phenyl ester of aspirin. When tested on isolated aorta from insulin-resistant rats, compound II at a concentration of 10<sup>-4</sup> M gave 70% vasorelaxation, relative to non-insulin-resistant controls. This effect was unchanged by the presence or absence of the irreversible NO synthetase inhibitor L-NAME. In contrast, both Na nitroprussiate and the indomethacin analog of II, known NO donors, were inactive, and the antidiabetic drug metformin was inactivated by L-NAME.

L5 ANSWER 13 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1987-85057 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 106:85057

TITLE: Correction of: 106:19047

INVENTOR(S): Preparation of D-phenylalanine derivatives and their use as hypoglycemic agents

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Toyoshima, Shigeshi; Seto, Yoshiko; Shinkai, Hisashi;

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 25 pp.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 196222	A2	19861001	EP 1986-302217	19860326
EP 196222	A3	19880224		
EP 196222	B1	19920129		
	R: CH, DE, FR, GB, LI			
JP 63054321	A	19880308	JP 1986-61833	19860319
JP 04015221	B	19920317		
US 4816484	A	19890328	US 1988-146719	19880121
US 34878	E	19950314	US 1993-157564	19931123
			JP 1985-62276	A 19850327
			JP 1986-38111	A1 19860222
			US 1986-844970	A3 19860327
			US 1988-146719	A5 19880121
			US 1989-844970	B3 19890327

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: -

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 106:85057; MARPAT 106:85057

AB D-Phenylalanine derivs. D-R2CONR3CH(CO2R1)CH2Ph [I; R1 = H, Cl-5 alkyl, C6-12 aryl or aralkyl, Q, CH2CO2R3, CHMeOCOR3, CH2OCOCHMe3; R2 = (un)substituted C6-12 aryl, 5- or 6-membered heterocyclyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl; R3 = H, Cl-5 alkyl], their salts, and precursors which can be converted thereto in the human or animal body, useful as hypoglycemics, were prepared via conventional N-acylating reactions. D-Phenylalanine in 10% aqueous NaOH was successively treated with Me2CO, 4-ETC6H4COCl in Me2CO, and 10% aqueous NaOH to give 83% acylphenylalanine D-II. At 25 mg/kg in mice, D-II decreased blood glucose 34% in min.

L5 ANSWER 14 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1987:19047 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 106:19047

TITLE: Preparation of D-phenylalanine derivatives and their use as hypoglycemic agents

INVENTOR(S): Toyoshima, Shigeshi; Seto, Yoshiko; Shinkai, Hisashi; Toi, Koji; Kumashiro, Izumi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ajinomoto Co., Inc., Japan

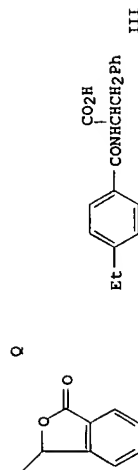
SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 25 pp.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 196222 A2		19861001	EP 1986-302217	19860326
	R: CH, DE, FR, GB, LI			
	PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			
			JP 1985-62276	19850327



AB D-Phenylalanine derivs. D-R2CONR3CH(CO2R1)CH2Ph [I; R1 = H, Cl-5 alkyl, C6-12 aryl or aralkyl, Q, CH2CO2R3, CHMeOCOR3, CH2OCOCHMe3; R2 = (un)substituted C6-12 aryl, 5- or 6-membered heterocyclyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl; R3 = H, Cl-5 alkyl], their salts, and precursors which can be converted thereto in the human or animal body, useful as hypoglycemics, were prepared via conventional N-acylating reactions. D-Phenylalanine in 10% aqueous NaOH was successively treated with Me2CO, 4-ETC6H4COCl in Me2CO, and 10% aqueous NaOH to give 83% acylphenylalanine D-II. At 25 mg/kg in mice, D-II decreased blood glucose 34% in 60 min.

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E US200500234129/PN,AN

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498 NATEGLINIDE
L6 0 SALT? (W) NATEGLINIDE

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10/507255 SALTS OF NATEGLINIDE -str\_regno\_text -Search

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("NATEGLINIDE"(W) "SALT")

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L7 ANSWER 1 OF 1 HCAPIUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003.737716 HCAPIUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:230996
TITLE: Preparation and properties of nateglinide
salts
INVENTOR(S): Sutton, Paul Allen; Vivilecchia, Richard Victor;
Parker, David John; De La Cruz, Marilyn
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Novartis Ag, Switz.; Novartis Pharma GmbH
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 46 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
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WO 2003076393 AI 20030918 WO 2003-EP2447 20030310
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GR, GU,
HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LT, LU,
LV, MA, MD, MK, MN, MX, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC,
SE, SG, SK, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, UA, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZW
RM: AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE,
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CA 2478599 AI 20030918 CA 2003-2478599 20030310
AU 2003214112 AI 20030922 AU 2003-214112 20030310
EP 1483232 AI 20041208 EP 2003-709769 20030310
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK
BR 2003008316 A 20041228 BR 2003-8316 20030310
JP 2005519949 T 20050707 JP 2003-574615 20030310
CN 1642904 A 20050720 CN 2003-805803 20030310
US 2005234129 A 20051020 US 2004-507255 20040928
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2002-363178P P 20020311
WO 2003-EP2447 W 20030310

AB The invention relates to salts of nateglinide having specified properties
(im.ps., solubilities, x-ray diffraction patterns) for use in
pharmaceutical comps. for preventing or treating diabetes, cardiovascular
diseases, etc. Nateglinide Na, K, Ca, Mg, N-methyl-D-glucamine, TRIS,
lysine, and ammonium salts were prepared and their properties tabulated.
REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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L7 ANSWER 1 OF 1 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:737716 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:230996  
TITLE: Preparation and properties of nateglinide salts

INVENTOR(S): Sutton, Paul Allen; Vivilecchia, Richard Victor;  
Parker, David John; De La Cruz, Marilyn  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Novartis Ag, Switz.; Novartis Pharma GmbH  
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 46 pp.  
CODEN: FIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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RM:	AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR			
CA 2478599	AI	20030918	CA 2003-2478599	20030310
AU 2003214112	AI	20030922	AU 2003-214112	20030310
EP 1483232	AI	20041208	EP 2003-709769	20030310
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,			

10/507255 SALTS OF NATEGLINIDE -str\_regno\_text -Search

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BR 2003008316 JP 2003-8316 20030310  
A 20041228 BR 2003-574615 20030310  
JP 2005519949 T 20050707 CN 2003-805803 20030310  
CN 1642904 A 20050720 US 2004-507255 20040928  
US 2005234129 AI 20051020 P 20020311  
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:  
US 2002-363178P  
WO 2003-EP2447 W 20030310

IT Heart, disease  
(angina pectoris; preparation and properties of nateglinide salts)  
IT Artery, disease  
(coronary; preparation and properties of nateglinide salts)  
IT Kidney, disease  
(diabetic nephropathy; preparation and properties of nateglinide salts)  
IT Nerve, disease  
(diabetic neuropathy; preparation and properties of nateglinide salts)  
IT Eye, disease  
(diabetic retinopathy; preparation and properties of nateglinide salts)  
IT Ulcer  
(foot; preparation and properties of nateglinide salts)  
IT Kidney, disease  
(glomerulosclerosis; preparation and properties of nateglinide salts)  
IT Sexual disorders  
(impotence; preparation and properties of nateglinide salts)  
IT Heart, disease  
(infarction; preparation and properties of nateglinide salts)  
IT Eye, disease  
(macula, degeneration; preparation and properties of nateglinide salts)  
IT Acidosis  
(metabolic; preparation and properties of nateglinide salts)  
IT Ovary, disease  
(polycystic; preparation and properties of nateglinide salts)  
IT Ovarian cycle  
(premenstrual syndrome; preparation and properties of nateglinide salts)  
IT Antiarthritics  
Antidiabetic agents  
Antihypertensives  
Antioesity agents  
Arthritis  
Cardiovascular system, disease  
Cataract  
Connective tissue, disease  
Diabetes insipidus  
Hyperglycemia  
Hypertension  
Obesity  
Osteoporosis  
Skin, disease

10/507255 SALTS OF NATEGLINIDE -str\_regno\_text -Search

X-ray diffraction  
(preparation and properties of nateglinide salts)  
IT Hyperlipidemia  
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
(preparation and properties of nateglinide salts)  
IT Artery, disease  
(restenosis; preparation and properties of nateglinide salts)  
IT Brain, disease  
(stroke; preparation and properties of nateglinide salts)  
IT Inflammation  
Intestine, disease  
(ulcerative colitis; preparation and properties of nateglinide salts)  
IT 50-99-7, D-Glucose, biological studies  
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
(impaired tolerance; preparation and properties of nateglinide salts)  
IT 105816-04-4, Nateglinide  
RL: PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(preparation and properties of nateglinide salts)  
IT 592523-31-4P 592523-32-5P 592524-24-8P 594837-85-1P 594837-86-2P  
594837-87-3P 594837-88-4P 594837-89-5P  
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(preparation and properties of nateglinide salts)  
IT 9004-10-8, Insulin, biological studies  
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
(resistance; preparation and properties of nateglinide salts)

REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE

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AND TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION, AND FACHINFORMATIONSZENTRUM KARLSRUHE  
FILE CONTAINS CURRENT INFORMATION.  
LAST RELOADED: Apr 27, 2007 (20070427/UP).

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CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE

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ENTRY 0.00	SESSION -11.70

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PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.  
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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 1 MAY 2007 HIGHEST RN 934050-43-8  
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 1 MAY 2007 HIGHEST RN 934050-43-8

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.  
TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH December 2, 2006  
Please note that search-term pricing does apply when  
conducting SmartSELECT searches.

REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and  
predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of  
experimental property data in the original document. For information  
on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

<http://www.cas.org/support/stngen/stdoc/properties.html>

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10/507255 SALTS OF NATEGLINIDE -str\_regno\_text -Search

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The following are valid formats:

Substance information can be displayed by requesting individual fields or predefined formats. The predefined substance formats are: (RN = CAS Registry Number)

REG - RN  
SAM - Index Name, MF, and structure - no RN  
FIDE - All substance data, except sequence data  
IDE - FIDE, but only 50 names  
SQIDE - IDE, plus sequence data  
SQIDE3 - Same as SQIDE, but 3-letter amino acid codes are used  
SQD - Protein sequence data, includes RN  
SQD3 - Same as SQD, but 3-letter amino acid codes are used  
SQN - Protein sequence name information, includes RN

CALC - Table of calculated properties  
EPROP - Table of experimental properties  
PROP - EPROP and CALC

Any CA File format may be combined with any substance format to obtain CA references citing the substance. The substance formats must be cited first. The CA File predefined formats are:

ABS -- Abstract  
APPS -- Application and Priority Information  
BIB -- CA Accession Number, plus Bibliographic Data  
CAN -- CA Accession Number  
CBIB -- CA Accession Number, plus Bibliographic Data (compressed)  
IND -- Index Data  
IPC -- International Patent Classification  
PATS -- PI, SO  
STD -- BIB, IPC, and NCL

IABS -- ABS, indented, with text labels  
IBIB -- BIB, indented, with text labels  
ISTD -- STD format, indented

OBIB ----- AN, plus Bibliographic Data (original)  
OIBIB ----- OBIB, indented with text labels

SBIB ----- BIB, no citations  
SIBIB ----- IBIB, no citations

The ALL format gives FIDE BIB ABS IND RE, plus sequence data when it is available.  
The MAX format is the same as ALL.  
The IALL format is the same as ALL with BIB ABS and IND indented, with text labels.

For additional information, please consult the following help messages:

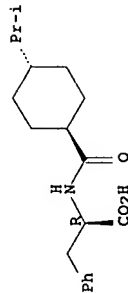
HELP DFIELDS -- To see a complete list of individual display fields.  
HELP FORMATS -- To see detailed descriptions of the predefined formats.  
ENTER DISPLAY FORMAT (IDE):ide

Page 25 searched 5/2/07

10/507255 SALTS OF NATEGLINIDE -str\_regno\_text -Search

L9 ANSWER 1 OF 9 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
RN 594837-89-5 REGISTRY  
ED Entered STN: 29 Sep 2003  
CN D-Prenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-, ammonium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
FS STEREOSEARCH  
MF C19 H27 N O3 . x H3 N  
SR CA  
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL  
CRN (105816-04-4)

Absolute stereochemistry.



● x NH<sub>3</sub>

\*\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)  
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 17:49:04 ON 02 MAY 2007)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 17:49:18 ON 02 MAY 2007

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED  
L2 5 S L1 SSS SAM  
L3 82 S L1 SSS FULL

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 17:50:19 ON 02 MAY 2007

L4 44 S L3/P  
L5 14 S SALT? AND L4  
E US20050234129/PRN,PN,AN  
E US200500234129/PRN,PN,AN  
E NATEGLINIDE+ALL/CT  
L6 0 S SALT? (W) NATEGLINIDE  
L7 1 S "NATEGLINIDE SALT?"  
E US20050234129/PRN,PN,AN

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 18:00:24 ON 02 MAY 2007

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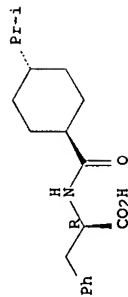
L9 9 S 105816-04-4/RN OR 592523-31-4/RN OR 592523-32-5/RN OR 592524

Page 26 searched 5/2/07

=&gt; d 19 1-9

L9 ANSWER 1 OF 9 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 RN 594837-89-5 REGISTRY  
 ED Entered STN: 29 Sep 2003  
 CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-, ammonium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 FS STEREOSEARCH  
 MF C19 H27 N O3 . x H3 N  
 SR CA  
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL  
 CRN (105816-04-4)

Absolute stereochemistry.

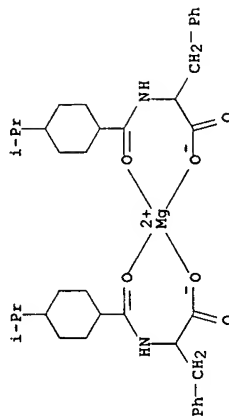


● x NH3

\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

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 2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

L9 ANSWER 2 OF 9 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 RN 594837-88-4 REGISTRY  
 ED Entered STN: 29 Sep 2003  
 CN Magnesium, bis[N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-κO]-D-phenylalaninato-κO)-, (T-4) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
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 CI CCS  
 SR CA  
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

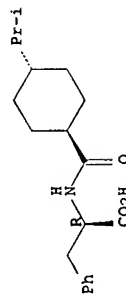


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 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

L9 ANSWER 3 OF 9 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 RN 594837-87-3 REGISTRY  
 ED Entered STN: 29 Sep 2003  
 CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-, calcium salt (2:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 FS STEREOSEARCH  
 MF C19 H27 N O3 . 1/2 Ca  
 SR CA  
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL  
 CRN (105816-04-4)

Absolute stereochemistry.



● 1/2 Ca

\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

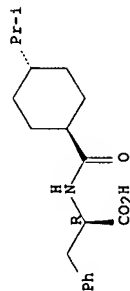
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L9 ANSWER 4 OF 9 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 RN 594837-86-2 REGISTRY  
 ED Entered STN: 29 Sep 2003  
 CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-, monopotassium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 FS STEREOSEARCH

10/507255 SALTS OF NATEGLINIDE -str\_regno\_text -Search

MF C19 H27 N O3 . K  
SR CA  
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL  
CRN (105816-04-4)

Absolute stereochemistry.



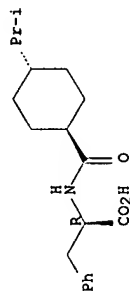
● K

\*\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

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1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

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RN 594837-85-1 REGISTRY  
ED Entered STN: 29 Sep 2003  
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LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL  
CRN (105816-04-4)

Absolute stereochemistry.



● Na

\*\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

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2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

L9 ANSWER 6 OF 9 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

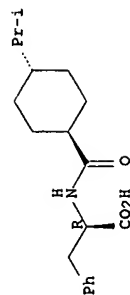
10/507255 SALTS OF NATEGLINIDE -str\_regno\_text -Search

RN 592524-24-8 REGISTRY  
ED Entered STN: 25 Sep 2003  
CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-, compd. with L-lysine (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
FS STEREOSEARCH  
MF C19 H27 N O3 . C6 H14 N2 O2  
SR CA  
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

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CRN 105816-04-4  
CMF C19 H27 N O3

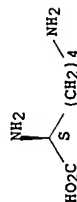
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 56-87-1  
CMF C6 H14 N2 O2

Absolute stereochemistry.



\*\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)  
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

L9 ANSWER 7 OF 9 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
RN 592523-32-5 REGISTRY  
ED Entered STN: 25 Sep 2003  
CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-, compd. with 2-amino-2-(hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediol (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
FS STEREOSEARCH  
MF C19 H27 N O3 . C4 H11 N O3  
SR CA  
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

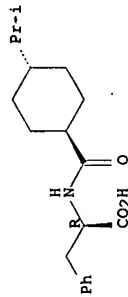
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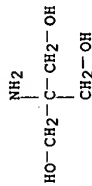
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 77-86-1

CMF C4 H11 N O3



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

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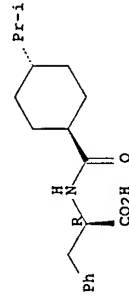
L9 ANSWER 8 OF 9 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN  
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ED Entered STN: 25 Sep 2003  
CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-, compd.  
with 1-deoxy-l-(methylamino)-D-glucitol (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
FS STEREOSEARCH  
MF C19 H27 N O3 . C7 H17 N O5  
SR CA  
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

CM 1

CRN 105816-04-4

CMF C19 H27 N O3

Absolute stereochemistry.

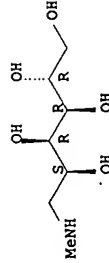


CM 2

CRN 6284-40-8

CMF C7 H17 N O5

Absolute stereochemistry.

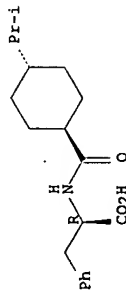


\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)  
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

L9 ANSWER 9 OF 9 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN  
RN 105816-04-4 REGISTRY  
ED Entered STN: 21 Dec 1986  
CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)  
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:  
CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[(4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-, trans-  
CN (-)-N-[(trans-4-Isopropylcyclohexyl)carbonyl]-D-phenylalanine  
CN A 4166  
CN AY 4166  
CN D-Nateglinide  
CN DJN 608  
CN Fastic  
CN Nateglinide  
CN SD2-DJN 608  
CN Senaglinide  
CN Starlix  
CN Starlix DS  
CN Starsis  
FS STEREOSEARCH  
DR 418766-62-8  
MF C19 H27 N O3  
CI COM  
SR CA  
LC STN Files: ADISINSIGHT, ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CABA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBAB, CHEMCATS, CIN, CSCHEM, DDFU, DRUGU, EMBASE, IMSDRUGNEWS, IMPATENTS, IMSRESEARCH, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK\*, PATDASPC, PHAR, PIRA, PROMT, PROUSDDR, PS, RTECS\*, SCISEARCH, SYNTHLINE, TOXCENTER, USAN, USPAT2, USPATFULL  
(\*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Absolute stereochemistry.



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

535 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)  
10 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA  
538 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

=> fil stng  
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS  
FULL ESTIMATED COST  
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)  
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE

SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
21.30	282.65
0.00	-11.70

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FILE CONTAINS CURRENT INFORMATION.  
LAST RELOADED: Apr 27, 2007 (20070427/UP).

=> fil hcaplu  
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS  
FULL ESTIMATED COST  
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)  
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE

SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
0.12	282.77
0.00	-11.70

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 18:07:36 ON 02 MAY 2007  
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 2 May 2007 VOL 146 ISS 19  
FILE LAST UPDATED: 1 May 2007 (20070501/ED)

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This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

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FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 17:49:18 ON 02 MAY 2007  
STRUCTURE UPLOADED  
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82 S L1 SSS FULL

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 17:50:19 ON 02 MAY 2007  
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14 S L3/P  
E US20050234129/PRN,PN,AN  
E US20050234129/PRN,PN,AN  
E NATEGLINIDE+ALL/CT  
0 S SALT? (W) NATEGLINIDE  
1 S "NATEGLINIDE SALT?"  
E US2005234129/PRN,PN,AN

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 18:00:24 ON 02 MAY 2007  
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FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 18:04:27 ON 02 MAY 2007  
9 S 105816-04-4/RN OR 592523-31-4/RN OR 592523-32-5/RN OR 592524

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 18:06:38 ON 02 MAY 2007

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 18:07:36 ON 02 MAY 2007

=> d 14 1-44 ibib abs

L4 ANSWER 1 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:14393 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:163387  
TITLE: Preparation of H type nateglinide crystal  
INVENTOR(S): Chen, Songnian; Feng, Qianjian; Yu, Yingmin  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hangzhou Pollen Co., Ltd., Peop. Rep. China  
SOURCE: Faming Zhuanni Shengqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 5pp.  
CODEN: CNXKEV

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: Chinese  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
CN 1887858	A	20070103	CN 2006-10052617	20060721
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			CN 2006-10052617	20060721
OTHER SOURCE(S):			CASREACT 146:163387	

AB The title method comprises the steps of: (1) condensing trans-4-isopropylcyclohexanecarbonyl chloride with D-phenylalanine to

obtain crude crystal of B type nateglinide, (2) dissolving the crude crystal in the solution of methanol, aminomethane and water (volume ratio of 60:20:20), heating to 40-60°C, adding 2% active carbon, decoloring for 7-15 min, filtering, cooling to 10°C to precipitate, filtering, washing with 40% ethanol till neutral, and drying to obtain H type nateglinide crystal, and (3) recrystg, the mother solution to obtain H type nateglinide crystal. The product of H type nateglinide crystal has good physiol. activity.

L4 ANSWER 2 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:657506 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:103952

TITLE: Process for the preparation of nateglinide, preferably

in B-form

INVENTOR(S): Vignano, Enrico; Pizzatti, Enrica; Lanfranconi, Simona;

Wolteni, Renato; Landonio, Ernesto

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Italy

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 22 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2006148902	A1	20060706	US 2005-28283	20050103
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2005-28283	20050103

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 145:103952

AB The invention relates to a process for the preparation of nateglinide, preferably in B-form, substantially free from the H-form, comprising three steps starting from (i) reaction in an organic solvent between D-phenylalanine Me ester or a salt and trans-4-isopropylcyclohexanecarboxylic acid in the presence of an acyl chloride or carbonyldiimidazole, optionally isolating the nateglinide Me ester obtained and re-dissolving it in a second organic solvent, (ii) addition of water and alkali hydroxide to the reaction mixture and separation of the aqueous

phase containing the alkali salt of nateglinide, and (iii) addition of hydrochloric acid to the aqueous phase from step (ii) to obtain nateglinide. In an example, the reaction was carried out in acetone in the presence of triethylamine and Et chloroformate and hydrolysis of nateglinide Me ester was carried out using toluene, triethylammonium chloride, and aqueous potassium hydroxide to afford nateglinide in B-form (130.44°C).

L4 ANSWER 3 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:328161 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:173833

TITLE: Direct separation and enantioseparation of nateglinide

AUTHOR(S): stereoisomers by HPLC

Yin, Yanjie; Zhang, Qiming; Li, Huiyi; Ning, Beoming;

Liu, Wenying; Han, Songjiu

China Pharmaceutical University, Nanjing, 210009,

Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: Yaowu Fenxi Zazhi (2005), 25(6), 657-659

CODEN: YFZADL; ISSN: 0254-1793

PUBLISHER: Yaowu Fenxi Zazhi Bianji Weiyuanhui

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Chinese

AB An HPLC method was developed to sep. the enantiomers of nateglinide as well as trans-nateglinide and cis-nateglinide. The nateglinide enantiomers, trans-nateglinide and cis-nateglinide were directly separated on a HPLC chiral stationary phase consisting of the Kromasil TBB with hexane-2-propanol-acetic acid (95:5:0.2) as eluent and a flow rate of 0.6 mL/min-1 at 258 nm and 20°C. Three kinds of Nateglinide could be completely separated, and the resols. were 2.38 and 1.85, resp. The method can be used for separating the nateglinide enantiomers, trans-nateglinide and cis-nateglinide and determining content of nateglinide.

L4 ANSWER 4 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1328488 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:51894

TITLE: One-pot process for the preparation of nateglinide

INVENTOR(S): Kankan, Rajendra Narayanrao; Rao, Dharmaraj

Ramachandra; Singh, Manjinder; Birari, Dilip Ramdas

Cipla Limited, India; Wain, Christopher Paul

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 32 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2005121071	A1	20051222	WO 2005-GB2267	20050608

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

RN: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CI, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, MG, MN, MW, MX, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

AU 2005252002 AU 2005-252002 20050608

CA 2570041 CA 2005-2570041 20050608

EP 1765769 EP 2005-750279 20050608

R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

WO 2004-13084 A 20040611

WO 2005-GB2267 W 20050608

CASREACT 144:51894; NAREPAT 144:51894

AB A one-pot process for the preparation of nateglinide is presented which comprises amidation of a Cl-4 alkyl ester of D-phenylalanine, either as the free base or in salt form (typically the hydrochloride), with trans-4-isopropylcyclohexanecarboxylic acid or its acid halides to obtain a Cl-4 alkyl ester of nateglinide, preferably the Me ester of nateglinide, followed by alkali (e.g., NaOH) saponification and acidification (e.g., HCl) to yield nateglinide (m.p. 128-131°).

REFERENCE COUNT: 6

THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 5 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1261034 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

144:23128

TITLE: Stable nateglinide form b compositions via crystallization

INVENTOR(S): Venkataraman, Sundaram; Narsapur, Sharat Pandurang; Kharkar, Manoj Ramesh; Bangarubabu, Rongali; Sandeep, Mohanty; Sayantani, Pyne; Raju, Kakralapudi Ranga

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Dr. Reddy's Laboratories Ltd., India; Dr. Reddy's Laboratories, Inc.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 14 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

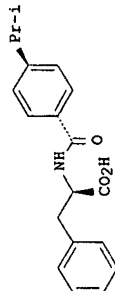
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2005113485	A2	20051201	WO 2005-US17664	20050520
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, VZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
	RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, BG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, NF, SN, TD, TG			
	CA 2563793	A1	20051124	20050509
	US 2006004102	A1	20060105	20050509
	EP 1656339	A1	20060517	20050509
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK, BA, HR, IS, YU			
	CN 1950331	A	20070418	20050509
	US 2004-572689P	P	20040520	
	US 2004-586431P	P	20040708	
	US 2005-644614P	P	20050118	

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

GI



AB A process for preparing nateglinide Form B comprises dissolving nateglinide (I) in a solvent and adding the solution, at temps. of 40-45°C, to a hydrocarbon liquid that is at temps. of 40-45°C. Then, water is added and the mixture is allowed to cool, producing crystals of nateglinide Form B.

I4 ANSWER 6 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1240947 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:11562

TITLE: Process for the preparation of polymorphic crystalline forms of nateglinide ammonium salt

INVENTOR(S): Wizel, Shlomit; Frenkel, Gustavo; Gome, Boaz

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Teva Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd., Israel; Teva

SOURCE: Pharmaceuticals Usa, Inc.

PCT Int. Appl., 25 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2005110972	A1	20051124	WO 2005-US16343	20050509
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, VZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
	RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, BG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, NF, SN, TD, TG			
	CA 2563793	A1	20051124	20050509
	US 2006004102	A1	20060105	20050509
	EP 1656339	A1	20060517	20050509
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK, BA, HR, IS, YU			
	CN 1950331	A	20070418	20050509
	US 2004-569047P	P	20040507	
	WO 2005-US16343	W	20050509	

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

AB Anti-hyperglycemic polymorphic crystalline forms of nateglinide ammonium salt are prepared

REFERENCE COUNT: 12

THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

I4 ANSWER 7 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:841495 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:315230

TITLE: Synthesis of nateglinide analogs and their bioactivity determination

AUTHOR(S): Zhang, Jianxin; Dong, Junjun; Han, Han; Gong, Zehui; Huang, Shijie; Liu, Kelian

CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute of Pharmacology and Toxicology, Academy of Military Medical Sciences, Beijing, 100850, Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: Zhongguo Yaowu Huaxue Zazhi (2004), 14(6), 335-339, 362

CODEN: ZYHZE7; ISSN: 1005-0108

PUBLISHER: Zhongguo Yaowu Huaxue Zazhi Bianjibu

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Chinese

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 145:315230

AB Analogs of nateglinide (i.e., N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbon yl]-D-phenylalanine) were synthesized, and their biol. activities were tested by glycemia levels in mice. The new compds. were synthesized using N-(isopropyl)piperazine, N-isopropyl-4-piperidinecarboxylic acid, trans-4-dimethylamino-1-cyclohexanecarboxylic acid and substituted

phenylalanine as the starting materials. The biol. activities of the new compds. were tested by the glycemia levels in mice via drug administration after forbiddance of food-intake and oral delivery of glucose. Forty-three new compds. were synthesized, and their structures were confirmed by elementary anal., IR, polarimetric anal., <sup>1</sup>H-NMR and MS. One compound, 4-fluoro-N-[[4-(1-methylethyl)-1-piperazinyl]carbonyl]-L-phenylalanine monohydrochloride, showed significant hypoglycemic effect on glycemia of mice, and had an (S)-configuration at the chiral center, which was opposite to the control.

L4 ANSWER 8 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:476519 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:97635

TITLE: Improved process for the preparation of hypoglycemic agent nateglinide

INVENTOR(S): Zhong, Bohua; Wu, Bo; Yan, Yuan  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Toxic Drug Inst., Academy of Military Medical Science, PLA, Peop. Rep. China  
SOURCE: Faming Zhuanli Shengqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, No pp.

DOCUMENT TYPE: CNXXEV

LANGUAGE: Patent

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. -----  
CN 1517335 A 20040804 APPLICATION NO. -----  
CN 2003-100559 20030117  
CN 2003-100559 20030117

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 143:97635  
AB A scalable process for the preparation of nateglinide, a hypoglycemic agent, was reported. The key improvement is that the acylation of D-phenylalanine with 4-isopropylcyclohexanecarbonyl chloride was performed under a homogeneous condition using a mixture of dioxane or THF and H<sub>2</sub>O as solvent, largely increasing the yield. Other features include the use of cheap Pd/C instead of previously expensive PtO<sub>2</sub> as hydrogenation catalyst in the reduction of 4-isopropylbenzoic acid into 4-isopropylcyclohexanecarboxylic acid. Purification of nateglinide by recrystn. in petroleum ether, hexane and cyclohexane or their mixts. is claimed.

L4 ANSWER 9 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:476518 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:26875

TITLE: Improved process for the preparation of hypoglycemic agent nateglinide

INVENTOR(S): Zhu, Qin; Pan, Junfang; Shi, Mingfeng  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Shanghai Huashuo Medicine Science & Technology Development Co., Ltd., Peop. Rep. China  
SOURCE: Faming Zhuanli Shengqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, No pp.

DOCUMENT TYPE: CNXXEV

LANGUAGE: Patent

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. -----  
CN 1517335 A 20040804 APPLICATION NO. -----  
CN 2003-100559 20030117  
CN 2003-100559 20030117

CN 1517334 A 20040804 CN 2003-114970 20030117  
CN 2003-114970 20030117  
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: CASREACT 143:26875  
OTHER SOURCE(S):  
AB A scalable process for the preparation of nateglinide, a hypoglycemic agent, was reported. The key improvement is that the acylation of D-phenylalanine with 4-isopropylcyclohexanecarbonyl chloride was performed under a homogeneous condition using a mixture of DMF and H<sub>2</sub>O as solvent, largely increasing the yield. Other features include the use of cheap Pd/C instead of previously expensive PtO<sub>2</sub> as hydrogenation catalyst in the reduction of 4-isopropylbenzoic acid into 4-isopropylcyclohexanecarboxylic acid.

L4 ANSWER 10 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:467801 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:7982

TITLE: Process for the preparation of the crystalline B-form nateglinide from D-phenylalanine methyl ester and trans-4-isopropylcyclohexanecarboxylic acid

INVENTOR(S): Molteni, Renato; Pizzatti, Enrica; Ianfranconi, Simona; Vigano', Enrico  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): A.M.S.A. Anonima Materie Sintetiche e Affini S.p.A., Italy  
SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 32 pp.  
CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. -----  
EP 1535900 A1 20050601 APPLICATION NO. -----  
EP 1535900 B1 20061227 EP 2003-27114 20031126  
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, R: IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, HK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK  
• AT 349418 T 20070115 AT 2003-27114 20031126  
EP 2003-27114 A 20031126

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 143:7982

AB A process for the preparation of nateglinide comprises: (i) the amidation reaction in a first organic solvent between D-phenylalanine Me ester, or a salt, and trans-4-isopropylcyclohexanecarboxylic acid and an acyl chloride, or carbonyldiimidazole, to obtain the nateglinide Me ester; (Ia) optionally isolating the nateglinide Me ester and redissolving it in a second organic solvent to give a solution; (II) addition of water and alkali hydroxide to the reaction mixture coming from step (I) without isolating the nateglinide Me ester, or, if applicable, to the solution of step (Ia), and separation of the aqueous phase containing the alkali salt of nateglinide; (III) addition of hydrochloric acid to the aqueous phase coming from step (II) to obtain nateglinide, wherein the organic solvent employed in step (II) is a water non-miscible solvent.

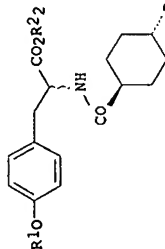
REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 11 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:414565 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:482315

TITLE: Preparation of alanine derivative as antidiabetics  
INVENTOR(S): Yang, Yushe; Tang, Lei; Ji, Ruyun; Chen, Kaixian

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Shanghai Institute of Pharmacy, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Peop. Rep. China  
SOURCE: Faming Zhuanli Shengqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 26 pp.  
CODEN: CNXXEV  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: Chinese  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
CN 1431197	A	20030723	CN 2003-115160	20030124
PRIORITY APPLIN. INFO.:			CN 2003-115160	20030124
OTHER SOURCE(S):			CASREACT 142:482315; MARPAT 142:482315	



AB Alanine derivs. I (R1 = 2-(1-indolyl)ethyl, 2-[N-(2-benzoxazolyl)-N-methyl]aminoethyl, 2-[N-methyl-N-(2-pyridinyl)]aminoethyl, 2-(4-methyl-2-phenyl-4-oxazolyl)ethyl, 4-trifluoromethylbenzyl, benzyl; R2 = H, alkyl) is prepared by condensation reaction of trans-4-isopropylcyclohexanecarboxylic acid N-succinimidyl ester with L- or D-tyrosine Me ester in inert solvent to obtain 3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-2-(trans-isopropylcyclohexyl)carboxamide)propanoic acid Me ester (II), Mitsunobu reaction with aromatic alc., and then hydrolysis with inorg. base solution. The method may be prepared by (1) etherification of II with alkyl halide in alkaline medium; (2) hydrolysis of II; or (3) condensation reaction of II with amino-protected 2-methylaminoethanol, condensation reaction with 2-fluoropyridine, and hydrolysis with base. The alanine derivative and its salt may be used to prepare the medical preps. for treating type II diabetes mellitus.

L4 ANSWER 12 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:249676 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:88520  
TITLE: Syntheses and hypoglycemia activities of N-(trans-4-isopropylcyclohexylcarboxonyl)-β-ring substituted phenylalanines  
AUTHOR(S): Pan, Man-gen; Liang, Yuan-jun; Li, Bi-hai; Zhong, Bo-hua; Huang, Shi-jie; Gong, Ze-hui; Liu, Ke-liang  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute of Pharmacology and Toxicology, Academy of Military Medical Sciences, Beijing, 100850, Peop. Rep. China  
SOURCE: Zhongguo Yaowu Huaxue Zazhi (2003), 13(5), 249-253

PUBLISHER: CODEN: ZYH2EF; ISSN: 1005-0108  
Zhongguo Yaowu Huaxue Zazhi Bianjibu  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: Chinese  
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 144:88520  
AB A series of title compds. were synthesized as nateglinide (N-(trans-4-isopropylcyclohexyl-1-carboxonyl)-D-phenylalanine) analogs by condensation of substituted phenylalanine derivs. with trans-4-isopropylcyclohexanecarbonyl chloride. 3-Fluoro-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexylcarboxonyl)-L-phenylalanine was prepared and showed hypoglycemic activity comparable to that of nateglinide.

L4 ANSWER 13 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:204069 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:482313  
TITLE: Preparation of aromatic amino acid derivatives for treatment of blood sugar disorders

INVENTOR(S): Bohua; Li, Bi-hai; Huang, Shijie; Li, Xin; Dong, Huajin; Chi, Mugen

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Institute of Toxicant and Pharmaceuticals, Academy of Military Medical Science of PLA, Peop. Rep. China  
SOURCE: Faming Zhuanli Shengqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 41 pp.  
CODEN: CNXXEV

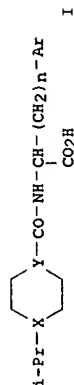
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Chinese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
CN 1453265	A	20031105	CN 2003-123272	20030425
PRIORITY APPLIN. INFO.:			CN 2002-116715	A 20020426
OTHER SOURCE(S):			CASREACT 142:482313; MARPAT 142:482313	



AB The aromatic amino acid derivs. I (n = 0, 1; X, Y = C, N; Ar = benzene ring substituted by one or more substituents (such as halo, NO2, OH, CO2H, CF3, trifluoromethoxy, methylenedioxy, methylenedithio, alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, alkoxy, alkenoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, ester group, amino, amido), other aromatic ring, heterocyclic ring or its substituted derivative), useful for the treatment of blood sugar disorders, were prepared by acylation of 3-arylalanine HCl with 4-isopropylcyclohexylcarboxonyl chloride or 1-isopropyl-4-piperidinylcarboxonyl chloride. Thus, reaction of D-3-nitrophenylalanine hydrochloride with trans-4-isopropylcyclohexanecarbonyl chloride in THF in the presence of aqueous NaOH at room temperature for 5 h gave, after acidification with aqueous HCl, 71.1% N-(trans-4-isopropylcyclohexanecarbonyl)-D-3-nitrophenylalanine (III). II showed endothelin receptor antagonist activity at 10-9mol/L.

L4 ANSWER 14' OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:59980 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:141289  
TITLE: Crystalline form of nateglinide  
Frenkel, Gustavo; Gome, Boaz; Wize, Shlomit  
INVENTOR(S): Israel  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 91 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.  
SOURCE: Ser. No. 622,905.  
CODEN: USXCO  
Patent  
English  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 4  
PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT INFO.

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE	
US 2005014836	A1	20050120	US 2003-746697	20031224	
US 2004181089	A1	20040916	US 2003-622905	20030718	
CA 2513753	A1	20040812	CA 2004-2513753	20040113	
WO 2004067496	A1	20040812	WO 2004-US839	20040113	
WO 2004067496	A9	20041209	BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NA, NI, EP 1511717	EP 2004-701826	20040113
EP 1511717	A1	20050309	GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK	20040113	
CN 1835912	A	20060920	CN 2004-80005672	20040113	
US 2007004804	A1	20070104	US 2006-516363	20060905	
PRIORITY APPL. INFO.:			US 2003-442109P	P 20030123	
			US 2003-449791P	P 20030224	
			US 2003-479016P	P 20030616	
			US 2003-622905	A2 20030718	
			US 2002-396904P	P 20020718	
			US 2002-413622P	P 20020925	
			US 2002-414199P	P 20020926	
			US 2002-423750P	P 20021105	
			US 2002-432093P	P 20021210	
			US 2002-432962P	P 20021212	
			US 2003-622999	A1 20030718	
			WO 2003-US22375	A 20030718	
			US 2003-693166	A 20031023	
			US 2003-746697	A 20031224	
			WO 2004-US839	W 20040113	

AB Crystalline forms of nateglinide and processes for their preparation, as well as pharmaceutical formulations containing them and methods of administration are provided. A process for preparing crystalline form of nateglinide comprises the steps of (a) preparing a solution of nateglinide in Et acetate, (b) seeding the solution with nateglinide crystals, and (c) recovering the crystalline form as a precipitate. The nateglinide obtained is more than about 99% pure. For example, nateglinide (5 g) was dissolved in acetonitrile, acetone, or Et acetate at about 55° in over about 15 min until a clear solution was obtained. The solvent was removed to dryness by evaporation at about 55°/20 to 30 mmHg to give dry nateglinide crystalline Form B. Also, nateglinide Form Z was

prepared by treating 7.73 g of D-phenylalanine (PheOH) with 185 mL (3.5 equiv) of 3.5% NaOH at room temperature to afford a clear solution of the corresponding Na-salt. A solution of neat trans-4-isopropylcyclohexanecarboxyl chloride (IPCHAC, 9.02 g, 1.01 equiv) was added to the solution of Phe-OH obtained above, over 3 min, while stirring at room temperature. The rest of the IPCHAC in the funnel was washed with toluene (1 mL) and added. The resulting mixture was stirred for 1 h, and was treated with 10% HCl (32 mL) to adjust the pH to 3, while stirring. The mixture was stirred for 1 h, and filtered. The solid was washed with water (200 mL) and sucked well to afford 33.3 g of the moist product, which lost weight after drying at 78/2.2 mbar (Assay 98.4%, purity >99%, yield 86%).

L4 ANSWER 15 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:55192 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:156316  
TITLE: A saponification and neutralization process for the preparation of chirally pure nateglinide from its lower alkyl esters and nateglinide polymorphic crystalline modifications  
Gazdag, Maria; Gizur, Tibor; Hegedus, Bela; Szemzo, Attila; Tarkanyi, Gabor; Toerley, Jozsef; Babjak, Monika  
INVENTOR(S): Richter Gedeon Vegyeszeti Gyar Rt., Hung.  
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 26 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT INFO.

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2005005373	A1	20050120	WO 2004-HU73	20040708
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RM: BM, GH, GM, KE, LS, MM, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, BG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, BU, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
HU 200302174	A2	20050728	HU 2003-2174	20030710
EP 1651591	A1	20060503	EP 2004-743732	20040708
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK, HR				
US 2007043117	A1	20070222	US 2006-564017	20060515
PRIORITY APPL. INFO.:			HU 2003-2174	A 20030710
			WO 2004-HU73	W 20040708

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 142:156316  
AB The preparation of chirally pure nateglinide by treating a nateglinide lower alkyl ester (e.g., Me ester) with an alkali base (e.g., sodium hydroxide) to yield an alkali salt and neutralizing liberating the salt by addition of an acid (e.g., aqueous HCl) is described as is the preparation of polymorphic crystalline modifications of nateglinide.  
REFERENCE COUNT: 8  
THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

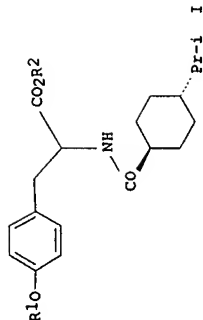
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 16 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:937572 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:317044  
TITLE: An efficient large scale synthesis of nateglinide  
AUTHOR(S): Chandrasekhar, Batchu; Sawanth, Mangesh S.; Naik, Sameer J.; Gaikwad, Nandakumar B.; Kulkarni, Pramila V.; Bhirtud, Shekar B.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Process Research and Development, Glenmark Research Centre, MIDC Mahape, Navi Mumbai, 400709, India  
SOURCE: Organic Preparations and Procedures International (2004), 36(5), 459-467  
CODEN: OPPIAK; ISSN: 0030-4948  
PUBLISHER: Organic Preparations and Procedures, Inc.  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English  
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 142:317044  
AB Nateglinide was prepared as the desired H polymorph by reaction of trans-4-isopropylcyclohexanecarboxylic acid with ClCO<sub>2</sub>Et and treating the carbonate with D-phenylalanine.  
REFERENCE COUNT: 55  
THERE ARE 55 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 17 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:648495 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:157476  
TITLE: Preparation of alanine compounds as antidiabetics  
INVENTOR(S): Yang, Yushe; Tang, Lei; Ji, Ruyun; Chen, Kaixian  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Shanghai Institute of Materia Medica, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Peop. Rep. China  
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 28 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: Chinese  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004067495	A1	20040812	WO 2003-CN96	20030128
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
AU 20030303815	A1	20040823	AU 2003-303815	20030128
EP 1591440	A1	20051102	EP 2003-815509	20030128
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK			
JP 200513250	T	20060420	JP 2004-567216	20030128
US 2006154970	A1	20060713	US 2005-543091	20030722
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			WO 2003-CN96	A 20030128
OTHER SOURCE(S):			CASREACT 141:157476; MARPAT 141:157476	

GI



AB Alanine compds. I (R1 = H, alkyl, Ph, aryl, heteroaryl, etc.; R2 = H, alkyl), useful for treatment of type II diabetes, are prepared. Thus, (2S)--2-((R)-trans-4-isopropylcyclohexyl)amino]-3-[4-{2-(5-methyl-2-phenyl-4-oxazolyl)ethoxy}phenyl]propionic acid was prepared and showed insulin sensitizer activity.

L4 ANSWER 18 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:203799 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:241062  
TITLE: Process for the formation of a crystalline polymorphic form of nateglinide  
INVENTOR(S): Reguri, Buchi Reddy; Kadaboina, Rajasekhar; Polavarapu, Srinivas  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Reddy's Laboratories Limited, India; Reddy's Laboratories, Inc.  
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 29 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004020396	A1	20040311	WO 2003-US326880	20030827
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SJ, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
IN 2002MA00631	A	20050304	IN 2002-MA631	20020828
AU 2003262928	A1	20040319	AU 2003-262928	20030827
US 2004077725	A1	20040422	US 2003-649380	20030827
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			WO 2003-NA631	A 20020828
			WO 2003-US26880	W 20030827
AB			A crystalline polymorphic form of nateglinide are described and its X-ray diffraction pattern presented.	



REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 19 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:203709. HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:259085  
 TITLE: Preparation of nateglinide inclusion complexes with cyclodextrins and their use in pharmaceutical compositions

INVENTOR(S): Xiu, Zhanqin; Wang, Lifang; Chen, Yujie; Shen, Dongmin  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Zhongqi Pharmaceutical Technology (Shijiazhuang) Co., Ltd., Peop. Rep. China  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 19 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Chinese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004019989	A1	20040311	WO 2003-CN707	20030822
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NZ, NO, NI, NL, PA, PE, PH, PL, PT, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SR, TJ, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
CN 1478470	A	20040303	CN 2002-132321	20020827
AU 2003255130	A1	20040319	CN 2003-255130	20030822
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			CN 2002-132321	A 20020827
			WO 2003-CN707	W 20030822

AB The invention relates to preparation of inclusion complexes of nateglinide, containing nateglinide and  $\beta$ -cyclodextrin and its derivatives, particularly to nateglinide- $\beta$ -cyclodextrin inclusion complexes. The preparing process comprises saturated solution method, ultrasonic method and grinding method. The inclusion complexes obtained have high stability and can be used in the manufacture of pharmaceutical formulations of nateglinide. For example, nateglinide- $\beta$ -cyclodextrin (1:2) inclusion complex prepared by grinding the mixture of 10 mL nateglinide (0.0031 mol) ethanol solution and 7g  $\beta$ -cyclodextrin (0.0062 mol), was incorporated into tablets together with starch, crosslinked CMC and magnesium stearate.

REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 20 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:182826 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:199745  
 TITLE: Synthesis and purification of nateglinide  
 INVENTOR(S): Naik, Samir Jaivanti; Kulkarni, Pramila Vijay; Gaikwad, Nandkumar Baburao; Sawant, Mangesh Shivram; Bhirud, Shekhar; Bhatu, Chandrasekar  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Glenmark Pharmaceuticals Limited, India  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 28 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004018408	A1	20040304	WO 2003-IB3270	20030812
WO 2004018408	A8	20050310		
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NZ, NO, NI, NL, PA, PE, PH, PL, PT, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SR, TJ, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
IN 2002M000773	A	20040605	IN 2002-MU773	20020826
AU 2003263386	A1	20040311	AU 2003-263386	20030812
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			IN 2002-MU773	A 20020826
			WO 2003-IB3270	W 20030812

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 140:199745; MARPAT 140:199745  
 AB N-[(trans-4-isopropylcyclohexyl)carbonyl]-D-phenylalanine (nateglinide) was prepared by reaction of trans-4-isopropylcyclohexylcarboxylic acid with an alkyl chloroformate in a ketonic solvent in the presence of a base at -20 to 30°C and reaction of the mixed anhydride product with an aqueous alkali salt solution of D-phenylalanine. An example shows the synthesis of nateglinide by using triethylamine and Et chloroformate in acetone (97% pure following HPLC).

REFERENCE COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 21 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:80637 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:151932  
 TITLE: Preparation of polymorphic forms of nateglinide  
 INVENTOR(S): Yahalom, Ronit; Shapori, Evgeny; Dollitzky, Ben-zion; Gozlan, Yigael; Gome, Boaz  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Teva Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd., Israel; Teva Pharmaceutical Usa, Inc.  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 130 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 4  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004009532	A1	20040129	WO 2003-US22375	20030718
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NZ, NO, NI, NL, PA, PE, PH, PL, PT, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SR, TJ, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NZ, NO, NI, NL, PA, PE, PH, PL, PT, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SR, TJ, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			

KG, KZ, WD,	RU,	TJ, TM, AT,	BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, NL, SE, SI, SK, TH, TR,	
BF, BJ, CF,	CG, CI, CM, CA, GN, GQ, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			20030703
US 152782	A1	20040805	US 2003-614266	
US 6861553	B2	20050301		
CA 2492644	A1	20040129	CA 2003-2492644	20030718
US 2003253971	A1	20040209	AU 2003-253971	20030718
US 2004116526	A1	20040617	US 2003-623237	20030718
US 7148376	B2	20061212		
EP 1467964	A1	20040120	EP 2003-765665	20030718
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, SK, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, MC, PT,				
US 2005011949	A1	20050120	US 2003-623290	20030718
US 2005075400	A1	20060407	US 2003-622999	20030718
CN 1723190	A	20060118	CN 2003-821921	20030718
JP 2006511614	T	20060406	JP 2005-505521	20030718
CA 2513753	A1	20040812	CA 2004-2513753	20040113
WO 2004067496	A1	20040812	WO 2004-US839	20040113
WO 2004067496	A9	20041209		
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GR, GU, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LG, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NA, NI, NL, NO, NZ, OM, PA, PE, PG, PH, PK, PL, PT, RU, SA, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, SM, SN, SR, ST, SV, TH, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VE, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
EP 1511717	A1	20050309	EP 2004-701826	20040113
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, SK, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				
CN 1835912	A	20060920	CN 2004-80005672	20060905
US 2007004804	A1	20070104	US 2006-516363	20060905
PRIORITY APPL. INFO.:			US 2002-396904P	P 20020718

The invention discloses the preparation of 26 characterized forms of nateglinide (forms A, C, D, E, F, G, I, K, L, M, N, O, P, Q, T, U, V, Y,  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ ,  $\gamma$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $\epsilon$ ,  $\sigma$ ,  $\theta$  and  $\eta$ ). Most of the forms are solvates (with the exception of forms L, P, U,  $\delta$  and  $\sigma$ ). Polymorphic forms are characterized by their mp, DSC, XRPD, FTIR; form interconversion is also discussed. For example, D-phenylalanine is reacted with trans-[[4-(isopropyl)cyclohexanecarbonyl]chloride (i. NaOHaq; ii. H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>). The wet cake of nateglinide is dissolved in EtOAc, the aqueous phase is removed and the resulting solution heated to 50° under reduced pressure and added to hot heptane. The resulting solution is cooled and seeded with the B-form to afford the  $\delta$ -form (33% yield).

9 THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE REFORMAT REFERENCE COUNT:

L4 ANSWER 22 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 2004:41431 HCAPLUS  
 140:94292  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER:  
 TITLE:  
 PROCESS for preparing nateglinide and its  
 intermediates  
 YAHALOMI, RONIT; SHAPIRO, EUGENY; DOLITSKY, BEN-ZION;  
 GOZLIAN, YIGAL  
 Teva Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd., Israel; Teva  
 Pharmaceuticals Usa, Inc.  
 PCT Int. Appl., 31 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 SOURCE: Patent  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: English  
 LANGUAGE: 4  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

[illegible]

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 140:94292

A process for the preparation of nateglinide involves converting trans-4-isopropylcyclohexanecarboxylic acid into the acid chloride by reaction with thionyl chloride in the presence of an organic amide and acylation of a suitable salt of D-phenylalanine with the acid chloride in a single or two phase system or in water free of a co-solvent.

REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 23 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:892741 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:369757  
 TITLE: Process for the preparation of a crystal polymorphic form of N-(trans-4-isopropylcyclohexylcarbonyl)-D-phenylalanine (nateglinide)  
 INVENTOR(S): Rajanahendra, Shanmugasamy; Aswathanarayanappa, Chandrasekar; Puthiparampil, Tom Thomas; Sridharan, Madhavan; Ganesh, Sambasivam  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Biocon India Limited, India  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 19 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2003093222	A1	20031113	WO 2002-IN114	20020429
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NI, NL, NO, NZ, PA, PE, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2481322	A1	20031113	CA 2002-2481322	20020429
AU 2002304281	A1	20031117	AU 2002-304281	20020429
EP 1499586	A1	20050126	EP 2002-733208	20020429
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, IV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR				
HU 200500259	A2	20050628	HU 2005-259	20020429
US 2005165108	A1	20050728	US 2003-508364	20020429
JP 2005523933	T	20050811	JP 2004-501362	20020429
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: 20050811			WO 2002-IN114	20020429
AB Novel polymorph. Form C of N-(trans-4-isopropylcyclohexylcarbonyl)-D-phenylalanine (i.e., nateglinide) is produced having a different IR spectrum and X-ray diffraction patterns (presented) from previously known forms of I.				

REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 24 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:837030 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:341723  
 TITLE: Novel nateglinide crystals  
 INVENTOR(S): Koguchi, Yoshihito; Nakao, Tomoko; Sumikawa, Michito  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ajinomoto Co., Inc., Japan  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 17 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2003087039	A1	20031023	WO 2003-JP4686	20030414
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NI, NL, NO, NZ, PA, PE, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
AU 2003236243	A1	20031027	AU 2003-236243	20030414
EP 1496048	A1	20050112	EP 2003-746474	20030414
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, IV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				
US 2005101672	A1	20050512	US 2004-111963	20041015
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: 20050512			JP 2002-111963	20020415
			WO 2003-JP4686	20030414

AB A type crystal (powder X-ray diffraction main peaks: 4.4°, 5.2°, 15.7°, 18.5° (2 theta)), M type crystal (powder X-ray diffraction main peaks: 6.0°, 14.2°, 15.2°, 18.8° (2 theta)), and P type crystal (powder X-ray diffraction main peaks: 4.8°, 5.3°, 14.3°, 15.2° (2 theta)) of nateglinide, which are all novel crystals, can be prepared by a method comprising dissolving nateglinide in a solvent exhibiting high solubility for nateglinide and then adding a solvent exhibiting poor solubility for nateglinide or dissolving nateglinide in a mixed solvent comprising a solvent exhibiting high solubility for nateglinide and a solvent exhibiting poor solubility for nateglinide and then cooling the resulting nateglinide solution to precipitate crystals, subjecting the product to filtration, and then drying at a specific temperature. Nateglinide is a known antidiabetic.

REFERENCE COUNT: 10 THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 25 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:737716 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:230996  
 TITLE: Preparation and properties of nateglinide salts  
 INVENTOR(S): Sutton, Paul Allen; Vivilechia, Richard Victor; Parker, David John; De La Cruz, Marilyn  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Novartis Ag, Switz.; Novartis Pharma GmbH  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 46 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2003076393	A1	20030918	WO 2003-EP2447	20030310
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NI, NL, NO, NZ, PA, PE, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW				

HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MK, MN, MX, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SE, SG, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, RW: AM, AZ, BY, BG, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR

CA 2478599 A1 20030918 CA 2003-2478599 20030310  
AU 2003214112 A1 20030922 AU 2003-214112 20030310  
EP 1483232 A1 20041208 EP 2003-709769 20030310  
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK  
BR 200308316 A 20041228 BR 2003-8316 20030310  
JP 200551949 T 20050707 JP 2003-574615 20030310  
CN 1642904 A 20050720 CN 2003-805803 20030310  
US 2005234129 A 20051020 US 2004-507255 20040928  
PRIORITY APPL. INFO.:  
US 2002-362178P P 20020311  
WO 2002-EP2447 W 20030310

AB The invention relates to salts of nateglinide having specified properties (in ps. solubilities, X-ray diffraction patterns) for use in pharmaceutical compns. for preventing or treating diabetes, cardiovascular diseases, etc. Nateglinide Na, K, Ca, Mg, N-methyl-D-glucamine, Tris, lysine, and ammonium salts were prepared and their properties tabulated. THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 26 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:76738 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:137033  
TITLE: Oxidative process and catalysts for the manufacture of para-substituted benzoic acids from their corresponding aldehydes

INVENTOR(S): Gargis, Michael John; Shekhar, Ratna  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Novartis AG, Swiss.  
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 15 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2003008367	A2	20030130	WO 2002-US22631	20020716
WO 2003008367	A3	20030410		
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RM:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, T2, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, CA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SV, TD, TG			
US 2003023115	A1	20030330	US 2002-196600	20020715
US 6740776	B2	20040525		
AU 2002313681	A1	20030303	AU 2002-313681	20020716
PRIORITY APPL. INFO.:			US 2001-305648P	P 20010716
			WO 2002-US22631	W 20020716

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 138:137033; MARPAT 138:137033  
AB A low-temperature process for preparing aromatic acids 4-(R1R2CH)C6H4CO2H [R1, R2 = H, Cl-8 (un)branched alkyl, cycloalkyl; e.g., 4-isopropylbenzoic acid] comprises oxidizing the corresponding aromatic aldehyde 4-(R1R2CH)C6H4CHO (e.g., 4-isopropylbenzaldehyde) with a gas having an oxygen content of 1-100% at 20° to <100° in the presence of a supported Group VIII metal catalyst (e.g., Pt/C), and using a solvent having a flash point >95°C and/or a m.p. <55°, provided that the flash point of the solvent is greater than the reaction temperature

L4 ANSWER 27 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:62632 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:73015  
TITLE: Synthesis process for trans-4-isopropylcyclohexanecarboxylic acid  
INVENTOR(S): Gu, Lianquan; An, Linkun; Ma, Lin; Guo, Xindong; Huang, Zhishu  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Zhongshan Univ., Peop. Rep. China  
SOURCE: Faming Zhuanyi Shengqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 6 pp.  
CODEN: CHXVEV

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: Chinese  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
CN 1319583	A	20011031	CN 2001-107459	20010116
PRIORITY APPL. INFO.:			CN 2001-107459	20010116
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 138:73015				
AB The process comprises hydrogenating cinnamic acid in acetic acid in the presence of PtO2, recovering solvent, treating with 10-35% inorg. base (such as Ba(OH)2, KOH, or NaOH) solution at 50-150° for 10-20 h, neutralizing with HCl to pH 2, crystallizing, filtering, and recrystg. in methanol.				

L4 ANSWER 28 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:30017 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:210299  
TITLE: Study on separation of cis-isomer of nateglinide by high-pressure liquid chromatographic method  
AUTHOR(S): Yan, Xiaoyan; Hu, Xin; Cao, Guoying; He, Xiaorong; Yin, Qi  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Beijing Hospital, Ministry of Public Health, Beijing, 100730, Peop. Rep. China  
SOURCE: Zhongguo Yaoxue Zazhi (Beijing, China) (2002), 37(6), 444-446  
CODEN: ZYZAEU; ISSN: 1001-2494  
PUBLISHER: Zhongguo Yaoxue Zazhishe  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: Chinese  
AB A high-pressure liquid chromatog. method for the separation of cis-isomer of nateglinide was established on Phenomenex Luna C18 column (5 µm, 4.6 mm x 250 mm) with UV detection at 214 nm and room temperature. The mobile phase consisted of (A) acetonitrile and (B) 0.03 mol L-1 phosphate buffer (pH 2.5, 65:35, volume/volume). The resolution factors were at least 1.5. The limits of detection and quantitation limit was 0.06 and 0.18 µg mL-1, was

resp. The method is useful in separation and determination of the cis-isomer from nateglinide.

L4 ANSWER 29 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:609152 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:254901

TITLE: a new synthesis method of nateglinide as antidiabetic

drug

AUTHOR(S): Wang, Dun; Liang, Yiheng; Gong, Ping; Zhao, Yanfang

CORPORATE SOURCE: School of Pharmaceutical Engineering, Shenyang

Pharmaceutical University, Shenyang, 110016, Peop.

Rep. China

SOURCE: Zhongguo Yaowu Huaxue (2002), 12(2), 94-96

CODEN: ZYH2EF; ISSN: 1005-0108

PUBLISHER: Zhongguo Yaowu Huaxue Zazhi Bianjibu

DOCUMENT TYPE: Chinese

LANGUAGE: CASREACT 138:254901

OTHER SOURCE(S): A new antidiabetic drug-nateglinide was synthesized from isopropylbenzene

by Friedel-Crafts reaction, chloroform reaction, catalytic hydrogenation

to obtain trans-4-isopropylhexanecarboxylic acid, acylation of

D-phenylalanine Et ester, hydrolysis to obtain nateglinide B-type crystal,

and crystal-conversion. The total yield was 9.8%.

L4 ANSWER 30 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:332157 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:340998

TITLE: Process for producing B-form nateglinide crystals

Sumikawa, Michito; Maruo, Makoto; Miyazaki, Kazuo;

Nishina, Shigehiro; Matsuzawa, Yukiko

Ajinomoto Co., Inc., Japan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): PCT Int. Appl., 9 pp.

SOURCE: CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

WO 2002034713 A1 20020502 WO 2001-JP9293 20011023

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,

CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,

GM, GR, GU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,

LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NZ, PH, PL,

PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG,

US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MY, SD, SL, SZ, TG, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,

DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF,

BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GN, GO, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

AU 200196001 A 20020506 AU 2001-96001 20011023

CA 2426745 A 20030423 CA 2001-2426745 20011023

EP 1334964 A1 20030813 EP 2001-976819 20011023

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,

IE, SI, LT, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR

BR 2001014846 A 20040225 BR 2001-14846 20011023

RU 2275354 A 20060427 RU 2003-111948 20011023

US 2003229249 A1 20031211 US 2003-421888 20030424

IN 2003CN00609 A 20050415 IN 2003-CN609 20030424

PRIORITY APPL. INFO.: JP 2000-324375 A 20001024

WO 2001-JP9293 W 20011023

AB A process for producing B-form nateglinide crystals containing substantially

no H-form crystals comprises the steps of drying wet crystals of a

nateglinide solvate at a low temperature until the solvent disappears and then

causing them to undergo a crystal transition. Nateglinide is a known

antidiabetic. By this process, B-form nateglinide crystals can be

produced on an industrial scale.

REFERENCE COUNT: 3

THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 31 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:314896 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:325825

TITLE: Process for producing nateglinide crystals

Takahashi, Daisuke; Nishi, Seichi; Takahashi, Satoji

Ajinomoto Co., Inc., Japan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): PCT Int. Appl., 14 pp.

SOURCE: CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

WO 2002032854 A1 20020425 WO 2001-JP9069 20011016

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,

CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,

GM, GR, GU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,

LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NZ, PH, PL,

PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG,

US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MY, SD, SL, SZ, TG, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,

DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF,

BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GN, GO, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

AU 200194265 A 20020429 AU 2001-94265 20011016

CA 2425538 A1 20030410 CA 2001-2425538 20011016

EP 1334963 A1 20030813 EP 2001-974875 20011016

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,

IE, SI, LT, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR

BR 2001014729 A 20031014 BR 2001-14729 20011016

RU 2273629 C2 20060410 RU 2003-111021 20011016

CN 1769263 A 20060510 CN 2005-10118852 20011016

TW 251588 B 20060321 TW 2001-90125697 20011017

IN 2003CN00537 A 20050415 IN 2003-CN537 20030411

US 2004030182 A1 20040212 US 2003-418105 20030418

US 7208622 B2 20070424

PRIORITY APPL. INFO.:

JP 2000-317604 A 20001018

CN 2001-820658 A3 20011016

WO 2001-JP9069 W 20011016

CASREACT 136:325825

OTHER SOURCE(S): A process for producing nateglinide crystals comprises reacting

trans-4-isopropylcyclohexanecarbonyl chloride with D-phenylalanine in a

mixed solvent consisting of a ketone solvent and water in the presence of

an alkali to obtain a reaction mixture containing nateglinide, adding an acid

to

the reaction mixture to make it acidic, and regulating (a) the temperature to



insulin. I increase the direct antidiabetic effect of insulin, and reduce complications of diabetes, particularly vascular diseases, retinopathies, neuropathies, etc.. The values of n and m, i.e., the presence or absence of bivalent linkers B and C, alone or in combination, are based on performance of the precursors of the linkers in certain tests (no data). These tests are designated as follows: (test 4A): inhibition by > 15% of hemolysis of rat erythrocytes induced by cumene hydroperoxide; (test 5): inhibition of radical production by  $\geq 50\%$  in the oxidative degradation of desoxyribose in aqueous  $\text{Fe}^{2+}(\text{NH}_4)_2(\text{SO}_4)_2/\text{thiobarbituric acid}$  solution; and (test

4): inhibition by  $\geq 50\%$  of DPPH-induced radical production in MeOH solution. For instance, acetylsalicylic acid chloride was esterified with 3-(hydroxymethyl)phenol (80%), followed by nitration of the resultant Ph ester with  $\text{HNO}_3/\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$  (82%), to give invention compound II, which is thus the 3-(nitrooxymethyl)phenyl ester of aspirin. When tested on isolated aorta from insulin-resistant rats, compound II at a concentration of 10-4 M gave 70% vasorelaxation, relative to non-insulin-resistant controls. This effect was unchanged by the presence or absence of the irreversible NO synthetase inhibitor L-NAME. In contrast, both Na nitroprussiate and the indomethacin analog of II, known NO donors, were inactive, and the antidiabetic drug metformin was inactivated by L-NAME.

L4 ANSWER 34 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:174779 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:370326

TITLE: Synthesis of [14C]- and [3H]DUN608 [STARLIX]

AUTHOR(S): Ray, T.; Ciszewska, G.; Wu, A.; Jones, L.

CORPORATE SOURCE: DMPK-Isotope Section, Novartis Pharmaceuticals, E. Hanover, NJ, USA

SOURCE: Synthesis and Applications of Isotopically Labelled Compounds, Proceedings of the International Symposium, 7th, Dresden, Germany, June 18-22, 2000 (2001), Meeting Date 2000, 228-231. Editor(s): Fleiss, Ulrich; Vogels, Rolf. John Wiley & Sons Ltd.: Chichester, UK.  
CODEN: 69C1JC; ISBN: 0-471-49501-8

DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 137:370326

AB A novel oral medication for treating type 2 diabetes is trans-N-[(4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)-carbonyl]-D-phenylalanine, DJN608 [Starlix]. The key step in the synthesis of [14C]DJN608 was the catalytic reduction of [carboxy-14C]cyclohexyl acid in the presence of  $\text{PtO}_2$  at 55 psi of hydrogen in acetic acid to give cis/trans-4-isopropylcyclohexane-[14C]carboxylic acid in 3:1 ratio. Alternatively methods for preparing this mixture of cis- and trans- acids (3:1) are presented. Tritiated DJN608 was prepared by reduction of the corresponding chloro derivative with tritium gas in the

presence of 10% palladium on carbon.

REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 35 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:130037 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:325603

TITLE: Synthesis of Nateglinide

AUTHOR(S): Zhu, Xue-yan; Peng, Kai; Wang, Xiao-qin; Yang, Li-ping  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., East China Normal Univ., Shanghai, 200062,

SOURCE: Peop. Rep. China  
Hecheng Huaxue (2001), 9(6), 537-540

PUBLISHER: CODEN: HEHUEZ; ISSN: 1005-1511

DOCUMENT TYPE: Hecheng Huaxue Bianjibu

LANGUAGE: Chinese

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 137:325603

AB Title compound, a new antidiabetes medicine, was synthesized from iso-propylbenzene in seven steps, giving the product with overall yield 22%.

L4 ANSWER 36 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:38482 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:100592

TITLE: Preparation and effect of cycloalkylcarboxamide

derivatives as cysteine protease inhibitors

Sato, Masaaki; Mukoyama, Harunobu; Kobayashi, Junichi;

Tsuyuki, Shogo; Tokutake, Katsunori; Akabane, Satoshi

Kissei Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 27 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. -----

JP 2001011037

PRIORITY APPL. INFO.: -----

JP 1999-188275

OTHER SOURCE(S): -----

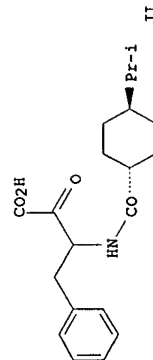
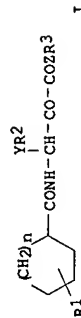
MAHPAT 134:100592

GI

KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

A 20010116 JP 1999-188275 19990701

JP 1999-188275 19990701





AB Title compds. [I; R1 = alkyl; Y = alkylene; R2 = OH, aryl, aryl alkoxy; R3 = H, alkyl, aryl, pyridyl, arylalkyl, pyridylalkyl; Z = O, NH; n = integer 1-3] and stereoisomers are prepared and possesses the cysteine protease inhibitory effect. Title compds. are useful in prevention of arthritis, Alzheimer's disease, rheumatism and osteoporosis. Thus, the title compound II was prepared and tested.

L4 ANSWER 37 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000:840649 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

134:110109

TITLE: Hybridization of non-sulfonylurea insulin secretagogue

and thiazolidinedione-derived insulin sensitizer

Kikajima, Hiroshi; Nakamura, Mitsuharu; Tanakawa,

Hiroki; Goto, Nobuharu

Department of Discovery Research, Welfide Corporation,

Hirakata, 573-1153, Japan

Biorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters (2000),

10(21), 2453-2456

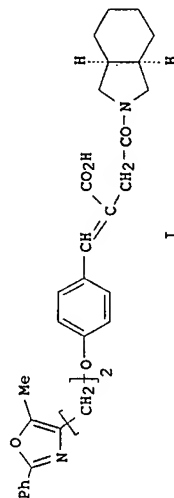
CODEN: BMCLE8; ISSN: 0960-894X

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science Ltd.

Journal

English

GI



AB Hybrid compds. of non-sulfonylurea insulinotropic agents and thiazolidinedione-derived insulin-sensitizing agents were designed and synthesized. The benzylidenesuccinic acid derivative I was equal both to nateglinide in potency of insulin-releasing activity and to pioglitazone in insulin-sensitizing activity.

REFERENCE COUNT: 19 THERE ARE 19 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 38 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1997:228845 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

126:220267

TITLE: Structure determination of metabolites isolated from

urine and bile after administration of AY4166, a novel

D-phenylalanine-derivative hypoglycemic agent.

[Erratum to document cited in CAl26:325]

Takesada, Hiroko; Matsuda, Keizo; Ohtake, Ryoko;

Mihara, Ryuichi; Ono, Ichiro; Tanaka, Kenzo; Naito,

Masaki; Yatagai, Masanobu; Suzuki, Ei-Ichiro

Central Research Laboratories, Ajinomoto Co., Inc.,

Kawasaki, 210, Japan

Biorganic & Medicinal Chemistry (1997), 5(3), 637

PUBLISHER: BMECEP; ISSN: 0968-0896

DOCUMENT TYPE: Elsevier

LANGUAGE: English

AB On page 1771 (column 2, line 26) and 1772 (column 1, line 2), the

functional group of M2 in Figure 1, which was converted from one of two

methyl groups of AY4166, should read hydroxymethyl instead of methoxyl.

On page 1776, column 2, in the parentheses of the fourth line from last,

60 mg/kg should read 60 mg/man.

L4 ANSWER 39 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1996:702133 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

126:325

TITLE: Structure determination of metabolites isolated from

urine and bile after administration of AY4166, a novel

D-phenylalanine-derivative hypoglycemic agent

Takesada, Hiroko; Matsuda, Keizo; Ohtake, Ryoko;

Mihara, Ryuichi; Ono, Ichiro; Tanaka, Kenzo; Naito,

Masaki; Yatagai, Masanobu; Suzuki, Ei-Ichiro

Central Research Laboratories, Ajinomoto Co., Inc.,

Kawasaki, 210, Japan

Biorganic & Medicinal Chemistry (1996), 4(10),

1771-1781

CODEN: BMECEP; ISSN: 0968-0896

PUBLISHER: Elsevier

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Mol. structures of 10 metabolites, which were isolated from urine (M1-M8)

or bile (M9 and M10) after administration of AY4166 (N-(trans-4-

isopropylcyclohexanecarbonyl)-D-phenylalanine), with hypoglycemic

activity, were elucidated by mass spectrometry and NMR. Four of these

(M1, M2, M3 and M8) were hydroxyl derivs. of AY4166, 2 (M9 and M10) were

carboxylate derivs. via oxidation of M2 and M3, 3 (M4, M5 and M6) were

glucuronic acid conjugates and the other (M7) was a dehydro derivative. The

structures for M1, M2, M3, M7, M8, M9 and M10 were confirmed by the

coincidence of the retention time of HPLC, MS and IR-NMR spectra between

the isolated metabolites and authentic synthesized substances. For 3

glucuronic acid conjugates, M4, M5 and M6, structural confirmation was

performed by a selective enzymic digestion with  $\beta$ -glucuronidase. M1

and M2/3 were about 5-6 and 3-fold less potent than AY4166, resp., and M7

was almost as potent as AY4166.

L4 ANSWER 40 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1995:468819 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

123:55430

TITLE: Preparation of trans-4-isopropylcyclohexanecarboxylic

acid chloride

INVENTOR(S): Matsuzawa, Toshihiro; Irie, Yasuo

Ajinomoto KK, Japan

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 3 pp.

SOURCE: CODEN: JPKXXAF

Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.

JP 07017899

KIND

A

19950120

APPLICATION NO.

JP 1993-163426

DATE

19930701



PRIORITY APPL. INFO.: JP 1993-163426 19930701  
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 123:55430  
 AB The title compound (I), useful as an intermediate for antidiabetic N-(trans-4-isopropylcyclohexylcarbonyl)-D-phenylalanine, is prepared by treatment of trans-4-isopropylcyclohexanecarboxylic acid (II) with P chloride. II was treated with PCl5 in 1,2-dichloroethane at 40° for 3 h to give 94% I and 0% the cis-isomer, whereas cis-isomer was detected, when SOCl2 was used instead of PCl5.

L4 ANSWER 41 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:261002 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 118:261002

TITLE: Stable crystals of N-(trans-4-

INVENTOR(S): Sumikawa, Michio; Koguchi, Yoshihito; Ohgane, Takao;

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Tria, Yasuo; Takahashi, Satoji

SOURCE: Ajinomoto Co., Inc., Japan

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 526171	A2	19930203	EP 1992-306895	19920729
EP 526171	A3	19930505		
EP 526171	B1	19970305		
JP 05208943	R	AT, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE		
JP 2508949	B2	19960619	JP 1992-202686	19920729
AT 149483	T	19970315		
ES 2100291	T3	19970616	AT 1992-306895	19920729
CA 2114678	A1	19950802	ES 1992-306895	19920729
	C	19990427	CA 1994-2114678	19940201

PRIORITY APPL. INFO.:

AB Stable H-type crystals of N-(trans-4-isopropylcyclohexylcarbonyl)-D-phenylalanine (I) are obtained by treating I with a solvent, at >10°. A solution of 5 g I in 20 mL acetone was added to a stirred mixture of 40 mL acetone and 60 mL water, at 25° to precipitate H-type crystals. The crystals have different m.p., IR spectrum and x-ray diffraction patterns from known forms of I and are not converted to other forms when ground.

L4 ANSWER 42 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:458305 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 111:58305

TITLE: N-(Cyclohexylcarbonyl)-D-phenylalanines and related

compounds. A new class of oral hypoglycemic agents.

2

AUTHOR(S):

Shinkai, Hisashi; Nishikawa, Masahiko; Sato, Yusuke;

Toi, Koji; Kumashiro, Izumi; Seto, Yoshiko; Fukuma,

Mariko; Dan, Katsuaki; Toyoshima, Shigeshi

Cent. Res. Lab., Ajinomoto Co., Inc., Kawasaki, 210,

Japan

SOURCE: Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1989), 32(7), 1436-41

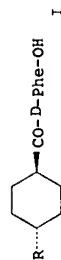
CODEN: JMCWAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 111:58305

GI



AB A series of analogs, e.g., I (R = alkyl, Ph), of N-(cyclohexylcarbonyl)-D-phenylalanine have been synthesized and evaluated for their hypoglycemic activity. Relationships were studied between the activity and the three-dimensional structure of the acyl moiety, which was characterized by high-resolution 1H NMR spectroscopy and WDO calcs. The role of the carboxyl group of the phenylalanine moiety was also studied by comparing the activities of the enantiomers, the decarboxyl derivative, the esters, and the amides of the phenylalanine derivs. Thus, the structural requirements for possessing hypoglycemic activity was elucidated and a highly active compound, N-[(trans-4-isopropylcyclohexyl)carbonyl]-D-phenylalanine (I, R = CHMe2) was obtained, which showed a 20% blood glucose decrease at an oral dose of 1.6 mg/kg in fasted normal mice.

L4 ANSWER 43 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1987:85057 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 106:85057

TITLE: Correction of: 106:19047

INVENTOR(S): Toyoshima, Shigeshi; Seto, Yoshiko; Shinkai, Hisashi;

Toi, Koji; Kumashiro, Izumi

Ajinomoto Co., Inc., Japan

Eur. Pat. Appl., 23 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 196222	A2	19861001	EP 1986-302217	19860326
EP 196222	A3	19860224		
EP 196222	B1	19920129		
JP 63054321	R	CH, DE, FR, GB, LI		
JP 04015221	B	19920317	JP 1986-61833	19860319
US 4816484	A	19890328	US 1988-146719	19880121
US 34878	E	19950314	US 1993-157564	19931123
			JP 1985-62276	A 19850327
			JP 1986-38111	AI 19860222
			US 1986-844970	A3 19860327
			US 1988-146719	A5 19880121
			US 1989-844970	B3 19890327

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 106:85057; MARPAT 106:85057

AB D-Phenylalanine derivs. D-2CONR3CH(CO2R1)CH2Ph [I; R1 = H, C1-5 alkyl,

C6-12 aryl or alkyl, Q, CH2CO2R3, CHMeOCOR3, CH2OCOCMe3; R2 = (un)substituted C6-12 aryl, 5- or 6-membered heterocyclyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl; R3 = H, Cl-5 alkyl, their salts, and precursors which can be converted thereto in the human or animal body, useful as hypoglycemics, were prepared via conventional N-acylating reactions. D-Phenylalanine in 10% aqueous NaOH was successively treated with Me2CO, 4-EtC6H4COCl in Me2CO, and 10% aqueous NaOH to give 83% acylphenylalanine D-II. At 25 mg/kg in mice, D-II decreased blood glucose 34% in min.

I4 ANSWER 44 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1987:19047 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 106:19047

TITLE: Preparation of D-phenylalanine derivatives and their

use as hypoglycemic agents

INVENTOR(S): Toyoshima, Shigeshi; Seto, Yoshiko; Shinkai, Hisashi;

Toi, Koji; Kumashiro, Izumi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ajinomoto Co., Inc., Japan

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 25 pp.

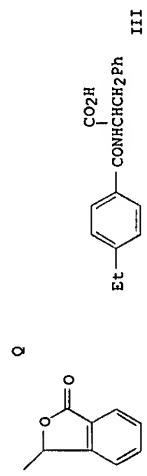
CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 196222 A2	---	19861001	EP 1986-302217	19860326
R: CH, DE, FR, GB, LI	---	---	---	---
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	---	---	---	---
GI	---	---	---	---



AB D-Phenylalanine derivs. D-R2CONR3CH(CO2R1)CH2Ph [I; R1 = H, Cl-5 alkyl, C6-12 aryl or alkyl, Q, CH2CO2R3, CHMeOCOR3, CH2OCOCMe3; R2 = (un)substituted C6-12 aryl, 5- or 6-membered heterocyclyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl; R3 = H, Cl-5 alkyl, their salts, and precursors which can be converted thereto in the human or animal body, useful as hypoglycemics, were prepared via conventional N-acylating reactions. D-Phenylalanine in 10% aqueous NaOH was successively treated with Me2CO, 4-EtC6H4COCl in Me2CO, and 10% aqueous NaOH to give 83% acylphenylalanine D-II. At 25 mg/kg in mice, D-II decreased blood glucose 34% in 60 min.

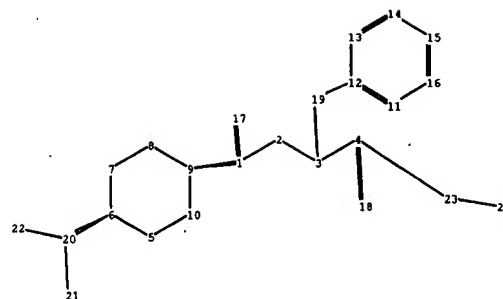
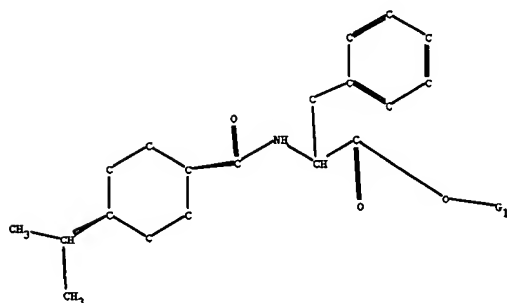
=> fil stng

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
FULL ESTIMATED COST	ENTRY	SESSION
	129.72	412.49
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE	TOTAL

CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE ENTRY SESSION  
-34.32 -46.02

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 18:08:42 ON 02 MAY 2007  
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AND TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION, AND ECHINFORMATIONSCENTRUM KARLSRUHE

FILE CONTAINS CURRENT INFORMATION.  
LAST RELOADED: Apr 27, 2007 (20070427/UP).



chain nodes :

1 2 3 4 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 28

ring nodes :

5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16

chain bonds :

1-2 1-9 1-17 2-3 3-4 3-19 4-18 4-23 6-20 12-19 20-21 20-22 23-28

ring bonds :

5-6 5-10 6-7 7-8 8-9 9-10 11-12 11-16 12-13 13-14 14-15 15-16

exact/norm bonds :

1-2 1-17 2-3 4-18 4-23 5-6 5-10 6-7 7-8 8-9 9-10 23-28

exact bonds :

1-9 3-4 3-19 6-20 12-19 20-21 20-22

normalized bonds :

11-12 11-16 12-13 13-14 14-15 15-16

G1:A,H,Ca,K,Mg,Na

Match level :

1:CLASS2:CLASS3:CLASS4:CLASS5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:Atom 11:Atom 12:Atom  
13:Atom 14:Atom 15:Atom 16:Atom 17:CLASS18:CLASS19:CLASS20:CLASS21:CLASS22:CLASS  
23:CLASS28:CLASS

Stereo Bonds:

9-1 (Single Wedge).  
20-6 (Single Hash).

Stereo Chiral Centers:

6 (Parity=Even)  
9 (Parity=Odd)

Stereo RSS Sets:

Type=Relative (Default). 2 Nodes= 6 9

10/507255 SALTS OF NATEGLINIDE - STR salt Search

=> fil reg  
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS  
FULL ESTIMATED COST

SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
0.21	0.21

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 18:29:05 ON 02 MAY 2007  
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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 1 MAY 2007 HIGHEST RN 934050-43-8  
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 1 MAY 2007 HIGHEST RN 934050-43-8

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH December 2, 2006

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when  
conducting SmartSELECT searches.

REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and  
predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of  
experimental property data in the original document. For information  
on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

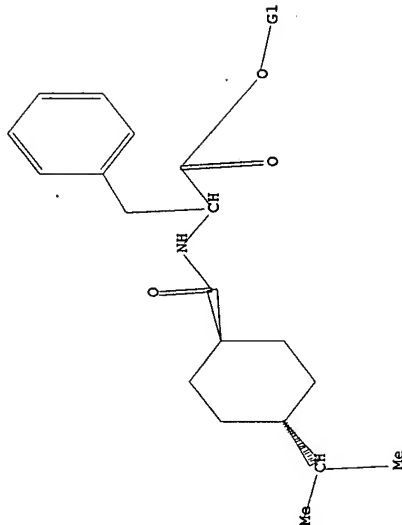
<http://www.cas.org/support/stngen/stdoc/properties.html>

=>  
Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\2007 cases\10507255\mateglinide salt.str

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d l1  
L1 HAS NO ANSWERS  
L1 STR

10/507255 SALTS OF NATEGLINIDE - STR salt Search



GI A, H, Ca, K, Mg, Na

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s l1 sss sam  
SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 18:29:42 FILE 'REGISTRY'  
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 603 TO ITERATE  
100.0% PROCESSED 603 ITERATIONS  
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01  
5 ANSWERS

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE \*\*COMPLETE\*\*  
BATCH \*\*COMPLETE\*\*  
PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 10587 TO 13533  
PROJECTED ANSWERS: 5 TO 234

L2 5 SEA SSS SAM L1

=> s l1 sss full  
FULL SEARCH INITIATED 18:29:47 FILE 'REGISTRY'  
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 11826 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 11826 ITERATIONS  
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01  
101 ANSWERS

L3 101 SEA SSS FUL L1

=> fil hcaplu  
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS  
FULL ESTIMATED COST

SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
172.10	172.31

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 18:29:57 ON 02 MAY 2007

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 2 May 2007 VOL 146 ISS 19  
FILE LAST UPDATED: 1 May 2007 (20070501/ED)

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s l3/p 46 L3/P  
L4

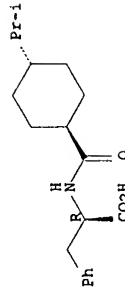
=> d l4 1-46 hitstr

L4 ANSWER 1 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

IT 105816-04-4P, Nateglinide  
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PUR (Purification or recovery); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(H type crystal; preparation of H type nateglinide crystal)

RN 105816-04-4 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[[trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



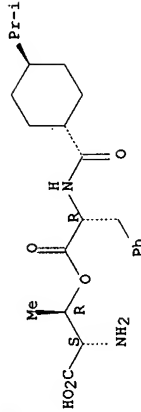
L4 ANSWER 2 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

IT 917394-14-0P  
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(preparation of L-threonine derivs. with high therapeutic index)

RN 917394-14-0 HCAPLUS  
CN L-Threonine, O-[[N-[[trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]-D-phenylalanyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Page 3 searched 5/2/07

Absolute stereochemistry.

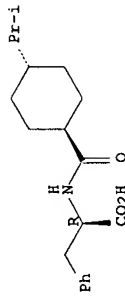


L4 ANSWER 3 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

IT 105816-04-4P, Nateglinide  
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(process for preparation of nateglinide, preferably in B-form)

RN 105816-04-4 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[[trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

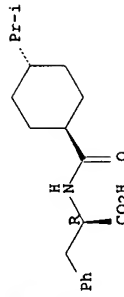


L4 ANSWER 4 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

IT 105816-04-4P, Nateglinide 105816-05-3P, L-Nateglinide  
RL: PUR (Purification or recovery); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(direct separation and enantiosepn. of nateglinide stereoisomers by HPLC)

RN 105816-04-4 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[[trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

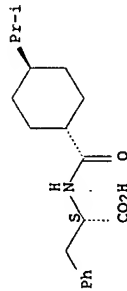
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 105816-05-5 HCAPLUS  
CN L-Phenylalanine, N-[[trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

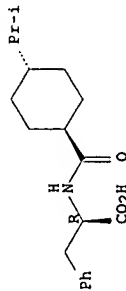
Absolute stereochemistry.

Page 4 searched 5/2/07



L4 ANSWER 5 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 IT 594837-85-1P  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (in a one-pot process for the preparation of nateglinide)  
 RN 594837-85-1 HCAPLUS  
 CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-, monosodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

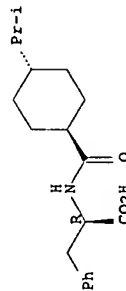
Absolute stereochemistry.



• Na

IT 105816-04-4P, Nateglinide  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (one-pot process for the preparation of nateglinide)  
 RN 105816-04-4 HCAPLUS  
 CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

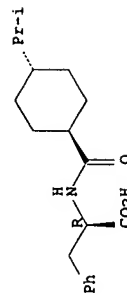
Absolute stereochemistry.



L4 ANSWER 6 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 IT 105816-04-4P, Nateglinide  
 RL: PUR (Purification or recovery); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

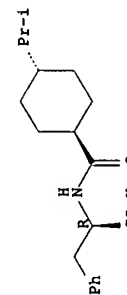
(crystallization of nateglinide as form B)  
 RN 105816-04-4 HCAPLUS  
 CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L4 ANSWER 7 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 IT 594837-89-5P  
 RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (process for the preparation of polymorphic crystalline forms of nateglinide ammonium salt)  
 RN 594837-89-5 HCAPLUS  
 CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-, ammonium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

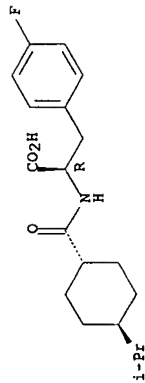
Absolute stereochemistry.



• x NH3

L4 ANSWER 8 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 IT 909102-82-5P 909102-83-6P 909102-84-7P  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)  
 (preparation of fluoro-N-[(isopropyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-D-phenylalanine derivs. (nateglinide analogs) and study of their activity as hypoglycemic agents)  
 RN 909102-82-5 HCAPLUS  
 CN D-Phenylalanine, 4-fluoro-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

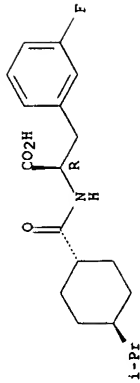
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



● HCl

RN 909102-83-6 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Phenylalanine, 3-fluoro-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

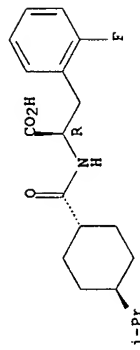
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



● HCl

RN 909102-84-7 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Phenylalanine, 2-fluoro-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



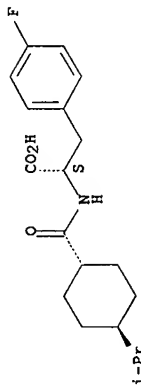
● HCl

IT 909102-79-0P, 4-Fluoro-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-L-phenylalanine monohydrochloride  
909102-80-3P 909102-81-4P  
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of fluoro-N-[(isopropyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]-L-phenylalanine derivs. (nateglinide analogs) and study of their activity as hypoglycemic agents)

RN 909102-79-0 HCAPLUS  
CN L-Phenylalanine, 4-fluoro-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

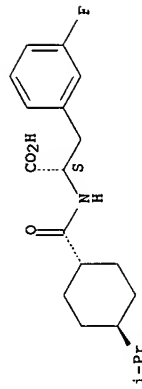
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



● HCl

RN 909102-80-3 HCAPLUS  
CN L-Phenylalanine, 3-fluoro-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



● HCl

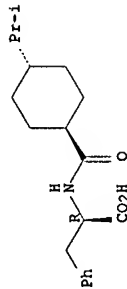
RN 909102-81-4 HCAPLUS  
CN L-Phenylalanine, 2-fluoro-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

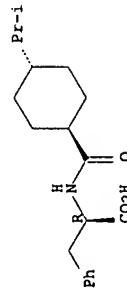




ANSWER 9 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
105816-04-4P  
RU: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP  
(Preparation)  
[preparation of nateglinide via acylation of phenylalanine with  
isopropylcyclohexanecarbonyl chloride in a mixture of dioxane or THF and  
H<sub>2</sub>O]  
105816-04-4 HCAPLUS  
D-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]- (CA  
INDEX NAME)



ANSWER 10 OF 46 HCARIUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
105816-04-4P, Nateglinide  
RU: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP  
(Preparation)  
[preparation of nateglinide via acylation of phenylalanine with  
isopropylcyclohexanecarbonyl chloride in a mixture of DMF and H<sub>2</sub>O]  
105816-04-4 HCARIUS  
D-Phenylalanine, N-[[trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]- (CA  
INDEX NAME)



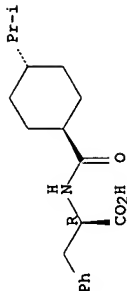
**Absolute stereochemistry.**

Page 9 searched 5/2/07

Page 10 searched 5/2/07

ANSWER 11 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
105816-04-4P. Nateglinide  
RU: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
[Process for the preparation of the crystalline B-form nateglinide from  
D-phenylalanine Me ester]  
105816-04-4 HCAPLUS  
D-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl] -  
(CA INDEX NAME)

**Absolute stereochemistry.**



ANSWER 12 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

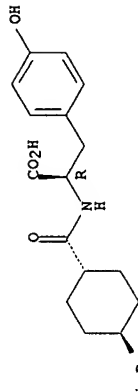
183996-89-6P 727985-68-4P 727985-69-5P  
727985-70-8P 727985-71-9P 727985-72-0P  
727985-73-1P 727985-74-2P 727985-75-3P  
727985-76-4P 727985-77-5P 727985-78-6P  
727985-79-7P 727985-80-0P 727985-81-1P  
727985-82-2P 727985-83-3P 727985-84-4P  
727985-85-5P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU  
(Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (preparation); USES  
(Uses)

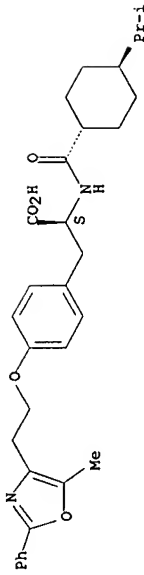
(preparation of alanine derivs. as antidiabetics)

183996-89-6 HCAPLUS  
D-Tyrosine, N-[[trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA  
INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

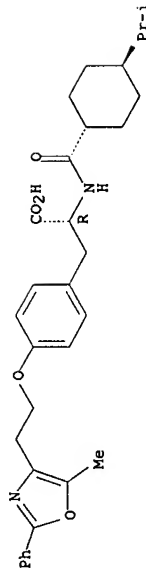


727985-68-4	HCAPLUS
L-Tyrosine, N-[[trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]-O-[2-(5-methyl-2-phenyl-4-oxazoly)ethyl]- (9CI)	(CA INDEX NAME)
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).	



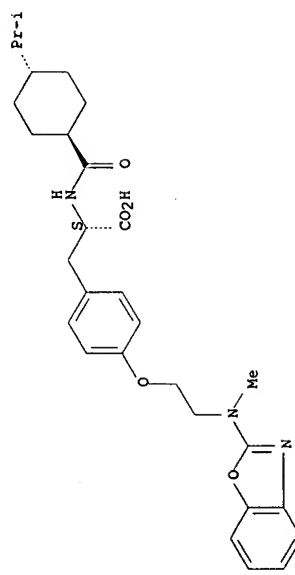
RN 727985-69-5 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Tyrosine, N-[[trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbamoyl]-O-[2-(5-methyl-2-phenyl-4-oxazolyloxy)ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



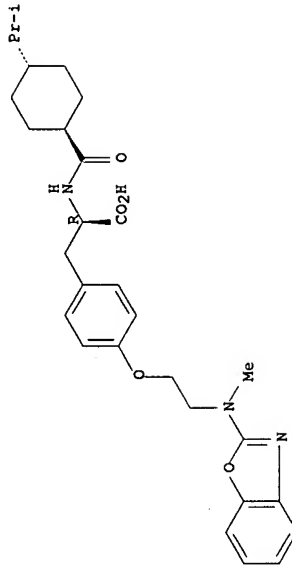
RN 727985-70-8 HCAPLUS  
CN L-Tyrosine, O-[2-(2-benzoxazolylmethylamino)ethyl]-N-[[trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbamoyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



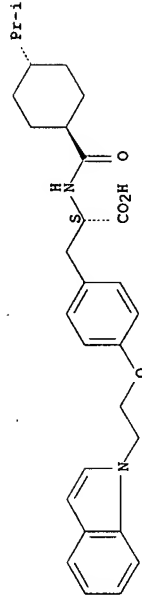
RN 727985-71-9 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Tyrosine, O-[2-(2-benzoxazolylmethylamino)ethyl]-N-[[trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbamoyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



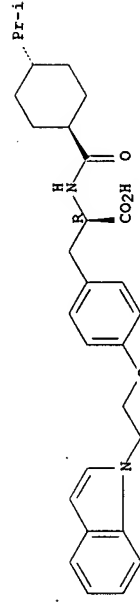
RN 727985-72-0 HCAPLUS  
CN L-Tyrosine, O-[2-(1H-indol-1-yl)ethyl]-N-[[trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbamoyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



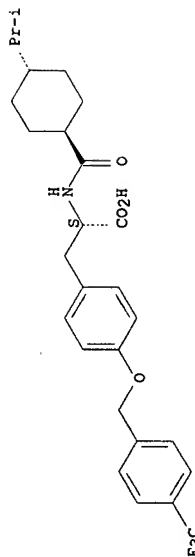
RN 727985-73-1 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Tyrosine, O-[2-(1H-indol-1-yl)ethyl]-N-[[trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbamoyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



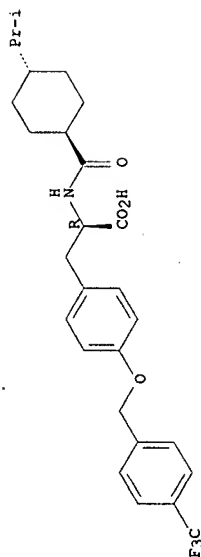
RN 727985-74-2 HCAPLUS  
CN L-Tyrosine, N-[[trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbamoyl]-O-[[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



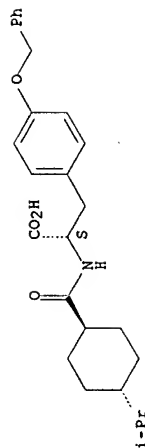
RN 727985-75-3 HCAPIUS  
CN D-Tyrosine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-O-[(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



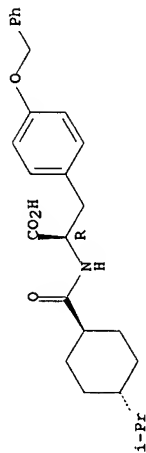
RN 727985-76-4 HCAPIUS  
CN L-Tyrosine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-O-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



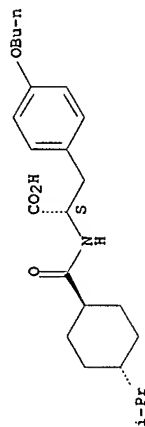
RN 727985-77-5 HCAPIUS  
CN D-Tyrosine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-O-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



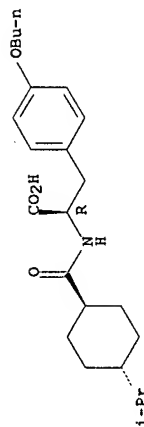
RN 727985-78-6 HCAPIUS  
CN L-Tyrosine, O-butyl-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



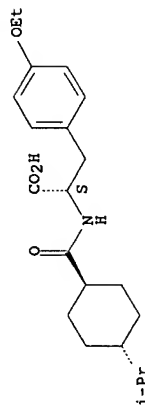
RN 727985-79-7 HCAPIUS  
CN D-Tyrosine, O-butyl-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 727985-80-0 HCAPIUS  
CN L-Tyrosine, O-ethyl-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

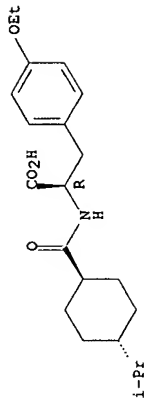


RN 727985-81-1 HCAPIUS

10/507255 SALTS OF NATEGLINIDE - STR salt Search

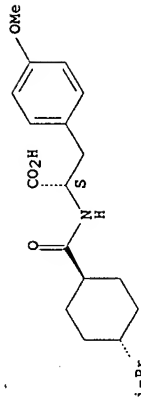
CN D-Tyrosine, O-ethyl-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



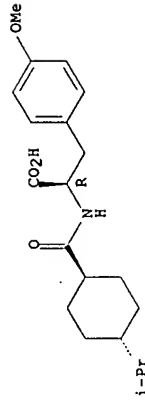
RN 727985-82-2 HCAPLUS  
CN L-Tyrosine, O-methyl-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



RN 727985-83-3 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Tyrosine, O-methyl-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

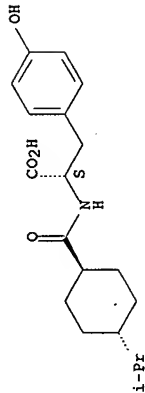
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 727985-84-4 HCAPLUS  
CN L-Tyrosine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

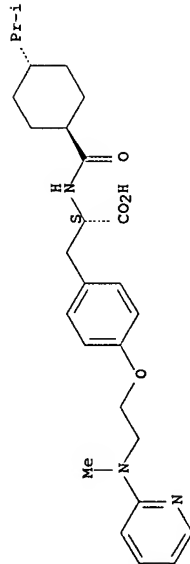
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

10/507255 SALTS OF NATEGLINIDE - STR salt Search



RN 727985-85-5 HCAPLUS  
CN L-Tyrosine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-O-[2-(methyl-2-pyridinylamino)ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

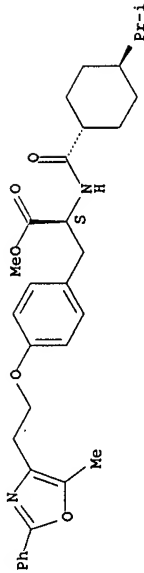


IT 727985-89-9P 727985-92-4P 727985-93-5P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(Preparation of alanine derivs. as antidiabetics)

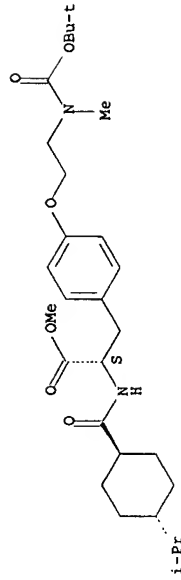
RN 727985-89-9 HCAPLUS  
CN L-Tyrosine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-O-[2-(5-methyl-2-phenyl-4-oxazolyl)ethyl]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



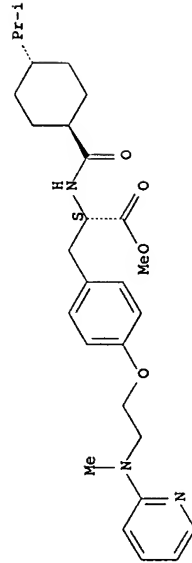
RN 727985-92-4 HCAPLUS  
CN L-Tyrosine, O-[2-[[[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]methylamino]ethyl]-N-[[trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 727985-93-5 HCAPLUS  
CN L-Tyrosine, N-[(trans-4-{1-methylethyl}cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-O-[2-(methyl-2-pyridinylamino)ethyl]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

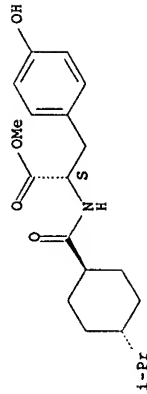
Absolute stereochemistry.



IT 727985-87-7P 727985-88-8P  
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use);  
BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent);  
USES (Uses)

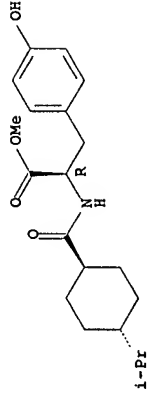
(preparation of alanine derivs. as antidiabetics)  
RN 727985-87-7 HCAPLUS  
CN L-Tyrosine, N-[(trans-4-{1-methylethyl}cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-O-[2-(methyl-2-pyridinylamino)ethyl]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



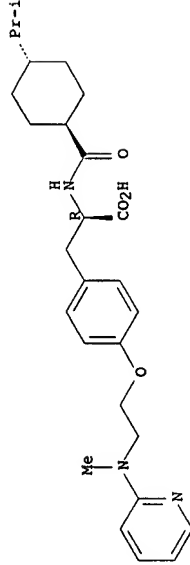
RN 727985-88-8 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Tyrosine, N-[(trans-4-{1-methylethyl}cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-O-[2-(methyl-2-pyridinylamino)ethyl]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



IT 727985-86-6P  
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(preparation of alanine derivs. as antidiabetics)  
RN 727985-86-6 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Tyrosine, N-[(trans-4-{1-methylethyl}cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-O-[2-(methyl-2-pyridinylamino)ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

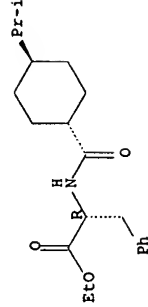


L4 ANSWER 13 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
IT 187728-85-4P

RL: PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(targeted pancreatic β-cell imaging and therapy)

RN 187728-85-4 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-{1-methylethyl}cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-O-[2-(methyl-2-pyridinylamino)ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

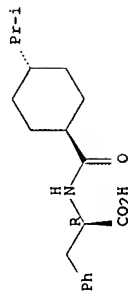


L4 ANSWER 14 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
IT 105816-04-4DP, Nateglinide, analogs 851863-95-1P  
851863-97-3P 851863-99-5P 851864-01-2P

10/507255 SALTS OF NATEGLINIDE - STR salt Search

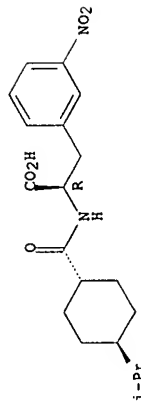
851864-03-4P 851864-05-6P 851864-07-8P  
 851864-09-0P 851864-11-4P 851864-13-6P  
 851864-15-8P 851864-17-0P 851864-19-2P  
 851864-21-6P 851864-23-8P 851864-25-0P  
 851864-27-2P 851864-29-4P 851864-31-8P  
 851864-33-0P 851864-35-2P 851864-37-4P  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)  
 (syntheses and hypoglycemia activities of N-(trans-4-isopropylcyclohexylcarbonyl)-β-ring substituted phenylalanines)  
 RN 105816-04-4 HCAPLUS  
 CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[[trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



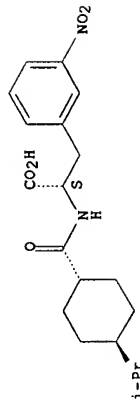
RN 851863-95-1 HCAPLUS  
 CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[[trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]-3-nitro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



RN 851863-97-3 HCAPLUS  
 CN L-Phenylalanine, N-[[trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]-3-nitro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

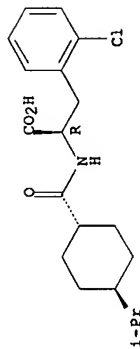


RN 851863-99-5 HCAPLUS  
 CN D-Phenylalanine, 2-chloro-N-[[trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]-

10/507255 SALTS OF NATEGLINIDE - STR salt Search

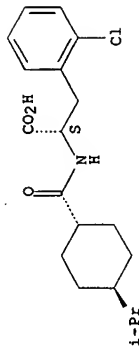
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



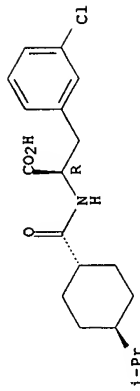
RN 851864-01-2 HCAPLUS  
 CN L-Phenylalanine, 2-chloro-N-[[trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



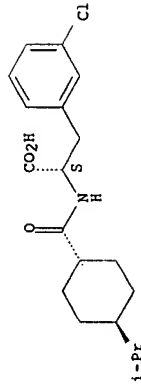
RN 851864-03-4 HCAPLUS  
 CN D-Phenylalanine, 3-chloro-N-[[trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



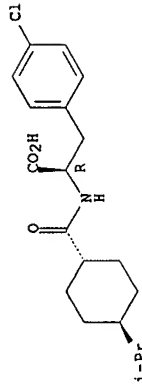
RN 851864-05-6 HCAPLUS  
 CN L-Phenylalanine, 3-chloro-N-[[trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



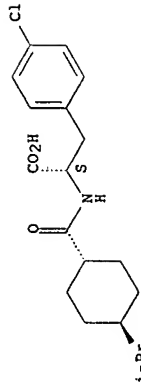
RN 851864-07-8 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Phenylalanine, 4-chloro-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



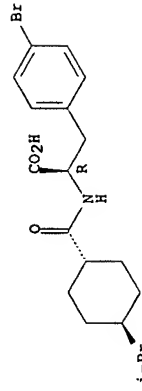
RN 851864-09-0 HCAPLUS  
CN L-Phenylalanine, 4-chloro-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



RN 851864-11-4 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Phenylalanine, 4-bromo-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

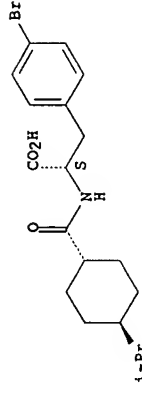
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 851864-13-6 HCAPLUS

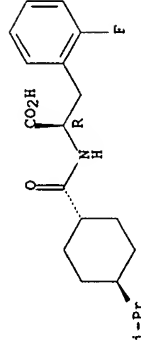
CN L-Phenylalanine, 4-bromo-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



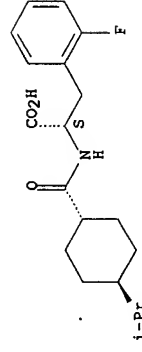
RN 851864-15-8 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Phenylalanine, 2-fluoro-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



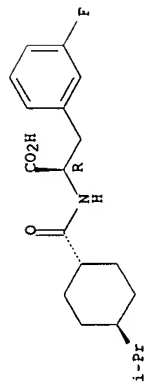
RN 851864-17-0 HCAPLUS  
CN L-Phenylalanine, 2-fluoro-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



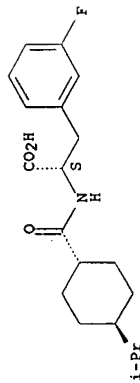
RN 851864-19-2 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Phenylalanine, 3-fluoro-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



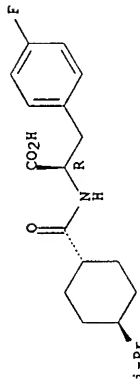
RN 851864-21-6 HCAPLUS  
CN L-Phenylalanine, 3-fluoro-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



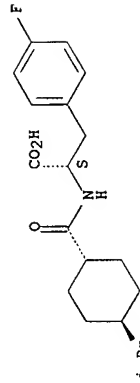
RN 851864-23-8 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Phenylalanine, 4-fluoro-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



RN 851864-25-0 HCAPLUS  
CN L-Phenylalanine, 4-fluoro-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

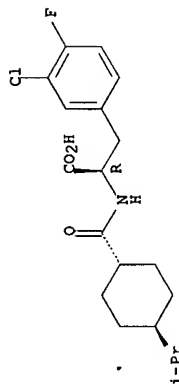
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



RN 851864-27-2 HCAPLUS

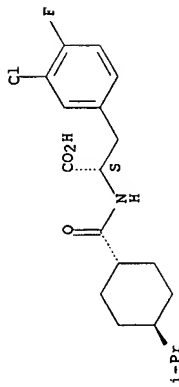
CN D-Phenylalanine, 3-chloro-4-fluoro-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



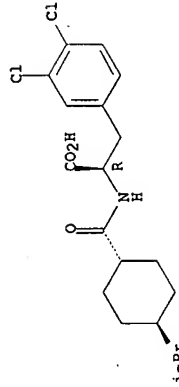
RN 851864-29-4 HCAPLUS  
CN L-Phenylalanine, 3-chloro-4-fluoro-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



RN 851864-31-8 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Phenylalanine, 3,4-dichloro-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-  
yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

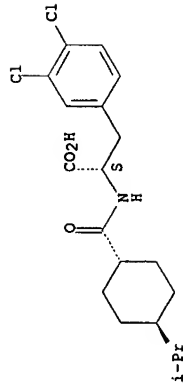
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



RN 851864-33-0 HCAPLUS  
CN L-Phenylalanine, 3,4-dichloro-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-  
yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

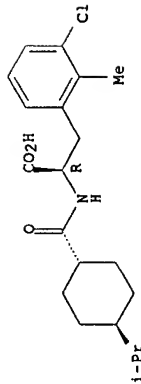
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).





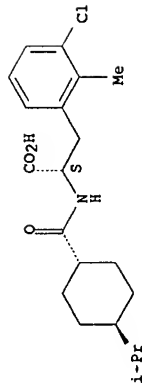
NR	CN	
851864-35-2	HCAPIUS	D-Phenylalanine, 3-chloro-2-methyl-N-[[trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



ERN	851864-37-4	HCAPLUS
CN	1-Phenylalanine, 3-chloro-2-methyl-N-[[trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)	

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+). Rotation (+).

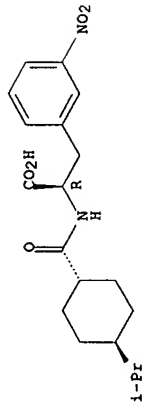


L4 IT	ANSWER	15 OF 46	HCAPLUS	COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN
	851863-01-2P	851863-37-3P		851863-99-5P
	851864-03-1P	851864-03-4P		851866-03-6P
	851864-07-8P	851864-09-0P		851866-11-4P
	851864-13-6P	851864-15-8P		851866-17-0P
	851864-19-2P	851864-21-6P		851866-23-8P
	851864-25-0P	851864-27-2P		851866-29-4P
	851864-31-8P	851864-33-0P		851866-35-2P
	851864-37-4P			

051040-51-4E  
RU: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU  
(Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES  
(Uses)  
preparation of aromatic amino acid derivs. for treatment of blood sugar  
disorders

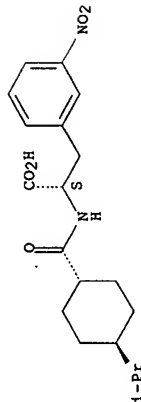


Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



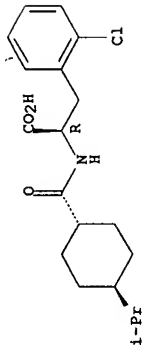
NRN	851863-97-3	HCAPLUS
CNCN	L-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-3-nitro-	(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



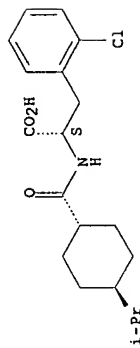
NRN	851863-99-5	HCAPLUS
CN	D-Phenylalanine, 2-chloro-N-[[trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)	

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



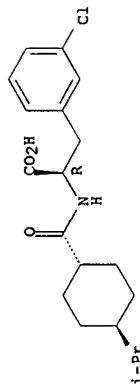
NRN	HCAPLUS	CA INDEX NAME
851864-01-2	1-Phenylalanine, 2-chloro-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-	(9CI)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



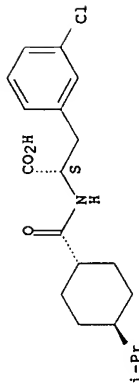
RN 851864-03-4 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Phenylalanine, 3-chloro-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



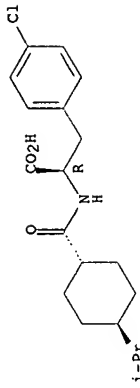
RN 851864-05-6 HCAPLUS  
CN L-Phenylalanine, 3-chloro-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



RN 851864-07-8 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Phenylalanine, 4-chloro-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

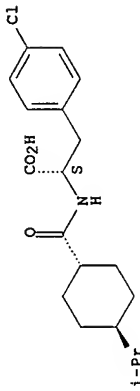
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



RN 851864-09-0 HCAPLUS

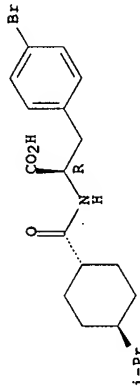
CN L-Phenylalanine, 4-chloro-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



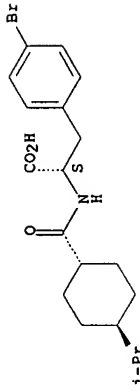
RN 851864-11-4 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Phenylalanine, 4-bromo-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



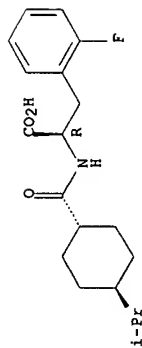
RN 851864-13-6 HCAPLUS  
CN L-Phenylalanine, 4-bromo-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



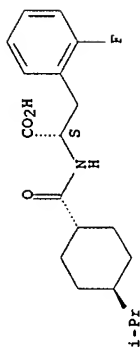
RN 851864-15-8 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Phenylalanine, 2-fluoro-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



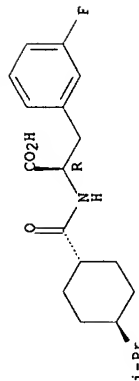
RN 851864-17-0 HCAPLUS  
CN L-Phenylalanine, 2-fluoro-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



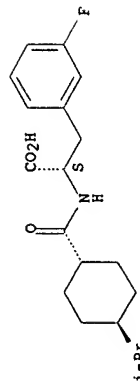
RN 851864-19-2 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Phenylalanine, 3-fluoro-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



RN 851864-21-6 HCAPLUS  
CN L-Phenylalanine, 3-fluoro-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

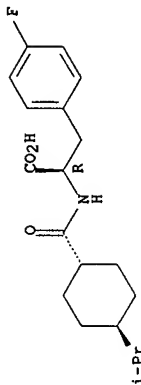
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



RN 851864-23-8 HCAPLUS

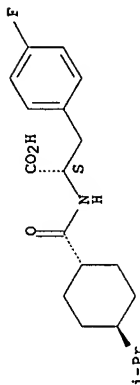
CN D-Phenylalanine, 4-fluoro-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



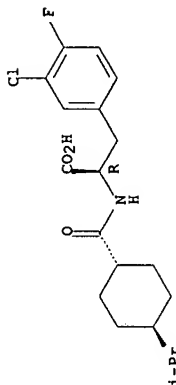
RN 851864-25-0 HCAPLUS  
CN L-Phenylalanine, 4-fluoro-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



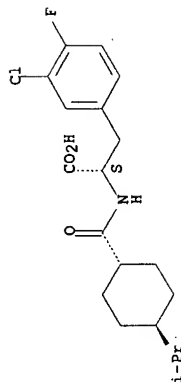
RN 851864-27-2 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Phenylalanine, 3-chloro-4-fluoro-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



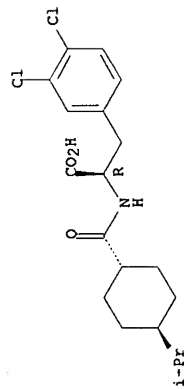
RN 851864-29-4 HCAPLUS  
CN L-Phenylalanine, 3-chloro-4-fluoro-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



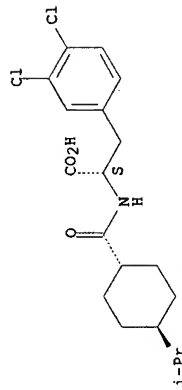
RN 851864-31-8 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Phenylalanine, 3,4-dichloro-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbon-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



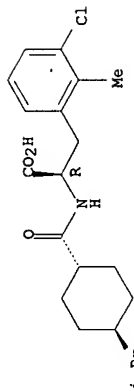
RN 851864-33-0 HCAPLUS  
CN L-Phenylalanine, 3,4-dichloro-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbon-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



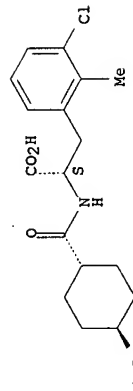
RN 851864-35-2 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Phenylalanine, 3-chloro-2-methyl-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbon-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



RN 851864-37-4 HCAPLUS  
CN L-Phenylalanine, 3-chloro-2-methyl-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbon-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

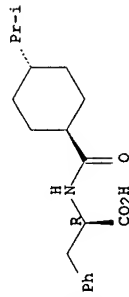


L4 ANSWER 16 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
IT 105816-04-4P, Nateglinide

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); PYP (Physical process); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (preparation of crystalline form of nateglinide for dosage forms)

RN 105816-04-4 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbon-yl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

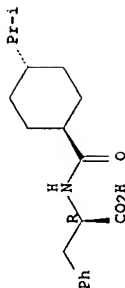


L4 ANSWER 17 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
IT 105816-04-4P, Nateglinide

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (saponification and neutralization process for the preparation of chirally pure nateglinide from its lower alkyl esters and nateglinide polymorphic crystalline modifications)

RN 105816-04-4 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbon-yl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



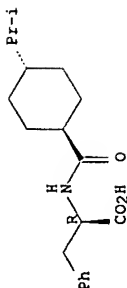
L4 ANSWER 18 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

IT 105816-04-4P, Nateglinide  
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(large scale synthesis of nateglinide)

RN 105816-04-4 HCAPLUS  
 CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L4 ANSWER 19 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

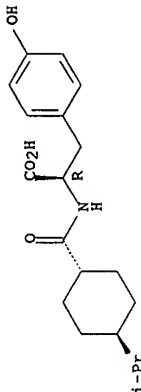
IT 183996-89-6P 727985-68-4P 727985-69-5P  
 727985-70-8P 727985-71-9P 727985-72-0P  
 727985-73-1P 727985-74-2P 727985-75-3P  
 727985-76-4P 727985-77-5P 727985-78-6P  
 727985-79-7P 727985-80-0P 727985-81-1P  
 727985-82-2P 727985-83-3P 727985-84-4P  
 727985-85-5P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of alanine compds. as antidiabetics)

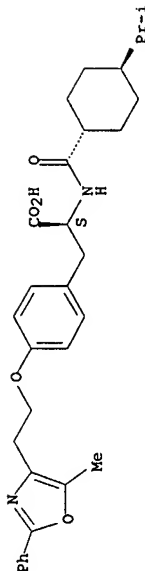
RN 183996-89-6 HCAPLUS  
 CN D-Tyrosine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



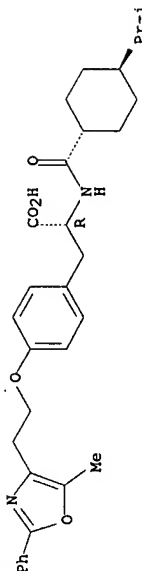
RN 727985-68-4 HCAPLUS  
 CN L-Tyrosine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-O-[2-(5-methyl-2-phenyl-4-oxazolyl)ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



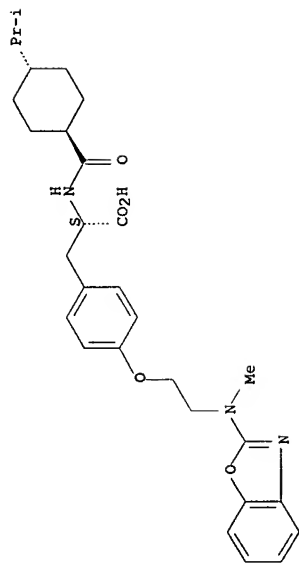
RN 727985-69-5 HCAPLUS  
 CN D-Tyrosine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-O-[2-(5-methyl-2-phenyl-4-oxazolyl)ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



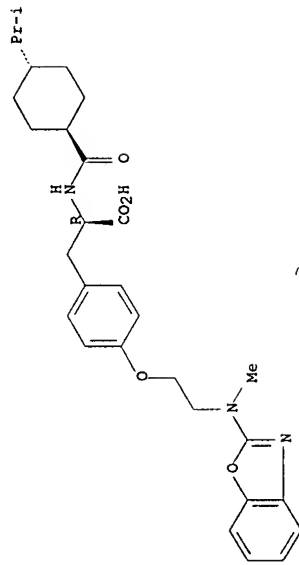
RN 727985-70-8 HCAPLUS  
 CN L-Tyrosine, O-[2-(2-benzoxazolylmethylamino)ethyl]-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



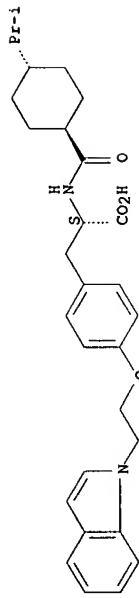
RN 727985-71-9 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Tyrosine, O-[(2-benzoxazolylmethylamino)ethyl]-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 727985-72-0 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Tyrosine, O-[(2-(1H-indol-1-yl)ethyl)-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

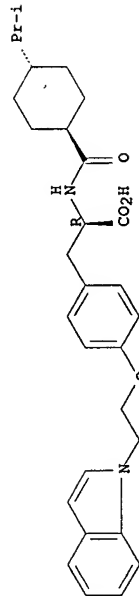


RN 727985-76-4 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Tyrosine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-O-[(4-phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)]

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

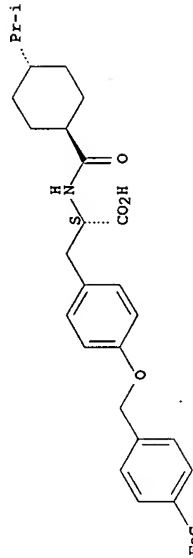
RN 727985-73-1 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Tyrosine, O-[(2-(1H-indol-1-yl)ethyl)-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)]

Absolute stereochemistry.



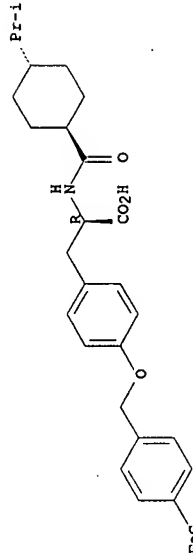
RN 727985-74-2 HCAPLUS  
CN L-Tyrosine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-O-[(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

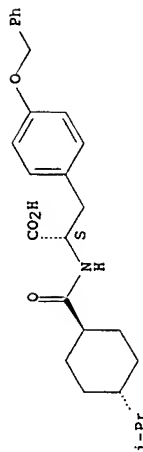
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



RN 727985-75-3 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Tyrosine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-O-[(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

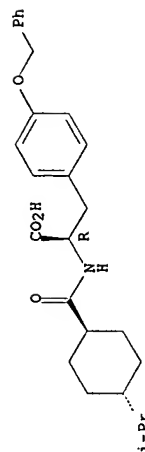
Absolute stereochemistry.





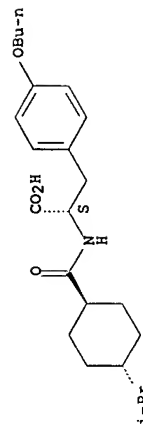
RN 727985-77-5 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Tyrosine, N-([trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl)-O-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



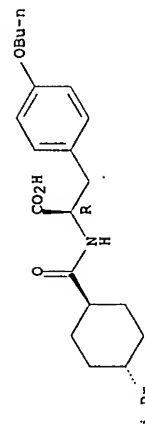
RN 727985-78-6 HCAPLUS  
CN L-Tyrosine, O-butyl-N-([trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



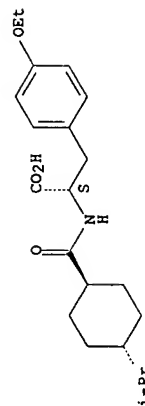
RN 727985-79-7 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Tyrosine, O-butyl-N-([trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



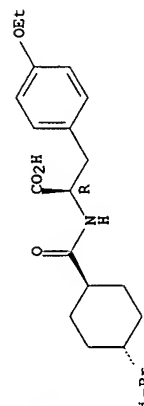
RN 727985-80-0 HCAPLUS  
CN L-Tyrosine, O-ethyl-N-([trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



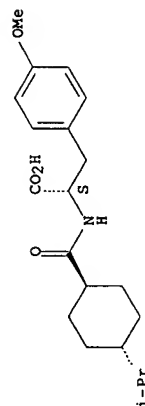
RN 727985-81-1 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Tyrosine, O-ethyl-N-([trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



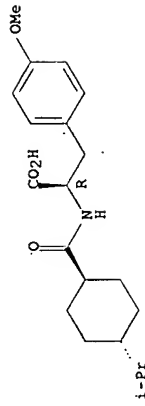
RN 727985-82-2 HCAPLUS  
CN L-Tyrosine, O-methyl-N-([trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



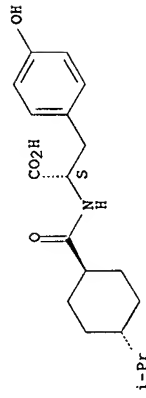
RN 727985-83-3 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Tyrosine, O-methyl-N-([trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



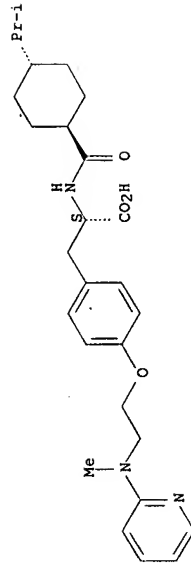
RN 727985-84-4 HCAPLUS  
CN L-Tyrosine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



RN 727985-85-5 HCAPLUS  
CN L-Tyrosine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-O-[2-(methyl-2-pyridinylamino)ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

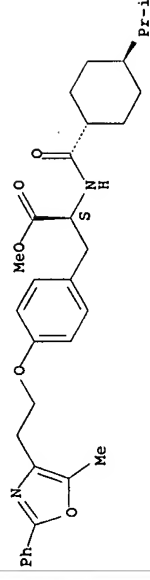
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



IT 727985-89-9P 727985-92-4P 727985-93-5P  
RI: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

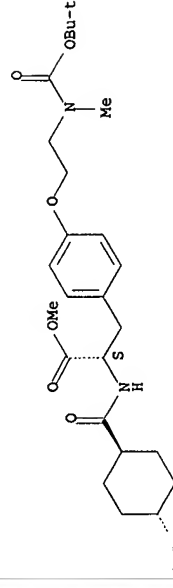
(preparation of alanine compds. as antidiabetics)  
RN 727985-89-9 HCAPLUS  
CN L-Tyrosine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-O-[2-(5-methyl-2-phenyl-4-oxazolyl)ethyl]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



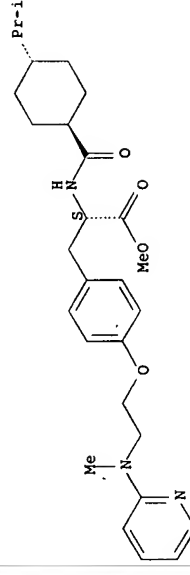
RN 727985-92-4 HCAPLUS  
CN L-Tyrosine, O-[2-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]methylamino]ethyl]-N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 727985-93-5 HCAPLUS  
CN L-Tyrosine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-O-[2-(methyl-2-pyridinylamino)ethyl]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

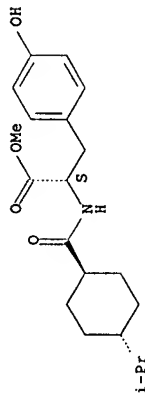


IT 727985-87-7P 727985-88-8P  
RI: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

(preparation of alanine compds. as antidiabetics)  
RN 727985-87-7 HCAPLUS  
CN L-Tyrosine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

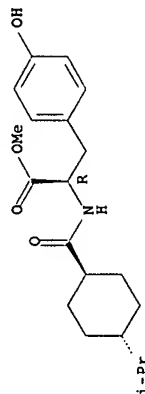
Absolute stereochemistry.





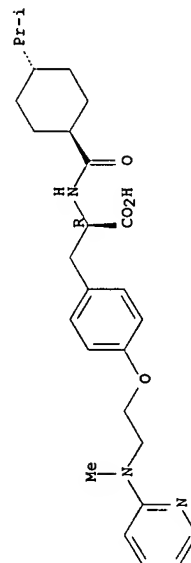
RN 727985-88-8 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Tyrosine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



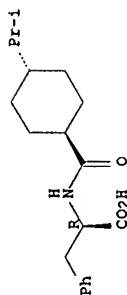
IT 727985-86-6P  
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(preparation of alanine compds. as antidiabetics)  
RN 727985-86-6 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Tyrosine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-O-[2-(methyl-2-pyridinylamino)ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



L4 ANSWER 20 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
IT 105816-04-4P, Nateglinide  
RL: PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)  
(process for the formation of a crystalline polymorphic form of nateglinide)  
RN 105816-04-4 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

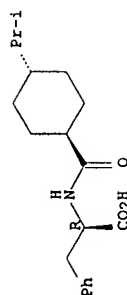


L4 ANSWER 21 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
IT 669087-90-5P  
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(pharmaceutical compns. containing nateglinide inclusion complexes with  $\beta$ -cyclodextrin and its derivs.)  
RN 669087-90-5 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-, compd. with  $\beta$ -cyclodextrin (3:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 105816-04-4  
CMF C19 H27 N O3

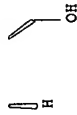
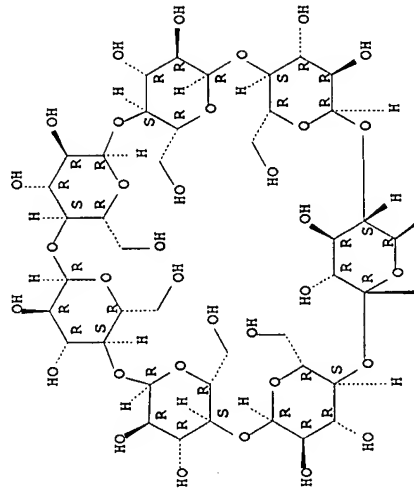
Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 7585-39-9  
CMF C42 H70 O35

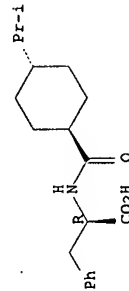
Absolute stereochemistry.



IT 105816-04-DP, Nateglinide, complexes with hydroxypropyl  
 β-cyclodextrin 669087-91-6P 669087-92-7P  
 669087-93-8P 669087-94-9P 669087-95-0P  
 669088-00-0P  
 RL: SEN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological  
 study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (pharmaceutical compns. containing nateglinide inclusion complexes with  
 β-cyclodextrin and its derivs.)

RN 105816-04-4 HCAPLUS  
 CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]- (CA  
 INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

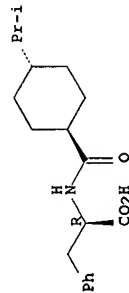


RN 669087-91-6 HCAPLUS  
 CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-, compd.  
 with β-cyclodextrin (2:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CEN 105816-04-4  
 CNF C19 H27 N O3

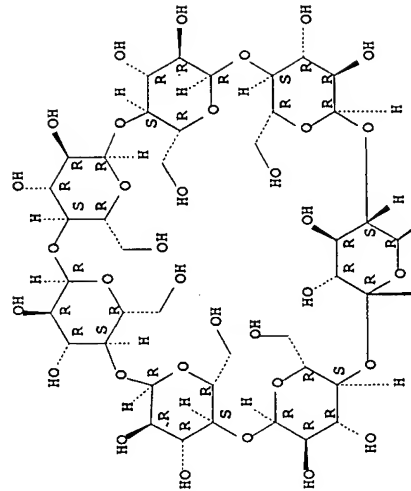
Absolute stereochemistry.



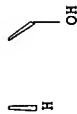
CM 2

CEN 7585-39-9  
 CNF C42 H70 O35

Absolute stereochemistry.



PAGE 2-A

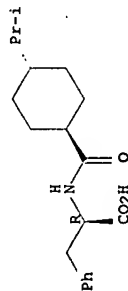


RN 669087-92-7 HCAPIUS  
 CN D-Phenylalanine, N-([trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl)-, compd.  
 with 2A, 2B, 2C, 2D, 2E, 2F, 2G, 6A, 6B, 6C, 6D, 6E, 6F, 6G-tetradeca-O-methyl- $\beta$ -  
 cyclodextrin (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 105816-04-4  
 CMF C19 H27 N O3

Absolute stereochemistry.

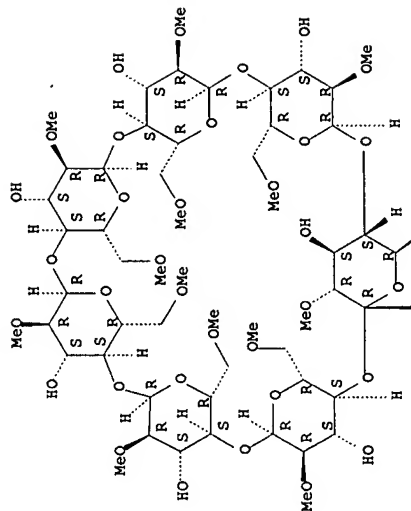


CM 2

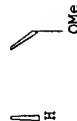
CRN 51166-71-3  
 CMF C56 H98 O35

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A



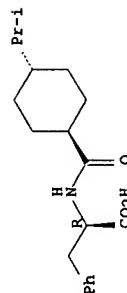
RN 669087-93-8 HCAPIUS

CN D-Phenylalanine, N-([trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl)-, compd.  
 with 2A, 2B, 2C, 2D, 2E, 2F, 2G, 3A, 3B, 3C, 3D, 3E, 3F, 3G, 6A, 6B, 6C, 6D, 6E, 6F, 6G-  
 heneicos-O-methyl- $\beta$ -cyclodextrin (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 105816-04-4  
 CMF C19 H27 N O3

Absolute stereochemistry.

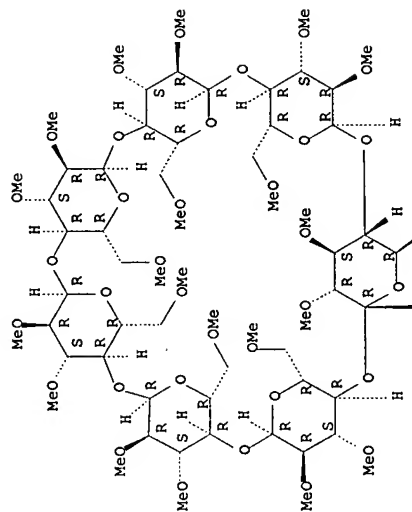


CM 2

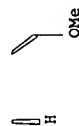
CRN 55216-11-0  
CMF C63 H112 O35

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A



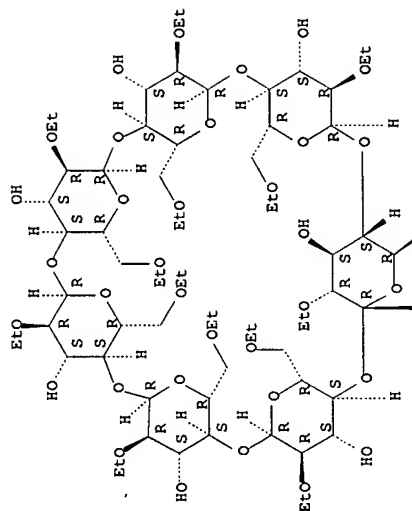
RN 669087-94-9 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Phenylalanine, N-([trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl)]-, compd.  
with 2A,2B,2C,2D,2E,2F,2G,6A,6B,6C,6D,6E,6F,6G-tetradeca-O-ethyl-β-cyclodextrin (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

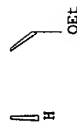
CRN 111689-03-3  
CMF C70 H126 O35

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



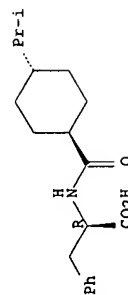
PAGE 2-A



CM 2

CRN 105816-04-4  
CMF C19 H27 N O3

Absolute stereochemistry.



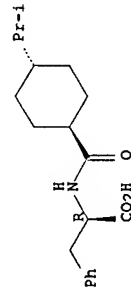
RN 669087-95-0 HCAPLUS

CN D-Phenylalanine, N-([trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl)]-, compd.  
with β-cyclodextrin (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 105816-04-4  
CMF C19 H27 N O3

Absolute stereochemistry.

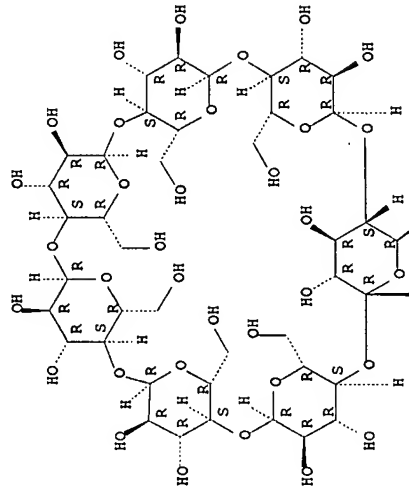


CM 2

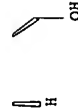
CRN 7585-39-9  
CMF C42 H70 O35

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A



RN 669088-00-0 HCAPLUS

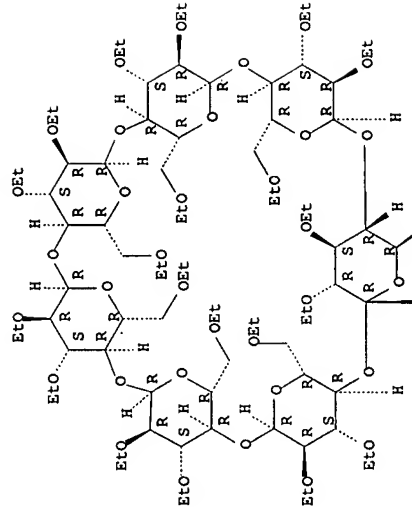
CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[[trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]-, compd. with 2A, 2B, 2C, 2D, 2E, 2F, 2G, 3A, 3B, 3C, 3D, 3E, 3F, 3G, 6A, 6B, 6C, 6D, 6E, 6F, 6G-heneicosanoic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

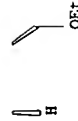
CRN 111689-01-1  
CMF C84 H154 O35

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



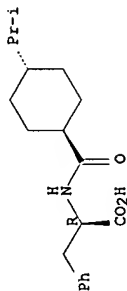
PAGE 2-A



CM 2

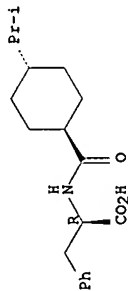
CRN 105816-04-4  
CMF C19 H27 N O3

Absolute stereochemistry.



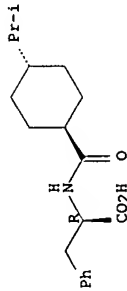
L4 ANSWER 22 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 IT 105816-04-4P, Nateglinide  
 RL: INF (Industrial manufacture); PUR (Purification or recovery); SPN  
 (Synthesis and purification of nateglinide)  
 RN 105816-04-4 HCAPLUS  
 CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]- (CA  
 INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L4 ANSWER 23 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 IT 105816-04-4P, Nateglinide  
 RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PYP (Physical  
 process); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic  
 use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); RACT  
 (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)  
 (Preparation of polymorphic forms of nateglinide)  
 RN 105816-04-4 HCAPLUS  
 CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]- (CA  
 INDEX NAME)

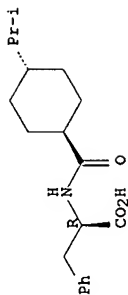
Absolute stereochemistry.



IT 105816-04-4DP, Nateglinide, polymorphs 651353-42-3P  
 651353-43-4P 651353-44-5P 651353-45-6P  
 651353-46-7P 651353-47-8P 651353-48-9P  
 651353-49-0P 651353-50-3P 651353-51-4P  
 651353-52-5P 651353-53-6P 651353-54-7P  
 RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PYP (Physical

process); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL  
 (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)  
 (Preparation of polymorphic forms of nateglinide)  
 RN 105816-04-4 HCAPLUS  
 CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]- (CA  
 INDEX NAME)

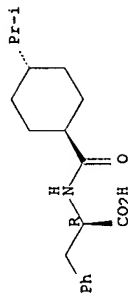
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 651353-42-3 HCAPLUS  
 CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-, compd.  
 with methanol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1  
 CRN 105816-04-4  
 CMF C19 H27 N O3

Absolute stereochemistry.



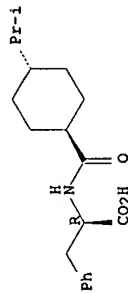
CM 2  
 CRN 67-56-1  
 CMF C H4 O

H3C-OH

RN 651353-43-4 HCAPLUS  
 CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-, compd.  
 with ethanol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1  
 CRN 105816-04-4  
 CMF C19 H27 N O3

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 64-17-5

CMF C2 H6 O

H<sub>3</sub>C-CH<sub>2</sub>-OH

RN 651353-44-5 HCAPLUS

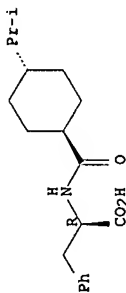
CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-, compd.  
with 1-butanol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 105816-04-4

CMF C19 H27 N O3

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 71-36-3

CMF C4 H10 O

H<sub>3</sub>C-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-OH

RN 651353-45-6 HCAPLUS

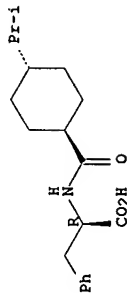
CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-, compd.  
with 1-propanol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 105816-04-4

CMF C19 H27 N O3

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 71-23-8

CMF C3 H8 O

H<sub>3</sub>C-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-OH

RN 651353-46-7 HCAPLUS

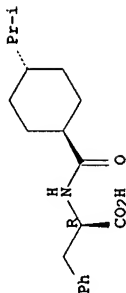
CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-, compd.  
with N,N-dimethylacetamide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 105816-04-4

CMF C19 H27 N O3

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 127-19-5

CMF C4 H9 N O

Me

Me-N-Ac

RN 651353-47-8 HCAPLUS

CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-, compd.  
with 1-methyl-2-pyrrolidinone (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

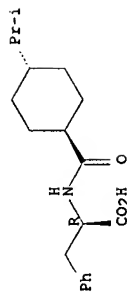
CM 1

CRN 105816-04-4

10/507255 SALTS OF NATEGLINIDE - STR salt Search

CMF C19 H27 N O3

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 872-50-4  
CMF C5 H9 N O



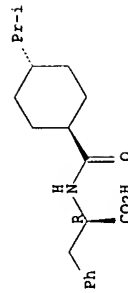
RN 651353-48-9 HCAPLUS

CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-, compd. with N,N-dimethylformamide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

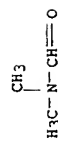
CRN 105816-04-4  
CMF C19 H27 N O3

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 68-12-2  
CMF C3 H7 N O



10/507255 SALTS OF NATEGLINIDE - STR salt Search

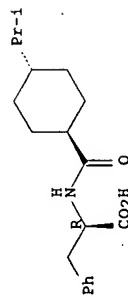
RN 651353-49-0 HCAPLUS

CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-, compd. with 1,2-dimethoxyethane (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 105816-04-4  
CMF C19 H27 N O3

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 110-71-4  
CMF C4 H10 O2

MeO-CH2-CH2-OMe

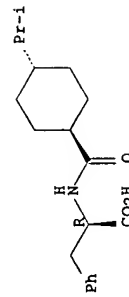
RN 651353-50-3 HCAPLUS

CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-, compd. with dimethylbenzene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 105816-04-4  
CMF C19 H27 N O3

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 1330-20-7  
CMF C8 H10  
CCI IDS





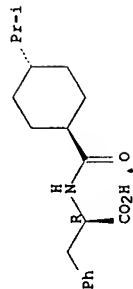
2 (DI-Me)

RN 651353-51-4 HCAPIUS  
CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[[trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]-, compd.  
with tetrachloroethane (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 105816-04-4  
CMF C19 H27 N O3

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 56-23-5  
CMF C C14

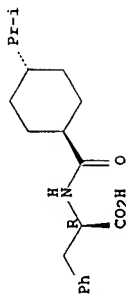


RN 651353-52-5 HCAPIUS  
CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[[trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]-, compd.  
with 1,2-dichloroethane (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 105816-04-4  
CMF C19 H27 N O3

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 107-06-2  
CMF C2 H4 Cl2

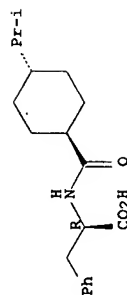
Cl-CH2-CH2-Cl

RN 651353-53-6 HCAPIUS  
CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[[trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]-, compd.  
with trichloroethane (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 105816-04-4  
CMF C19 H27 N O3

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 67-66-3  
CMF C H Cl3

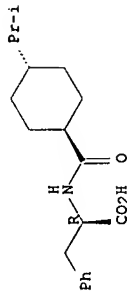


RN 651353-54-7 HCAPIUS  
CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[[trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]-, compd.  
with heptane (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 105816-04-4  
CMF C19 H27 N O3

**Absolute stereochemistry.**



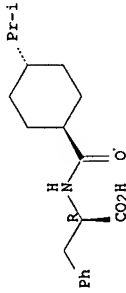
CM 2

CRN 142-82-5  
CMF C7 H16

 $\text{Me}-(\text{CH}_2)_5-\text{Me}$ 

L4 ANSWER 24 OF 46 HCAPUISL COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN  
IT 105816-04-4P, Nateglinide  
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP  
(Preparation)  
RN 105816-04-4 HCAPUISL (process for preparation of nateglinide)  
CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[[trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]- (CA  
INDEX NAME)

**Absolute stereochemistry.**

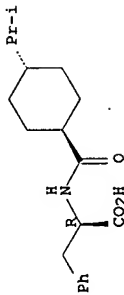


L4 ANSWER 25 OF 46 HCAPILUDE COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 IT 105816-04-4P Nateglinide  
 RU: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical  
 process); PREP (Properties); PYP (Physical process); PREP (Preparation);  
 PROC (Process)  
 (process for the preparation of a crystal polymorphic form of  
 N-((trans-4-isopropylcyclohexyl)carbonyl)-D-phenylalanine (nateglinide))  
 105816-04-4 HCAPILUDE  
 RN D-Phenylalanine, N-((trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl)- (CA  
 CN INDEX NAME)

**Absolute stereochemistry.**

ANSWER 26 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
105816-04-4, Nateglinide  
RU: PRP (Properties); PUR (Purification of recovery); THU (Therapeutic  
use); PREP (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
Preparation of A, M, and P type nateglinide crystals by crystallization  
from mixture  
of solvents)  
105816-04-4 HCAPLUS  
D-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]- (CA  
INDEX NAME)

**Absolute stereochemistry.**

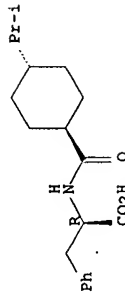


L4 ANSWER 27 OF 46 HCAPUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 IT 532523-31-4P 532523-33-5P 592524-24-8P  
 594837-85-1P 594837-86-2P 594837-87-3P  
 594837-89-5P  
 RU: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (preparation and properties of nateglinide salts)  
 592523-31-4 HCAPUS  
 RN D-phenylalanine, N-({trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexylcarbonyl}-, compd.  
 CN with 1-deoxy-L-methylamino-D-glucitol (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

1 cm

CRN 105816-04-4  
CME C19 H27 N O3

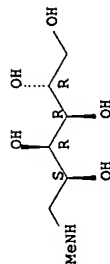
**Absolute stereochemistry.**



CM 2

CRN 6284-40-8  
CMF C7 H17 N O5

Absolute stereochemistry.

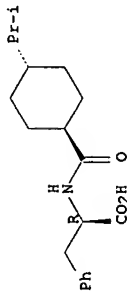


RN 592523-32-5 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[[trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]-, compd. with 2-amino-2-(hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediol (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

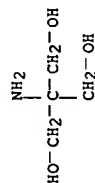
CM 1

CRN 105816-04-4  
CMF C19 H27 N O3

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

CRN 77-86-1  
CMF C4 H11 N O3

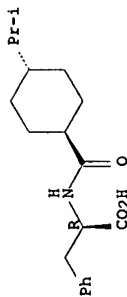
RN 592524-24-8 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[[trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]-, compd. with L-lysine (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 105816-04-4  
CMF C19 H27 N O3

Page 61 searched 5/2/07

Absolute stereochemistry.



CM 2

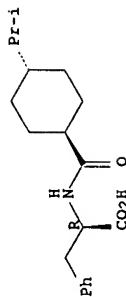
CRN 56-87-1  
CMF C6 H14 N2 O2

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 594837-85-1 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[[trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]-, monosodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

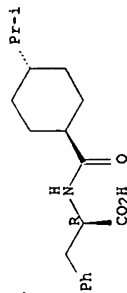


● Na

RN 594837-86-2 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[[trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]-, monopotassium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

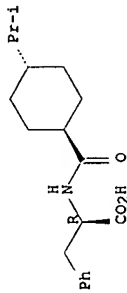
Absolute stereochemistry.

Page 62 searched 5/2/07



RN 594837-87-3 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-, calcium salt (2:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

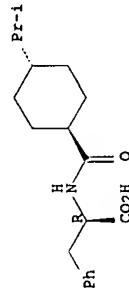
Absolute stereochemistry.



● 1/2 Ca

RN 594837-89-5 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-, ammonium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

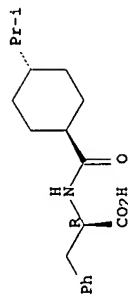


● x NH3

L4 ANSWER 28 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
IT 105816-04-4P, Nateglinide  
RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); PREP (Preparation of)  
RN 105816-04-4 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]- (CA

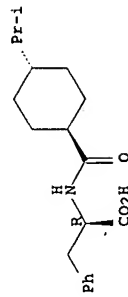
INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L4 ANSWER 29 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
IT 105816-04-4P, Nateglinide  
RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); PREP (Preparation of)  
intermediate for nateglinide)  
RN 105816-04-4 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

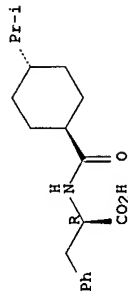
Absolute stereochemistry.



L4 ANSWER 30 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
IT 105816-04-4P

RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); PUR (Purification or recovery); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation of)  
separation of cis-isomer of nateglinide by HPLC method)  
RN 105816-04-4 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

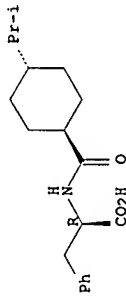
Absolute stereochemistry.



L4 ANSWER 31 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
IT 105816-04-4P, Nateglinide

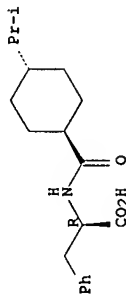
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (synthesis of nateglinide as antidiabetic drug)  
 RN 105816-04-4 HCAPLUS  
 CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



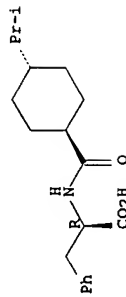
L4 ANSWER 32 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 IT 105816-04-4P, Nateglinide  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PUR (Purification or recovery); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (industrial process for producing B-form nateglinide crystals)  
 RN 105816-04-4 HCAPLUS  
 CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



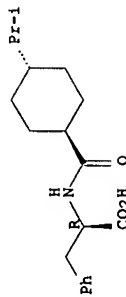
L4 ANSWER 33 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 IT 105816-04-4P, Nateglinide  
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PUR (Purification or recovery); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (process for producing nateglinide crystals)  
 RN 105816-04-4 HCAPLUS  
 CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



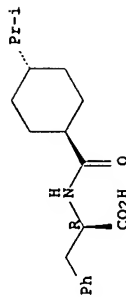
L4 ANSWER 34 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 IT 105816-04-4P  
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (process for preparation of acylphenylalanines)  
 RN 105816-04-4 HCAPLUS  
 CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L4 ANSWER 35 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 IT 105816-04-4DP, Nateglinide, nitroxyl-containing derivs.  
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (drug candidates; preparation of antidiabetic agents comprising antiinflammatory or analgesic drugs, selected bivalent linkers, and nitrate esters)  
 RN 105816-04-4 HCAPLUS  
 CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

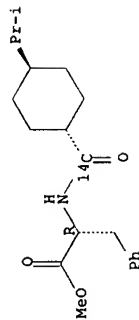
Absolute stereochemistry.



L4 ANSWER 36 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 IT 475168-20-8P 475168-27-3P  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

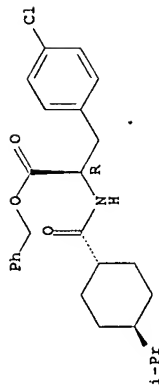
(stereoselective preparation of [14C]- and [3H]DUN608 [Starlix])  
 RN 475168-20-8 HCAPLUS  
 CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[[[trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl-14C]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



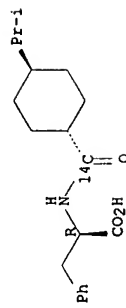
RN 475168-27-5 HCAPLUS  
 CN D-Phenylalanine, 4-chloro-N-[[[trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]-, phenylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



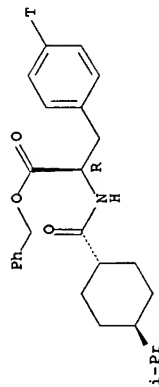
IT 475168-21-9P 475168-29-7P  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (stereoselective preparation of [14C]- and [3H]DUN608 [Starlix])  
 RN 475168-21-9 HCAPLUS  
 CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[[[trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl-14C]-, (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



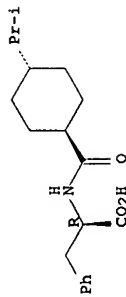
RN 475168-29-7 HCAPLUS  
 CN D-Phenylalanine-4-t, N-[[[trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]-, phenylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L4 ANSWER 37 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 IT 105816-04-4DP, Nateglinide, B crystal type  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (preparation and crystalline forms of)  
 RN 105816-04-4 HCAPLUS  
 CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[[[trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]-, (CA INDEX NAME)

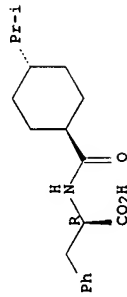
Absolute stereochemistry.



RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (synthesis of Nateglinide)

L4 ANSWER 38 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 IT 105816-04-4P  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (preparation and effect of cycloalkylcarboxamide derivs. as cysteine protease inhibitors)  
 RN 105816-04-4 HCAPLUS  
 CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[[[trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]-, (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

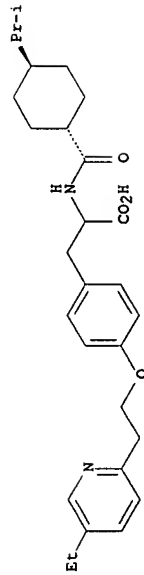


L4 ANSWER 39 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 IT 321371-24-8P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation of thiazolidinediones as insulinotropics and insulin sensitizers)

RN 321371-24-8 HCAPLUS  
CN Tyrosine, O-[2-(5-ethyl-2-pyridinylethyl)-N-[[trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

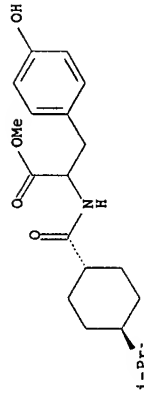
Relative stereochemistry.



IT 321371-23-7P  
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (preparation of thiazolidinediones as insulinotropics and insulin sensitizers)

RN 321371-23-7 HCAPLUS  
CN Tyrosine, N-[[trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

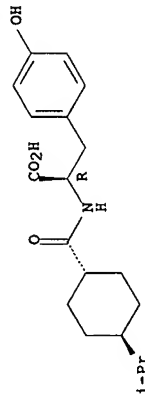
Relative stereochemistry.



L4 ANSWER 40 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
IT 183996-89-6P  
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); MEM (Metabolic formation); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); PREP (Preparation) (structure of metabolites of AY4166 as hypoglycemic (Erratum))

RN 183996-89-6 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Tyrosine, N-[[trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

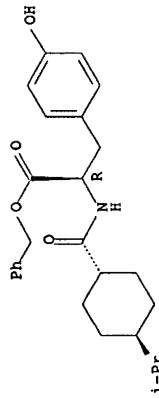
Absolute stereochemistry.



IT 183997-01-5P  
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (structure of metabolites of AY4166 as hypoglycemic (Erratum))

RN 183997-01-5 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Tyrosine, N-[[trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]-, phenylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

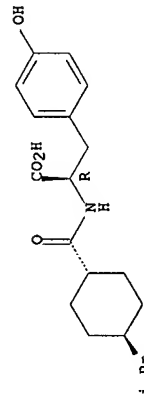


L4 ANSWER 41 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

IT 183996-89-6P  
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); MEM (Metabolic formation); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); PREP (Preparation) (structure of metabolites of AY4166 as hypoglycemic)

RN 183996-89-6 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Tyrosine, N-[[trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl]carbonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

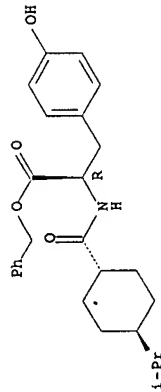


IT 183997-01-5P  
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (structure of metabolites of AY4166 as hypoglycemic)

RN 183997-01-5 HCAPLUS

CN D-Tyrosine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]-, phenylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

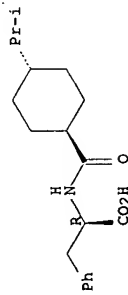


L4 ANSWER 42 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
IT 105816-04-4P

RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); PREP (Preparation)  
(Preparation of trans-4-isopropylcyclohexanecarboxylic acid chloride as intermediate for antidiabetic agent by chlorination of the acid with P chloride)

RN 105816-04-4 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

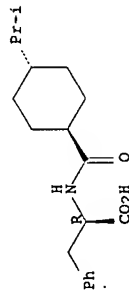


L4 ANSWER 43 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
IT 105816-04-4P

RL: PREP (Preparation)  
(Crystals, stable, preparation of)

RN 105816-04-4 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

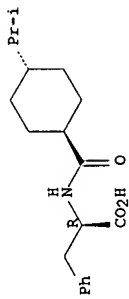


L4 ANSWER 44 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
IT 105816-04-4P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)  
(Preparation and hypoglycemic activity of)

RN 105816-04-4 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

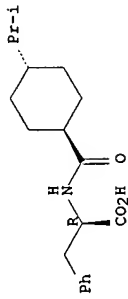


L4 ANSWER 45 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
IT 105816-04-4P 105816-05-5P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(Preparation of, as hypoglycemic)

RN 105816-04-4 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

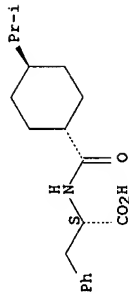
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 105816-05-5 HCAPLUS

CN L-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



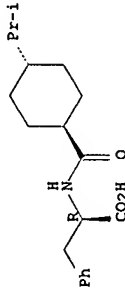
L4 ANSWER 46 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
IT 105816-04-4P 105816-05-5P



RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(preparation of, as hypoglycemic)

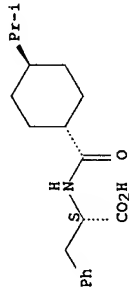
RN 105816-04-4 HCAPLUS  
CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 105816-05-5 HCAPLUS  
CN L-Phenylalanine, N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbonyl]- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 18:28:54 ON 02 MAY 2007)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 18:29:05 ON 02 MAY 2007  
STRUCTURE UPLOADED  
L1 5 S L1 SSS SAM  
L2 101 S L1 SSS FULL  
L3

FILE 'HAPLUS' ENTERED AT 18:29:57 ON 02 MAY 2007  
46 S L3/P

=> d 14 1-46 1b1b abs

L4 ANSWER 1 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:14393 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:163387

INVENTOR(S): Preparation of H type nateglinide crystal  
Chen, Songqian; Peng, Qianjian; Yu, Yingmin  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hangzhou Pollen Co., Ltd., Peop. Rep. China  
SOURCE: Faming Zhuanli Shengqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 5pp.  
CODEN: CNXXEV

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: Chinese  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE  
CN 1987858 A 20070103 CN 2006-10052617 20060721  
CN 2006-10052617 20060721

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: CASREACT 146:163387

OTHER SOURCE(S):  
AB The title method comprises the steps of: (1) condensing trans-4-isopropylcyclohexanecarbonyl chloride with D-phenylalanine to obtain crude crystal of B type nateglinide, (2) dissolving the crude crystal in the solution of methanol, aminomethane and water (volume ratio of 60:20:20), heating to 40-60°C, adding 2% active carbon, decoloring for 7-15 min, filtering, cooling to 10°C to precipitate, filtering, washing with 40% ethanol till neutral, and drying to obtain H type nateglinide crystal, and (3) recrystg. the mother solution to obtain H type nateglinide crystal. The product of H type nateglinide crystal has good physiol. activity.

L4 ANSWER 2 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:1339720 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:82189

TITLE: Preparation of L-threonine derivatives with high therapeutic index  
Chandran, V. Ravi

INVENTOR(S): USA  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 60pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.  
SOURCE: Ser. No. 343,557.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.

KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

US 2006287244 A1 20061221 US 2006-442027 20060526  
WO 2005046575 A2 20050526 WO 2004-US24901 20040729

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, GR, GU, HK, HU, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

RW: AZ, BY, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, GR, GU, HK, HU, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, GU, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CG, CI, CM, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

US 2006241017 A1 20061026 US 2006-343557 20060130

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 2003-491331P P 20030729

WO 2004-US24901 A2 20040729

US 2006-343557 A2 20060130

AB The invention is directed to novel therapeutic compds. comprised of an L-threonine bonded to a medicament or drug having a hydroxy, amino, carboxy or acylating function. These high-therapeutic index derivs. have the same utility as the drug from which they are made and they have enhanced pharmacol. and pharmaceutical properties, with the addnl. advantage of separating various enantiomeric and diastereomeric drugs into their individual isomers. The examples describe the synthesis and

activities of L-threonine derivs. of (+)- and (+)-(S)-ibuprofen, (+)- and (+)-(S)-ketoprofen, (-)-(S)-ketorolac, aspirin, and fenofibric acid. The synthesis and activity of several L-serine and L-hydroxyproline analogs were also described. Thus, the hydrochloride of (+)-(S)-ibuprofen ester of L-threonine was prepared, and its free base examined for analgesic, gastric mucosal irritation, toxicity, and pharmacokinetic properties.

## L4 ANSWER 3 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

2006:657506 HCAPLUS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:103952

TITLE: Process for the preparation of nateglinide, preferably

in B-form

INVENTOR(S): Viganò, Enrico; Pizzatti, Enrica; Lanfranconi, Simona;

Molteni, Renato; Landonio, Ernesto

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 22 pp.

SOURCE: CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2006148902	A1	20060706	US 2005-28283	20050103

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: CASREACT 145:103952

OTHER SOURCE(S):  
AB The invention relates to a process for the preparation of nateglinide, preferably in B-form, substantially free from the H-form, comprising three steps starting from (i) reaction in an organic solvent between D-phenylalanine Me ester or a salt and trans-4-isopropylcyclohexanecarboxylic acid in the presence of an acyl chloride or carbonyldiimidazole, optionally isolating the nateglinide Me ester obtained and re-dissolving it in a second organic solvent, (ii) addition of water and alkali hydroxide to the reaction mixture and separation of the aqueous phase containing the alkali salt of nateglinide, and (iii) addition of hydrochloric acid to the aqueous phase from step (ii) to obtain nateglinide. In an example, the reaction was carried out in acetone in the presence of triethylamine and Et chloroformate and hydrolysis of nateglinide Me ester was carried out using toluene, triethylmethyammonium chloride, and aqueous potassium hydroxide to afford nateglinide in B-form (130.44°C).

## L4 ANSWER 4 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

2006:328161 HCAPLUS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:173833

TITLE: Direct separation and enantioseparation of nateglinide

stereoisomers by HPLC

AUTHOR(S): Yin, Yanjie; Zhang, Qiming; Li, Huiyi; Ning, Baoming;

Liu, Wenyang; Tian, Songjiu

China Pharmaceutical University, Nanjing, 210009,

Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: Yaowu Fenxi Zazhi (2005), 25(6), 657-659

CODEN: YFZADL; ISSN: 0254-1793

PUBLISHER: Yaowu Fenxi Zazhi Bianji Weiyuanhui

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Chinese

AB An HPLC method was developed to sep. the enantiomers of nateglinide as well as trans-nateglinide and cis-nateglinide. The nateglinide

enantiomers, trans-nateglinide and cis-nateglinide were directly separated on a HPLC chiral stationary phase consisting of the Kromasil TBB with hexane-2-propanol-acetic acid (95:5:0.2) as eluent and a flow rate of 0.6 mL/min-1 at 258 nm and 20°C. Three kinds of Nateglinide could be completely separated, and the resolutions were 2.38 and 1.85, resp. The method can be used for separating the nateglinide enantiomers, trans-nateglinide and cis-nateglinide and determining content of nateglinide.

## L4 ANSWER 5 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

2005:1328488 HCAPLUS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:51894

TITLE: One-pot process for the preparation of nateglinide

INVENTOR(S): Kankan, Rajendra Narayanrao; Rao, Dharmaraj

Ramachandra; Singh, Manjinder; Birari, Dilip Ramdas

Cipla Limited, India; Wain, Christopher Paul

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 32 pp.

CODEN: PIXXDZ

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2005121071	A1	20051222	WO 2005-GB2267	20050608

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, GU, HK, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

RW: BW, GM, KE, LS, MW, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

AU 2005252002 A1 20051222 AU 2005-252002 20050608

CA 2570041 A1 20051222 CA 2005-2570041 20050608

EP 1765769 A1 20070328 EP 2005-750279 20050608

R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: GB 2004-13084 A 20040611

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 144:51894; MARPAT 144:51894

AB A one-pot process for the preparation of nateglinide is presented which comprises amidation of a Cl-4 alkyl ester of D-phenylalanine, either as the free base or in salt form (typically the hydrochloride), with trans-4-isopropylcyclohexanecarboxylic acid or its acid halides to obtain a Cl-4 alkyl ester of nateglinide, preferably the Me ester of nateglinide, followed by alkali (e.g., NaOH) saponification and acidification (e.g., HCl) to yield nateglinide (m.p. 128-131°).

REFERENCE COUNT: 6

THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

## L4 ANSWER 6 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

2005:1261034 HCAPLUS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:23128

TITLE: Stable nateglinide form b compositions via

crystallization  
 INVENTOR(S): Venkataraman, Sundaram; Narsapur, Sharat Pandurang;  
 Kharkar, Manoj Ramesh; Bangarubabu, Rongali; Sandeep,  
 Mohanty, Sayantani, Pyner, Raju, Kakariapudi, Ranga  
 Dr. Reddy's Laboratories Ltd., India; Dr. Reddy's  
 Laboratories, Inc.  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 14 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2

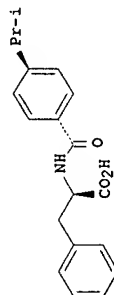
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2005113485	A2	20051201	WO 2005-US17664	20050520
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, ST, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW:	BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, BG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, CA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 2004-572689P P 20040520  
 US 2004-586431P P 20040708  
 US 2005-644614P P 20050118

GI



I

AB A process for preparing nateglinide Form B comprises dissolving nateglinide (I) in a solvent and adding the solution, at temps. of 40-45°C, to a hydrocarbon liquid that is at temps. of 40-45°C. Then, water is added and the mixture is allowed to cool, producing crystals of nateglinide Form B.

L4 ANSWER 7 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1240947 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:11582

TITLE: Process for the preparation of polymorphic crystalline forms of nateglinide ammonium salt  
 INVENTOR(S): Wizek, Shlomit; Frenkel, Gustavo; Gome, Boaz  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Teva Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd., Israel; Teva Pharmaceuticals Usa, Inc.  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 25 pp.

crystallization  
 INVENTOR(S): Venkataraman, Sundaram; Narsapur, Sharat Pandurang;  
 Kharkar, Manoj Ramesh; Bangarubabu, Rongali; Sandeep,  
 Mohanty, Sayantani, Pyner, Raju, Kakariapudi, Ranga  
 Dr. Reddy's Laboratories Ltd., India; Dr. Reddy's  
 Laboratories, Inc.  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 14 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2005110972	A1	20051124	WO 2005-US16343	20050509
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, ST, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW:	BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, BG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, CA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 2004-569047P P 20040507  
 WO 2005-US16343 W 20050509  
 AB Anti-hyperglycemic polymorphic crystalline forms of nateglinide ammonium salt are prepared

REFERENCE COUNT: 12

THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 8 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:841495 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:315230

TITLE: Synthesis of nateglinide analogs and their bioactivity determination

AUTHOR(S):

Zhang, Jianxin; Dong, Junjun; Han, Han; Gong, Zehui; Huang, Shijie; Liu, Keliang  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute of Pharmacology and Toxicology, Academy of Military Medical Sciences, Beijing, 100850, Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: Zhongguo Yaowu Huaxue Zazhi (2004), 14(6), 335-339, 362

CODEN: ZHYZEF; ISSN: 1005-0108

PUBLISHER: Zhongguo Yaowu Huaxue Zazhi Bianjibu

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Chinese

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 145:315230

AB Analogs of nateglinide [i.e., N-[(trans-4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)carbon v]]-D-phenylalanine] were synthesized, and their biol. activities were tested by glycemia levels in mice. The new comds. were synthesized using N-isopropylpiperazine, N-isopropyl-4-piperidinecarboxylic acid, trans-4-dimethylamino-1-cyclohexanecarboxylic acid and substituted phenylalanine as the starting materials. The biol. activities of the new comds. were tested by the glycemia levels in mice via drug administration

after forbitdence of food-intake and oral delivery of glucose. Forty-three new compds. were synthesized, and their structures were confirmed by elementary anal., IR, polarimetric anal., <sup>1</sup>H-NMR and MS. One compound, 4-fluoro-N-[(4-(1-methylethyl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonyl]-L-phenylalanine monohydrochloride, showed significant hypoglycemic effect on glycemia of mice, and had an (S)-configuration at the chiral center, which was opposite to the control.

L4 ANSWER 9 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:476519 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:97635  
TITLE: Improved process for the preparation of hypoglycemic agent nateglinide  
INVENTOR(S): Zhong, Bohua; Wu, Bo; Yan, Yuan  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Toxic Drug Inst., Academy of Military Medical Science, PLA, Peop. Rep. China  
SOURCE: Faming Zhuanli Shengqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, No pp.  
CODEN: CNXXEV  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: Chinese  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
CN 1517335	A	20040804	CN 2003-100559	20030117

PRIORITY APPL. INFO.: CN 2003-100559 20030117  
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 143:97635  
AB A scalable process for the preparation of nateglinide, a hypoglycemic agent, was reported. The key improvement is that the acylation of D-phenylalanine with 4-isopropylcyclohexanecarbonyl chloride was performed under a homogeneous condition using a mixture of dioxane or THF and H<sub>2</sub>O as solvent, largely increasing the yield. Other features include the use of cheap Pd/C instead of previously expensive PtO<sub>2</sub> as hydrogenation catalyst in the reduction of 4-isopropylbenzoic acid into 4-isopropylcyclohexanecarboxylic acid. Purification of nateglinide by recrystn. in petroleum ether, hexane and cyclohexane or their mixts. is claimed.

L4 ANSWER 10 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:476518 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:26875  
TITLE: Improved process for the preparation of hypoglycemic agent nateglinide  
INVENTOR(S): Zhu, Qin; Fan, Junfang; Shi, Mingfeng  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Shanghai Huashuo Medicine Science & Technology Development Co., Ltd., Peop. Rep. China  
SOURCE: Faming Zhuanli Shengqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, No pp.  
CODEN: CNXXEV  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: Chinese  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
CN 1517334	A	20040804	CN 2003-114970	20030117

PRIORITY APPL. INFO.: CN 2003-114970 20030117

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 143:26875  
AB A scalable process for the preparation of nateglinide, a hypoglycemic agent, was reported. The key improvement is that the acylation of D-phenylalanine with 4-isopropylcyclohexanecarbonyl chloride was performed under a homogeneous condition using a mixture of DMF and H<sub>2</sub>O as solvent, largely increasing the yield. Other features include the use of cheap Pd/C instead of previously expensive PtO<sub>2</sub> as hydrogenation catalyst in the reduction of 4-isopropylbenzoic acid into 4-isopropylcyclohexanecarboxylic acid.

L4 ANSWER 11 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:467801 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:7982  
TITLE: Process for the preparation of the crystalline B-form nateglinide from D-phenylalanine methyl ester and trans-4-isopropylcyclohexanecarboxylic acid  
INVENTOR(S): Vignani, Enrico; Pizzati, Enrica; Lanfranconi, Simona; Molteni, Renato; Landonio, Ernesto  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): A.M.S.A. Anonima Materie Sintetiche e Affini S.p.A., Italy  
SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 32 pp.  
CODEN: EPXXDM  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 1535900	A1	20050601	EP 2003-27114	20031126
EP 1535900	B1	20061227		

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK  
AT 349418 20070115 AT 2003-27114 A 20031126  
PRIORITY APPL. INFO.: EP 2003-27114 A 20031126

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 143:7982  
AB A process for the preparation of nateglinide comprises: (I) the amidation reaction in a first organic solvent between D-phenylalanine Me ester, or a salt, and trans-4-isopropylcyclohexanecarboxylic acid and an acyl chloride, or carbonyldiimidazole, to obtain the nateglinide Me ester; (Ia) optionally isolating the nateglinide Me ester and redissolving it in a second organic solvent to give a solution; (II) addition of water and alkali hydroxide to the reaction mixture coming from step (I) without isolating the nateglinide Me ester, or, if applicable, to the solution of step (Ia), and separation of the aqueous phase containing the alkali salt of nateglinide; (III) addition of hydrochloric acid to the aqueous phase coming from step (II) to obtain nateglinide, wherein the organic solvent employed in step (II) is a water non-miscible solvent.

REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 12 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:414565 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:482315  
TITLE: Preparation of alanine derivative as antidiabetics  
INVENTOR(S): Yang, Yushe; Tang, Lei; Ji, Ruyun; Chen, Kaixian  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Shanghai Institute of Pharmacy, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: Fanfing Zhuanli Shengqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 26 pp.

CODEN: CNXXEV

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE: Patent

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: Chinese

PATENT INFORMATION:

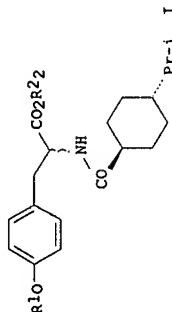
PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

CN 1431197 A 20030723 CN 2003-115160 20030124

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: CN 2003-115160 20030124

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 142:482315; MARPAT 142:482315

GI



AB Alanine derivs. I (R1 = 2-(1-indolyl)ethyl, 2-(N-(2-benzoxazolyl)-N-methyl)aminoethyl, 2-(N-methyl-N-(2-pyridinyl)aminoethyl, 2-(4-methyl-2-phenyl-4-oxazolyl)ethyl, 4-trifluoromethylbenzyl, benzyl; R2 = H, alkyl) is prepared by condensation reaction of trans-4-isopropylcyclohexanecarboxylic acid N-succinimidyl ester with L- or D-tyrosine Me ester in inert solvent to obtain 3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-2-(trans-isopropylcyclohexylcarboxamido)propanoic acid Me ester (II). Mitsunobu reaction with aromatic alc., and then hydrolysis with inorg. base solution. The method may be prepared by (1) etherification of II with alkyl halide in alkaline medium; (2) hydrolysis of II; or (3) condensation reaction of II with amino-protected 2-methylaminoethanol, condensation reaction with 2-fluoropyridine, and hydrolysis with base. The alanine derivative and its salt may be used to prepare the medical prepsns. for treating type II diabetes mellitus.

L4 ANSWER 13 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005-283370 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:331961

TITLE: Mechanism-based targeted pancreatic beta cell imaging

INVENTOR(S): Yang, David J.; Oh, Chang-sok; Kohanin, Saady; Yu,

Dong-Fang; Azhdarinia, Ali; Bryant, Jerry

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Board of Regents, the University of Texas System, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 67 pp.

CODEN: FIXX2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

WO 2005027981 A1 20050331 WO 2004-US30374 20040916

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, GU, HK, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PA, PE, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, SM, SN, SV, SW, SZ, TC, TD, TH, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

RW: AZ, BY, BG, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GN, GW, GM, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

AU 2004273911 A1 20050331 AU 2004-273911 20040916

CA 2539384 A1 20050331 CA 2004-2539384 20040916

US 2005100506 A1 20050512 US 2004-942615 20040916

EP 1675625 A1 20060705 EP 2004-788800 20040916

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK

BR 2004014512 A 20061107 BR 2004-14512 20040916

CN 1867363 A 20061122 CN 2004-80030089 20040916

JP 2007505915 T 20070315 JP 2006-527025 20040916

NO 2006001645 A 20060411 NO 2006-1645 20060411

NO 2003-503683P P 20030917

WO 2004-US30374 W 20040916

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

AB Comps. for imaging beta cells comprise chelator-antidiabetic agent conjugates and optionally chelated metals, are described. Examples of agents are 95mTc-DTPA conjugated to nateglinide, glipezide, glyburide or glimepiride.

REFERENCE COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 14 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:249676 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:88520

TITLE: Syntheses and hypoglycemia activities of

N-(trans-4-isopropylcyclohexyl-1-carbonyl)-D-phenylalanine

substituted phenylalanines

Pan, Man-gen; Liang, Yuan-jun; Li, Bi-hai; Zhong,

Bo-hua; Huang, Shi-jie; Gong, Ze-hui; Liu, Ke-liang

Institute of Pharmacology and Toxicology, Academy of

Military Medical Sciences, Beijing, 100850, Peop. Rep.

China

SOURCE: Zhongguo Yaowu Huaxue Zazhi (2003), 13(5), 249-253

CODEN: ZYHZEJ; ISSN: 1005-0108

PUBLISHER: Zhongguo Yaowu Huaxue Zazhi Bianjibu

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Chinese

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 144:88520

AB A series of title compds. were synthesized as nateglinide

(N-(trans-4-isopropylcyclohexyl-1-carbonyl)-D-phenylalanine) analogs by

condensation of substituted phenylalanine derivs. with

trans-4-isopropylcyclohexanecarbonyl chloride. 3-Fluoro-N-[(trans-4-(1-

methylthio)cyclohexyl]carbonyl-L-phenylalanine was prepared and showed

hypoglycemic activity comparable to that of nateglinide.

L4 ANSWER 15 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN



10/507255 SALTS OF NATEGLINIDE - STR salt Search

L4 ANSWER 17 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:55192 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:156316

TITLE: A saponification and neutralization process for the preparation of chirally pure nateglinide from its lower alkyl esters and nateglinide polymorphic crystalline modifications

INVENTOR(S): Gazdag, Maria; Gizur, Tibor; Hegedus, Bela; Szemzo, Attila; Tarkanyi, Gabor; Toerley, Jozsef; Babjak, Monika

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Richter Gedeon Vegyeszeti Gyar Rt., Hung.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 26 pp.

CODEN: FIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2005005373	A1	20050120	WO 2004-HU73	20040708
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TN, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RM:	BW, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CG, CI, CM, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
HU 200302174	A2	20050728	HU 2003-2174	20030710
EP 1651591	A1	20060503	EP 2004-743732	20040708
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK, HR			
US 2007043117	A1	20070222	US 2006-564017	20060515
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO:			HU 2003-2174	A 20030710
			WO 2004-HU73	W 20040708

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 142:156316  
 AB The preparation of chirally pure nateglinide by treating a nateglinide lower alkyl ester (e.g., Me ester) with an alkali base (e.g., sodium hydroxide) to yield an alkali salt and neutralizing liberating the salt by addition of an acid (e.g., aqueous HCl) is described as is the preparation of polymorphic crystalline modifications of nateglinide.

REFERENCE COUNT: 8  
 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 18 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:937572 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:317044

TITLE: An efficient large scale synthesis of nateglinide  
 AUTHOR(S): Chandrasekhar, Batchesu; Sawanth, Mangesh S.; Naik, Sameer J.; Gaikwad, Nandakumar B.; Kulkarni, Pramila V.; Bhirud, Shekar B.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Process Research and Development, Glenmark Research Centre, MIDC Mahape, Navi Mumbai, 400709, India

SOURCE: Organic Preparations and Procedures International (2004), 36(5), 459-467

10/507255 SALTS OF NATEGLINIDE - STR salt Search

CODEN: OPPIAK; ISSN: 0030-4948

PUBLISHER: Organic Preparations and Procedures, Inc.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

CASREACT 142:317044

AB Nateglinide was prepared as the desired H polymorph by reaction of trans-4-isopropylcyclohexanecarboxylic acid with CICOZET and treating the carbonate with D-phenylalanine.

REFERENCE COUNT: 55

THERE ARE 55 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 19 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:648495 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:157476

TITLE: Preparation of alanine compounds as antidiabetics

INVENTOR(S): Yang, Yushe; Tang, Lei; Ji, Ruyun; Chen, Kaixian  
 Shanghai Institute of Materia Medica, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 28 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

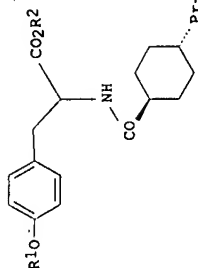
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Chinese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004067495	A1	20040812	WO 2003-CN96	20030128
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RM:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CG, CI, CM, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
AU 2003303815	A1	20040823	AU 2003-303815	20030128
EP 1591440	A1	20051102	EP 2003-815509	20030128
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK			
JP 2006513250	T	20060420	JP 2004-567216	20030128
US 2006154970	A1	20060713	US 2005-543091	20050722
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO:			WO 2003-CN96	A 20030128
OTHER SOURCE(S):			CASREACT 141:157476; MARPAT 141:157476	GI



AB Alanine compds. I (R1 = H, alkyl, Ph, aryl, heteroaryl, etc.; R2 = H, alkyl), useful for treatment of type II diabetes, are prepared Thus, (2S)-2-[N-(trans-4-isopropylcyclohexylcarbonyl)amino]-3-[4-[2-(5-methyl-2-phenyl-4-oxazolyl)ethoxy]phenyl]propionic acid was prepared and showed insulin sensitizer activity.

L4 ANSWER 20 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:203799 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:241062

TITLE: Process for the formation of a crystalline polymorphic form of nateglinide  
INVENTOR(S): Reguri, Buchi Reddy; Kadaboina, Rajasekhara; Polavarapu, Srinivas  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Reddy's Laboratories Limited, India; Reddy's Laboratories, Inc.  
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 29 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004020396	A1	20040311	WO 2003-US326880	20030827
W:	AB, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MM, MX, MY, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SN, SY, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GN, GW, GQ, GM, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
IN 2002MA00631	A	20050304	IN 2002-MA631	20020828
AU 2003262928	A1	20040319	AU 2003-262928	20030827
US 2004077725	A1	20040422	US 2003-649380	20030827
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			WO 2003-US26880	W 20030827

AB A crystalline polymorphic form of nateglinide are described and its X-ray diffraction pattern presented  
THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS  
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 21 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:203709 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:259085

TITLE: Preparation of nateglinide inclusion complexes with cyclodextrins and their use in pharmaceutical compositions

INVENTOR(S): Niu, Zhanqi; Wang, Lifang; Chen, Yujie; Shen, Dongmin  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Zhongqi Pharmaceutical Technology (Shijiazhuang) Co., Ltd., Peop. Rep. China  
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 19 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: Chinese  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004019989	A1	20040311	WO 2003-CN707	20030822
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MM, MX, MY, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GN, GW, GQ, GM, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
CN 1478470	A	20040303	CN 2002-132321	20020827
AU 2003255130	A1	20040319	AU 2003-255130	20020822
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			CN 2002-132321	A 20020827
			WO 2003-CN707	W 20030822

AB The invention relates to preparation of inclusion complexes of nateglinide, containing nateglinide and  $\beta$ -cyclodextrin and its derivatives, particularly to nateglinide- $\beta$ -cyclodextrin inclusion complexes. The preparing process comprises saturated solution method, ultrasonic method and grinding method. The inclusion complexes obtained have high stability and can be used in the manufacture of pharmaceutical formulations of nateglinide. For example, nateglinide- $\beta$ -cyclodextrin (1:2) inclusion complex prepared by grinding the mixture of 10 mL nateglinide (0.0031 mol) ethanol solution and  $\beta$ -cyclodextrin (0.0062 mol), was incorporated into tablets together with starch, crosslinked CMC and magnesium stearate.

REFERENCE COUNT: 2  
THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS  
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 22 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:182826 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:199745

TITLE: Synthesis and purification of nateglinide  
INVENTOR(S): Naik, Samir Jaivant; Kulkarni, Pramila Vijay; Gaikwad, Nandkumar Baburao; Sawant, Mangesh Shivram; Bhirud, Shekhar; Bhatu, Chandrasekhar  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Glenmark Pharmaceuticals Limited, India  
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 28 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1



## PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

WO 2004018408 A1 20040304 WO 2003-IB3270 20030812

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, GU, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

IN 2002MU00773 A 20040605 IN 2002-MU773 20020826

AU 2003263386 A 20040311 AU 2002-MU773 20030812

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: AU 2003-IB3270 W 20030812

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 140:199745; WARPAT 140:199745

AB N-[(trans-4-isopropylcyclohexyl)carbonyl]-D-phenylalanine (nateglinide) was prepared by reaction of trans-4-isopropylcyclohexylcarboxylic acid with an alkyl chloroformate in a ketonic solvent in the presence of a base at -20 to 30°C and reaction of the mixed anhydride product with an aqueous alkali salt solution of D-phenylalanine. An example shows the synthesis of nateglinide by using triethylamine and Et chloroformate in acetone (97% pure following HPLC).

REFERENCE COUNT: 1

THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 23 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:80637 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:151932

TITLE: Preparation of polymorphic forms of nateglinide

INVENTOR(S): Yabalomi, Ronit; Shapior, Evgeny; Dolitzky, Ben-zion;

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Teva Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd., Israel; Teva

SOURCE: Pharmaceutical Usa, Inc.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 4

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

WO 2004009532 A1 20040129 WO 2003-US22375 20030718

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, GU, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

## PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

US 2004152782 A1 20040805 US 2003-614266 20030703

US 6861553 B2 20050301 CA 2003-2492644 20030718

CA 2492644 A1 20040129 AU 2003-253971 20030718

AU 2003253971 A1 20040209 US 2003-623237 20030718

US 2004116526 A1 20040617 US 2003-623237 20030718

US 7148376 B2 20061212 EP 2003-765665 20030718

EP 1467964 A1 20041020 EP 2003-765665 20030718

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK

US 2005014949 A1 20050120 US 2003-623290 20030718

US 2005075400 A1 20060118 US 2003-622999 20030718

CA 1723190 A 20060406 CN 2003-821921 20030718

JP 2006511614 T 20060406 JP 2005-505521 20030718

CA 2313753 A1 20040812 CA 2004-2513753 20040113

WO 2004067496 A1 20040812 WO 2004-2513753 20040113

WO 2004067496 A9 20041209 WO 2004-US839 20040113

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, GU, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

EP 1511717 EP 20050309 EP 2004-701826 20040113

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK

CN 1835912 A 20060920 CN 2004-80005672 20040113

US 2007004804 A1 20070104 US 2006-516363 20060905

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2002-413622P P 20020718

US 2002-396904P P 20020925

US 2002-413622P P 20020925

US 2002-414199P P 20021105

US 2002-423750P P 20021105

US 2002-432093P P 20021210

US 2002-432962P P 20021210

US 2003-442109P P 20030123

US 2003-449791P P 20030224

US 2003-479016P P 20030616

US 2003-614266 A 20030703

US 2002-393495P P 20030703

US 2003-622905 A 20030718

US 2003-622999 A 20030718

WO 2003-0522375 W 20030718

WO 2003-693166 A 20031023

US 2003-746697 A 20031224

WO 2004-US839 W 20040113

AB The invention discloses the preparation of 26 characterized forms of nateglinide (forms A, C, D, E, G, I, J, K, L, M, N, O, P, Q, T, U, V, Y,  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ ,  $\gamma$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $\epsilon$ ,  $\sigma$ ,  $\theta$  and  $\phi$ ). Most of the forms are solvates (with the exception of forms L, P, U,  $\alpha$ ,  $\delta$  and  $\phi$ ). Polymorphic forms are characterized by their mp, DSC, XRPD, FTIR; form interconversion is also discussed. For example, D-phenylalanine is reacted with trans-[(4-isopropyl)cyclohexane]carbonylchloride (i. NaOHaq; i. H2SO4). The wet cake of nateglinide is dissolved in EtOAc, the aqueous phase is removed and the resulting solution heated to 50° under reduced pressure and added to hot heptane. The resulting solution is cooled and seeded with the B-form to afford the  $\delta$ -form (33% yield).

REFERENCE COUNT: 9

THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 24 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:41431 HCAPLUS

10/507255 SALTS OF NATEGLINIDE - STR salt Search

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:94292  
 TITLE: Process for preparing nateglinide and its intermediates  
 INVENTOR(S): Yahalom, Ronit; Shapiro, Evgeny; Dollitzky, Ben-zion; Gozian, Yigael  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Teva Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd., Israel; Teva Pharmaceuticals Usa, Inc.  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 31 pp.  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 4  
 PATENT INFORMATION: CODEN: PIXXD2

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004005240	A1	20040115	WO 2003-0521238	20030703
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BE, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NI, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CI, CM, CG, CN, CO, CR, CU, CY, DE, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, GU, HT, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NI, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
AU 2003256454	A1	20041222	AU 2003-256454	20030703
EP 1487782	A1	20041222	EP 2003-763310	20030703
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				
CN 1671649	A	20040617	CN 2003-817439	20030703
US 2004116526	B2	20040617	US 2003-623237	20030718
US 2005014949	A1	20050120	US 2003-623290	20030718
US 2005075400	A1	20050407	US 2003-821921	20030718
US 1723190	A	20060118	US 2006-516363	20060905
US 2007004804	A1	20070104	US 2002-393493P	P 20020703
PRIORITY APPL. INFO.: US 2002-393493P P 20020703				
US 2002-413622P P 20020925				
US 2002-414199P P 20020926				
US 2002-423750P P 20021105				
US 2002-432093P P 20021212				
US 2002-432962P P 20030123				
US 2003-442109P P 20030124				
US 2003-449791P P 20030616				
US 2003-479016P P 20030616				
WO 2003-0521238 W 20030703				
US 2003-622999 A1 20030718				

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 140:94292  
 AB A process for the preparation of nateglinide involves converting trans-4-isopropylcyclohexanecarboxylic acid into the acid chloride by reaction with thionyl chloride in the presence of an organic amide and acylation of a suitable salt of D-phenylalanine with the acid chloride in a single or two phase system or in water free of a co-solvent.  
 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

10/507255 SALTS OF NATEGLINIDE - STR salt Search

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:369757  
 TITLE: Process for the preparation of a crystal polymorphic form of N-(trans-4-isopropylcyclohexylcarbonyl)-D-phenylalanine (nateglinide)  
 INVENTOR(S): Chandrasekhar, Shanmugasamy; Aswathanarayanan, Rajamahendrak; Puthiarampill, Tom Thomas; Sridharan, Madhavan; Ganesh, Sambasivam  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Biocon India Limited, India  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 19 pp.  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION: CODEN: PIXXD2

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2003093222	A1	20031113	WO 2002-IN114	20020429
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BE, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, GU, HT, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NI, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
CA 2481322	A1	20031113	CA 2002-2481322	20020429
AU 2002304281	A1	20031117	AU 2002-304281	20020429
EP 1499586	A1	20050126	EP 2002-733208	20020429
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR				
HU 200500259	A2	20050628	HU 2005-259	20020429
US 2005165108	A1	20050728	US 2003-508364	20020429
JP 2005523933	T	20050811	JP 2004-501362	20020429
PRIORITY APPL. INFO.: WO 2002-IN114 W 20020429				
AB Novel polymorph. Form C of N-(trans-4-isopropylcyclohexylcarbonyl)-D-phenylalanine (i.e., nateglinide) is produced having a different IR spectrum and X-ray diffraction patterns (presented) from previously known forms of i.				

REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 26 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:837030 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:341723  
 TITLE: Novel nateglinide crystals  
 INVENTOR(S): Koguchi, Yoshinori; Nakao, Tomoko; Sumikawa, Michito  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ajinomoto Co., Inc., Japan  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 17 pp.  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION: CODEN: PIXXD2

## 10/507255 SALTS OF NATEGLINIDE - STR salt Search

PATENT NO. 2003087039  
 W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, GU, HK, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, PU, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

RM: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, GU, HU, IE, IT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, PU, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

AB A type crystal (powder X-ray diffraction main peaks: 4.4°, 5.2°, 15.7°, 18.5° (2 theta)), M type crystal (powder X-ray diffraction main peaks: 6.0°, 14.2°, 15.2°, 18.8° (2 theta)), and P type crystal (powder X-ray diffraction main peaks: 4.8°, 5.3°, 14.3°, 15.2° (2 theta)) of nateglinide, which are all novel crystals, can be prepared by a method comprising dissolving nateglinide in a solvent exhibiting high solubility for nateglinide and then adding a solvent exhibiting poor solubility for nateglinide or dissolving nateglinide in a mixed solvent comprising a solvent exhibiting high solubility for nateglinide and a solvent exhibiting poor solubility for nateglinide and then cooling the resulting nateglinide solution to precipitate crystals, subjecting the product to filtration, and then drying at a specific temperature. Nateglinide is a known antidiabetic.

REFERENCE COUNT: 10 THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 27 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:737716 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:230996  
 TITLE: Preparation and properties of nateglinide salts  
 INVENTOR(S): Sutton, Paul Allen; Vivilecchia, Richard Victor; Parker, David John; De La Cruz, Marilyn  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Novartis AG, Swiss.; Novartis Pharma GmbH  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 46 pp.  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

## 10/507255 SALTS OF NATEGLINIDE - STR salt Search

PATENT NO. 2003087039  
 W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, GU, HK, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, PU, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

RM: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, GU, HU, IE, IT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, PU, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

AB The invention relates to salts of nateglinide having specified properties (m.p., solubilities, X-ray diffraction patterns) for use in pharmaceutical compns. for preventing or treating diabetes, cardiovascular diseases, etc. Nateglinide Na, K, Ca, Mg, N-methyl-D-glucamine, TRIS, lysine, and ammonium salts were prepared and their properties tabulated.

REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 28 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:76738 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:137033  
 TITLE: Oxidative process and catalysts for the manufacture of para-substituted benzoic acids from their corresponding aldehydes  
 INVENTOR(S): Girgis, Michael John; Shekhar, Ratna  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Novartis AG, Swiss.  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 15 pp.  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. 2003087039  
 W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, GU, HK, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, PU, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

RM: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, GU, HU, IE, IT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, PU, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

AB A low-temperature process for preparing aromatic acids 4-(R1R2CH)C6H4CO2H [R1, R2 = H,

C1-8 (un)branched alkyl, cycloalkyl; e.g., 4-isopropylbenzoic acid) comprises oxidizing the corresponding aromatic aldehyde 4-(R1R2CH)C6H4CHO (e.g., 4-isopropylbenzaldehyde) with a gas having an oxygen content of 1-100% at 20° to <100° in the presence of a supported Group VIII metal catalyst (e.g., Pt/C), and using a solvent having a flash point >95°C and/or a m.p. <55°, provided that the flash point of the solvent is greater than the reaction temperature

L4 ANSWER 29 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:62632 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:73015

TITLE: Synthesis process for trans-4-

isopropylcyclohexanecarboxylic acid

Gu, Lianquan; An, Linkun; Ma, Lin; Guo, Xindong;

Huang, Zhishu

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Zhongshan Univ., Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: Faming Zhuanli Shengqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 6 pp.

CODEN: CNXXEV

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Chinese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
CN 1319583	A	20011031	CN 2001-107459	20010116
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			CN 2001-107459	20010116
OTHER SOURCE(S):			CASREACT 138:73015	
AB			The process comprises hydrogenating cumic acid in acetic acid in the presence of PtO <sub>2</sub> , recovering solvent, treating with 10-35% inorg. base (such as Ba(OH) <sub>2</sub> , Mg(OH) <sub>2</sub> , KOH or NaOH) solution at 50-150° for 10-20 h, neutralizing with HCl to pH 2, crystallizing, filtering, and recrystg. in methanol.	

L4 ANSWER 30 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:30017 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:210299

TITLE: Study on separation of cis-isomer of nateglinide by

high-pressure liquid chromatographic method

Yan, Xiaoyan; Hu, Xin; Cao, Guoying; He, Xiaorong;

Yin, Qi

CORPORATE SOURCE: Beijing Hospital, Ministry of Public Health, Beijing,

100730, Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: Zhongguo Yaoxue Zazhi (Beijing, China) (2002), 37(6),

444-446

CODEN: ZYXAEU; ISSN: 1001-2494

PUBLISHER: Zhongguo Yaoxue Zazhishe

LANGUAGE: Chinese

AB A high-pressure liquid chromatog. method for the separation of cis-isomer of nateglinide was established on Phenomenex Luna C18 column (5 µm, 4.6 mm x 250 mm) with UV detection at 214 nm and room temperature. The mobile phase consisted of (A) acetonitrile and (B) 0.03 mol l<sup>-1</sup> phosphate buffer (pH 2.5, 65:35, volume/volume). The resolution factors were at least 1.5. The limits of detection and quantitation limit was 0.06 and 0.18 µg ml<sup>-1</sup>, resp. The method is useful in separation and determination of the cis-isomer from nateglinide.

L4 ANSWER 31 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:609152 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:254901

TITLE: A new synthesis method of nateglinide as antidiabetic

drug

AUTHOR(S): Wang, Dun; Liang, Yiheng; Gong, Ping; Zhao, Yanfang

CORPORATE SOURCE: School of Pharmaceutical Engineering, Shenyang

Pharmaceutical University, Shenyang, 110016, Peop.

Rep. China

SOURCE: Zhongguo Yaowu Huaxue Zazhi (2002), 12(2), 94-96

CODEN: ZYHZEJ; ISSN: 1005-0108

PUBLISHER: Zhongguo Yaowu Huaxue Zazhi Bianjibu

LANGUAGE: Chinese

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 138:254901

AB A new antidiabetic drug-nateglinide was synthesized from isopropylbenzene by Friedel-Crafts reaction, chloroform reaction, catalytic hydrogenation to obtain trans-4-isopropylhexanecarboxylic acid, acylation of D-phenylalanine Et ester, hydrolysis to obtain nateglinide B-type crystal, and crystal-conversion. The total yield was 9.8%.

L4 ANSWER 32 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:332157 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:340988

TITLE: Process for producing B-form nateglinide crystals

Nishikawa, Michito; Maruo, Makoto; Miyazaki, Kazuo;

Ajinomoto Co., Inc., Japan

PCT Int. Appl., 9 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

LANGUAGE: Patent

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002034713	A1	20020502	WO 2001-JP9293	20011023
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GR, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MN, MW, MX, MY, NZ, NO, NZ, PA, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, CN, CO, GO, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
AU 200196001	A	20020506	AU 2001-96001	20011023
CA 2426745	A1	20030423	CA 2001-2426745	20011023
EP 1334364	A1	20030813	EP 2001-976819	20011023
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, FI, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR			
BR 2001014846	A	20040225	BR 2001-14846	20011023
RU 2275354	C2	20060427	RU 2003-111948	20030424
US 200329249	A1	20031211	US 2003-421888	20030424
IN 2003CN00609	A	20050415	IN 2003-CN609	20030424
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2000-324375	A 20001024
			WO 2001-JP9293	W 20011023

10/507255 SALTS OF NATEGLINIDE - STR salt Search

AB A process for producing B-form nateglinide crystals containing substantially no H-form crystals comprises the steps of drying wet crystals of a nateglinide solvate at a low temperature until the solvent disappears and then causing them to undergo a crystal transition. Nateglinide is a known antidiabetic. By this process, B-form nateglinide crystals can be produced on an industrial scale.

REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 33 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:314896 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:325825  
TITLE: Process for producing nateglinide crystals  
INVENTOR(S): Takahashi, Daisuke; Nishi, Seichi; Takahashi, Satoru  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ajinomoto Co., Inc., Japan  
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 14 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: Japanese  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002032854	A1	20020425	WO 2001-JP9069	20011016
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NZ, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
AU 200194265	A	20020429	AU 2001-94265	20011016
CA 2425538	A1	20030410	CA 2001-2425538	20011016
EP 1334963	A1	20030813	EP 2001-974875	20011016
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR			
BR 200104729	A	20031014	BR 2001-14729	20011016
RU 2273629	C2	20060410	RU 2003-111021	20011016
CN 1769263	A	20060510	CN 2005-10118852	20011016
TW 251588	B	20060321	TW 2001-90125697	20011017
IN 2003CN00537	A	20050415	IN 2003-CN537	20030411
US 2004030182	A1	20040212	US 2003-418105	20030418
US 7208622	B2	20070424	JP 2000-317604	A 20001018
			CN 2001-820658	A3 20011016
			WO 2001-JP9069	W 20011016

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 136:325825  
AB A process for producing nateglinide crystals comprises reacting trans-4-isopropylcyclohexyl carbonyl chloride with D-phenylalanine in a mixed solvent consisting of a ketone solvent and water in the presence of an alkali to obtain a reaction mixture containing nateglinide, adding an acid to the reaction mixture to make it acidic, and regulating (a) the temperature to 58° to 72° and (b) the ketone solvent concentration to > 8 weight% and < 22 weight%, to conduct crystallization. Nateglinide is a known antidiabetic.

10/507255 SALTS OF NATEGLINIDE - STR salt Search

The process is an industrially advantageous method for crystallizing nateglinide.

REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 34 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:314895 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:340997  
TITLE: Process for preparation of acylphenylalanines  
INVENTOR(S): Sumikawa, Michio; Ohgane, Takao  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ajinomoto Co., Inc., Japan  
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 14 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: Japanese  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002032853	A1	20020425	WO 2001-JP9068	20011016
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, NZ, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
AU 200194264	A	20020429	AU 2001-94264	20011016
CA 2425533	A1	20030410	CA 2001-2425533	20011016
EP 1334962	A1	20030813	EP 2001-974874	20011016
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR			
BR 2001014728	A	20031014	BR 2001-14728	20011016
RU 2287520	C2	20061120	RU 2003-111012	20011016
TW 575541	B	20040211	TW 2001-90125695	20011017
IN 2003CN00536	A	20050415	IN 2003-CN536	20030411
US 2004024219	A1	20040205	US 2003-418102	20030418
US 7030268	B2	20060418	US 2005-319177	20051228
US 2006155143	A1	20060713	JP 2000-317603	A 20001018
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			WO 2001-JP9068	W 20011016
			US 2003-418102	A1 20030418

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 136:340997  
AB This document discloses a process for preparing easily and simply high-purity acylphenylalanines extremely useful as raw materials of drugs or the like, characterized by reacting an acid chloride with phenylalanine in a mixed solvent consisting of an organic solvent and water under conditions made alkaline with potassium hydroxide.

REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

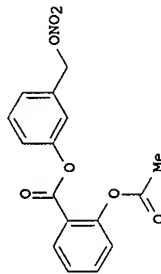
L4 ANSWER 35 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:293592 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:323420  
TITLE: Drugs for diabetes, especially type 2, comprising an

antiinflammatory or analgesic drug, selected bivalent  
linkers, and a nitrate ester  
Inventor(s):  
Del Soldato, Piero  
Patent Assignee(s):  
Nicox S.A., Fr.  
Source:  
PCR Int. Appl., 66 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2

Document Type:  
PatentLanguage:  
EnglishFamily Acc. Num. Count:  
1

Patent Information:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002030867	A2	20020418	WO 2001-EP11665	20011009
WO 2002030867	A3	20020725		
W:	AE, AG, AL, AU, BA, BB, BG, BR, BZ, CA, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DM, DZ, EE, GD, GE, GR, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KR, LC, LK, LR, LT, LV, MA, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, SG, SI, SK, TM, TJ, UA, US, VZ, YU, ZA, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BU, CF, CG, CI, CH, CN, GM, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
IT 2000M12201	A1	20020412	IT 2000-M12201	20010112
IT 1319201	B1	20030926		
CA 2425655	A1	20020418	CA 2001-2425655	20011009
AU 200214006	A	20020422	AU 2002-14006	20011009
EP 1324974	A2	20030709	EP 2001-982414	20011009
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR			
JP 2004511456	T	20040415	JP 2002-534256	20011009
US 2004023990	A1	20040205	US 2003-398511	20030411
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			IT 2000-M12201	A 20010112
			WO 2001-EP11665	W 20011009
OTHER SOURCE(S):				
GI			MARPAT 136:325420	



II

AB Useful for the treatment of diabetes, particularly type 2, are compds. or salts thereof, having the following general formula A-(B)n-(C)m-NO2 [I; wherein A = radical of a drug having an antiinflammatory or analgesic activity; B = bivalent linking group wherein the precursor must meet certain tests described in the application; C = another defined bivalent linking group; n and m = 0 or 1, provided that (n + m) = 1 or 2]. I can be used in conjunction with other antidiabetic drugs, particularly insulin. I increase the direct antidiabetic effect of insulin, and reduce complications of diabetes, particularly vascular diseases, retinopathies, neuropathies, etc.. The values of n and m, i.e., the presence or absence

of bivalent linkers B and C, alone or in combination, are based on performance of the precursors of the linkers in certain tests (no data). These tests are designated as follows: (test 4A): inhibition by > 15% of hemolysis of rat erythrocytes induced by cumene hydroperoxide; (test 5): inhibition of radical production by  $\geq 50\%$  in the oxidative degradation of desoxyribose in aqueous  $\text{Fe}^{2+}(\text{NH}_4)_2(\text{SO}_4)_2/\text{thiobarbituric acid solution}$ ; and

(test 4): inhibition by  $\geq 50\%$  of DPPH-induced radical production in MeOH solution. For instance, acetylsalicylic acid chloride was esterified with 3-(hydroxymethyl)phenol (80%), followed by nitration of the resultant Ph ester with  $\text{HNO}_3/\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$  (82%), to give invention compound II, which is thus the 3-(nitroxymethyl)phenyl ester of aspirin. When tested on isolated aorta from insulin-resistant rats, compound II at a concentration of 10-4 M gave 70% vasorelaxation, relative to non-insulin-resistant controls. This effect was unchanged by the presence or absence of the irreversible NO synthetase inhibitor L-NAME. In contrast, both Na nitroprussiate and the indomethacin analog of II, known NO donors, were inactive, and the antidiabetic drug metformin was inactivated by L-NAME.

L4 ANSWER 36 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002-174779 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:370326

TITLE: Synthesis of [14C]- and [3H]DUN608 (STARLIX)

AUTHOR(S): Ray, T.; Ciszewska, G.; Wu, A.; Jones, L.

CORPORATE SOURCE: DMPK-Isotope Section, Novartis Pharmaceuticals, E.

SOURCE: Hanover, NJ, USA

Synthesis and Applications of Isotopically Labeled Compounds, Proceedings of the International Symposium, 7th, Dresden, Germany, June 18-22, 2000 (2001), Meeting Date 2000, 228-231. Editor(s): Pleiss, Ulrich; Voges, Rolf. John Wiley & Sons Ltd.: Chichester, UK.

CODEN: 69C1JC; ISBN: 0-471-49501-8

DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 137:370326

AB A novel oral medication for treating type 2 diabetes is trans-N-[(4-(1-methylethyl)cyclohexyl)-carbonyl]-D-phenylalanine, DUN608 [Starlix]. The key step in the synthesis of [14C]DUN608 was the catalytic reduction of [carboxy-14C]cuminic acid in the presence of PtO2 at 55 psi of hydrogen in acetic acid to give cis/trans-4-isopropylcyclohexane-[14C]carboxylic acid in 3:1 ratio. Alternatively methods for preparing this mixture of cis- and trans- acids (3:1) are presented. Tritiated DUN608 was prepared by reduction of the corresponding chloro derivative with tritium gas in the presence of 10% palladium on carbon.

REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 37 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002-130037 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:325603

TITLE: Synthesis of Nateglinide

AUTHOR(S): Zhu, Xue-yun; Peng, Ka; Wang, Xiao-qin; Yang, Li-ping

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., East China Normal Univ., Shanghai, 200062, Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: Hengsheng Huaxue (2001), 9(6), 537-540

CODEN: HEHUEZ; ISSN: 1005-1511

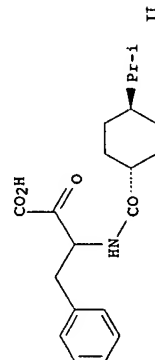
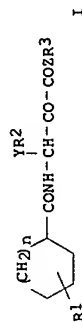
10/507255 SALTS OF NATEGLINIDE - STR salt Search

PUBLISHER: Hecheng Huaxue Bianjibu  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: Chinese  
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 137:325603  
AB Title compound, a new antidiabetes medicine, was synthesized from iso-propylbenzene in seven steps, giving the product with overall yield 22%.

L4 ANSWER 38 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:38482 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:100592  
TITLE: Preparation and effect of cycloalkylcarboxamide derivatives as cysteine protease inhibitors  
INVENTOR(S): Sato, Masaaki; Nakoyama, Harunobu; Kobayashi, Junichi; Tsuyuki, Shogo; Tokutake, Katsunori; Akabane, Satoshi  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Kissei Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan  
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 27 pp.  
CODEN: JKKXAF  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: Japanese  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2001011037	A	20010116	JP 1999-188275	19990701
PRIORITY APPL. INFO.:			JP 1999-188275	19990701
OTHER SOURCE(S):			MARPAT 134:100592	

GI

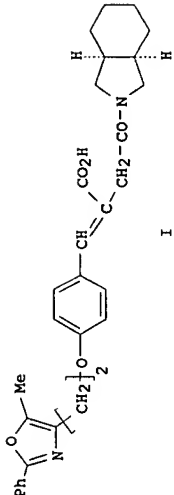


AB Title compds. [I; R1 = alkyl; Y = alkylene; R2 = OH, aryl, aryl alkoxy; R3 = H, alkyl, aryl, pyridyl, arylalkyl, pyridylalkyl; Z = O, NH; n = integer 1-3] and stereoisomers are prepared and possesses the cysteine protease

10/507255 SALTS OF NATEGLINIDE - STR salt Search

inhibitory effect. Title compds. are useful in prevention of arthritis, Alzheimer's disease, rheumatism and osteoporosis. Thus, the title compound II was prepared and tested.

L4 ANSWER 39 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:840649 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:110109  
TITLE: Hybridization of non-sulfonylurea insulin secretagogue and thiazolidinedione-derived insulin sensitizer  
AUTHOR(S): Kitajima, Hiroshi; Nakamura, Mitsuharu; Tanakawa, Hiroki; Goto, Nobuharu  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Discovery Research, Welfide Corporation, Hitakata, 573-1153, Japan  
SOURCE: Biorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters (2000), 10(21), 2453-2456  
CODEN: BMCLEB; ISSN: 0960-894X  
PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science Ltd.  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English  
GI



AB Hybrid compds. of non-sulfonylurea insulinotropic agents and thiazolidinedione-derived insulin-sensitizing agents were designed and synthesized. The benzylidenesuccinic acid derivative I was equal both to nateglinide in potency of insulin-releasing activity and to pioglitazone in insulin-sensitizing activity.

REFERENCE COUNT: 19  
THERE ARE 19 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 40 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:228845 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:220267  
TITLE: Structure determination of metabolites isolated from urine and bile after administration of AV4166, a novel D-phenylalanine-derivative hypoglycemic agent. [Erratum to document cited in CA126:325]  
AUTHOR(S): Takesada, Hiroko; Matsuda, Keizo; Ohtake, Ryoko; Mihara, Ryuichi; Ono, Ichiro; Tanaka, Kenzo; Naito, Masaki; Yatagai, Masanobu; Suzuki, Ei-Ichiro  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Central Research Laboratories, Ajinomoto Co., Inc., Kawasaki, 210, Japan  
SOURCE: Biorganic & Medicinal Chemistry (1997), 5(3), 637  
CODEN: BMCLEB; ISSN: 0968-0896  
PUBLISHER: Elsevier  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

## LANGUAGE:

English

AB On page 1771 (column 2, line 26) and 1772 (column 1, line 2), the functional group of M2 in Figure 1, which was converted from one of two methyl groups of AY4166, should read hydroxymethyl instead of methoxyl. On page 1776, column 2, in the parentheses of the fourth line from last, 60 mg/kg should read 60 mg/man.

L4 ANSWER 41 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:702133 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:325

TITLE: Structure determination of metabolites isolated from urine and bile after administration of AY4166, a novel D-phenylalanine-derivative hypoglycemic agent

AUTHOR(S): Takesada, Hiroko; Matsuda, Keizor; Ohtake, Ryoko; Mihara, Ryuichi; Ono, Ichiro; Tanaka, Kenzo; Naito, Masaaki; Yatagai, Masanobu; Suzuki, Ei-ichiro  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Central Research Laboratories, Ajinomoto Co., Inc., Kawasaki, 210, Japan  
 SOURCE: Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry (1996), 4(10), 1771-1781  
 CODEN: BMECEP; ISSN: 0968-0896

## PUBLISHER:

Elsevier

## DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

## LANGUAGE:

English

AB Mol. structures of 10 metabolites, which were isolated from urine (M1-M8) or bile (M9 and M10) after administration of AY4166 (N-(trans-4-isopropylcyclohexanecarbonyl)-D-phenylalanine), with hypoglycemic activity, were elucidated by mass spectrometry and NMR. Four of these (M1, M2, M3 and M8) were hydroxyl derivs. of AY4166, 2 (M9 and M10) were carboxylate derivs. via oxidation of M2 and M3, 3 (M4, M5 and M6) were glucuronic acid conjugates and the other (M7) was a dehydro derivative. The structures for M1, M2, M3, M7, M8, M9 and M10 were confirmed by the coincidence of the retention time of HPLC, MS and <sup>1</sup>H-NMR spectra between the isolated metabolites and authentic synthesized substances. For 3 glucuronic acid conjugates, M4, M5 and M6, structural confirmation was performed by a selective enzymic digestion with  $\beta$ -glucuronidase. M1 and M2/3 were about 5-6 and 3-fold less potent than AY4166, resp., and M7 was almost as potent as AY4166.

L4 ANSWER 42 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:468619 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:53430

TITLE: Preparation of trans-4-isopropylcyclohexanecarboxylic acid chloride

INVENTOR(S): Matsuzawa, Toshihiro; Irie, Yasuo

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ajinomoto KK, Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 3 pp.

CODEN: JKKXAF

## DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

## LANGUAGE:

Japanese

## FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

1

## PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 07017899	A	19950120	JP 1993-163426	19930701
			JP 1993-163426	19930701

## PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 123:55430

AB The title compound (I), useful as an intermediate for antidiabetic

N-(trans-4-isopropylcyclohexanecarbonyl)-D-phenylalanine, is prepared by treatment of trans-4-isopropylcyclohexanecarboxylic acid (II) with P chloride. II was treated with PCl5 in 1,2-dichloroethane at 40° for 3 h to give 94% I and 0% the cis-isomer, whereas cis-isomer was detected, when SOCl2 was used instead of PCl5.

L4 ANSWER 43 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:261002 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 118:261002

TITLE: Stable crystals of N-(trans-4-isopropylcyclohexanecarbonyl)-D-phenylalanine

INVENTOR(S): Sumikawa, Michito; Koguchi, Yoshihito; Ohgane, Takao; Irie, Yasuo; Takahashi, Satoji

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ajinomoto Co., Inc., Japan

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 14 pp.

CODEN: EFXADM

## DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

## LANGUAGE:

English

## FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

2

## PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 526171	A2	19930203	EP 1992-306895	19920729
EP 526171	A3	19930305		
EP 526171	B1	19970305		
JP 05208943	A	19930820	JP 1992-202686	19920729
JP 2508949	B2	19960619		
AT 149483	T	19970315	AT 1992-306895	19920729
ES 2100291	T3	19970616	ES 1992-306895	19920729
CA 2114678	A1	19950802	CA 1994-2114678	19940201
CA 2114678	C	19990427		

## PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

AB Stable H-type crystals of N-(trans-4-isopropylcyclohexanecarbonyl)-D-phenylalanine (I) are obtained by treating I with a solvent, at >10°. A solution of 5 g I in 20 mL acetone was added to a stirred mixture of 40 mL acetone and 60 mL water, at 25° to precipitate H-type crystals. The crystals have different m.p., IR spectrum and x-ray diffraction patterns from known forms of I and are not converted to other forms when ground.

L4 ANSWER 44 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:458305 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 111:58305

TITLE: N-(Cyclohexylcarbonyl)-D-phenylalanines and related compounds. A new class of oral hypoglycemic agents.

AUTHOR(S): Shinkai, Hisashi; Nishikawa, Masahiko; Sato, Yusuke; Ito, Koji; Kumashiro, Izumi; Seto, Toshiko; Fukuma, Mariko; Dan, Katsuki; Toyoshima, Shigeshi

CORPORATE SOURCE: Cent. Res. Lab., Ajinomoto Co., Inc., Kawasaki, 210, Japan

## SOURCE:

Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1989), 32(7), 1436-41

## DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

## LANGUAGE:

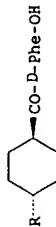
English

## OTHER SOURCE(S):

CASREACT 111:58305



GI



I

AB A series of analogs, e.g., I (R = alkyl, Ph), of N-(cyclohexylcarbonyl)-D-phenylalanine have been synthesized and evaluated for their hypoglycemic activity. Relationships were studied between the activity and the three-dimensional structure of the acyl moiety, which was characterized by high-resolution <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectroscopy and MD0 calcs. The role of the carboxyl group of the phenylalanine moiety was also studied by comparing the activities of the enantiomers, the decarboxyl derivative, the esters, and the amides of the phenylalanine derivs. Thus, the structural requirements for possessing hypoglycemic activity was elucidated and a highly active compound, N-[(trans-4-isopropylcyclohexyl)carbonyl]-D-phenylalanine (I, R = CHMe2) was obtained, which showed a 20% blood glucose decrease at an oral dose of 1.6 mg/kg in fasted normal mice.

L4 ANSWER 45 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1987:85057 HCAPLUS  
Correction of: 1987:19047  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 106:85057

Correction of: 106:19047

TITLE: Preparation of D-phenylalanine derivatives and their use as hypoglycemic agents  
INVENTOR(S): Toyoshima, Shigeshi; Seto, Yoshiko; Shinkai, Hisashi; Toi, Koji; Kumashiro, Izumi  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ajinomoto Co., Inc., Japan  
SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 25 pp.  
CODEN: EPXXDM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 196222	A2	19861001	EP 1986-302217	19860326
EP 196222	A3	19880224		
EP 196222	B1	19920129		
JP 63054321	A	19880308	JP 1986-61833	19860319
JP 04015221	B	19920317	US 1988-146719	19880121
US 4816484	A	19890328	US 1993-157564	19931123
US 34878	E	19950314	JP 1985-62276	A 19850327
			JP 1986-38111	A1 19860222
			US 1986-844970	A3 19860327
			US 1988-146719	A5 19880121
			US 1989-844970	B3 19890327

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 106:85057; HCAPAT 106:85057

AB D-Phenylalanine derivs. D-R2CONR3CH(CO2R1)CH2Ph [I; R1 = H, Cl-5 alkyl, C6-12 aryl or aralkyl, Q, CH2CO2R3, CHMeOCOR3, CH2OCOCMe3; R2 = (un)substituted C6-12 aryl, 5- or 6-membered heterocyclyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl; R3 = H, Cl-5 alkyl], their salts, and precursors which can be converted thereto in the human or animal body, useful as hypoglycemics, were prepared via conventional N-acylating reactions. D-Phenylalanine in 10% aqueous NaOH was successively treated with Me2CO, 4-EtC6H4COCl in Me2CO, and 10% aqueous NaOH to give 83% acylphenylalanine D-II. At 25 mg/kg in mice, D-II decreased blood glucose 34% in 60 min.

Page 105 searched 5/2/07

10/507255 SALTS OF NATEGLINIDE - STR salt Search

be converted thereto in the human or animal body, useful as hypoglycemics, were prepared via conventional N-acylating reactions. D-Phenylalanine in 10% aqueous NaOH was successively treated with Me2CO, 4-EtC6H4COCl in Me2CO, and 10% aqueous NaOH to give 83% acylphenylalanine D-II. At 25 mg/kg in mice, D-II decreased blood glucose 34% in min.

L4 ANSWER 46 OF 46 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1987:19047 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 106:19047

TITLE: Preparation of D-phenylalanine derivatives and their use as hypoglycemic agents

INVENTOR(S): Toyoshima, Shigeshi; Seto, Yoshiko; Shinkai, Hisashi; Toi, Koji; Kumashiro, Izumi  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ajinomoto Co., Inc., Japan  
SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 25 pp.  
CODEN: EPXXDM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 196222 A2		19861001	EP 1986-302217	19860326
R: CH, DE, FR, GB, LI				
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: GI			JP 1985-62276	19850327

Q

III

AB D-Phenylalanine derivs. D-R2CONR3CH(CO2R1)CH2Ph [I; R1 = H, Cl-5 alkyl, C6-12 aryl or aralkyl, Q, CH2CO2R3, CHMeOCOR3, CH2OCOCMe3; R2 = (un)substituted C6-12 aryl, 5- or 6-membered heterocyclyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl; R3 = H, Cl-5 alkyl], their salts, and precursors which can be converted thereto in the human or animal body, useful as hypoglycemics, were prepared via conventional N-acylating reactions. D-Phenylalanine in 10% aqueous NaOH was successively treated with Me2CO, 4-EtC6H4COCl in Me2CO, and 10% aqueous NaOH to give 83% acylphenylalanine D-II. At 25 mg/kg in mice, D-II decreased blood glucose 34% in 60 min.

Page 106 searched 5/2/07